



STAATSKOERANT VAN DIE REPUBLIEK VAN SUID-AFRIKA

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GOEWERMENSKENNISGEWINGS

DEPARTEMENT VAN HANDEL EN VERBRUIKERSAKE

No. R. 1384

4 Julie 1980

UITVOER VAN INGEMAAKTE VRUGTE

Ek, Schalk Willem van der Merwe, Minister van Handel en Verbruikersake, wysig hiermee Goewermenskennisgewing R. 723 van 14 April 1978, uitgevaardig kragtens artikel 8 van die Wet op Uitvoerbemarking van Ingemaakte Vrugte, 1967 (Wet 100 van 1967), deur die Bylae daarby met die volgende Bylae te vervang:

"BYLAE

Alle lande buite die Republiek van Suid-Afrika en Suidwes-Afrika met uitsondering van Botswana, Lesotho, Swaziland, Zimbabwe, Malawi, Zambië, Transkei, Bophuthatswana en Venda.”.

S. W. VAN DER MERWE, Minister van Handel en Verbruikersake.

DEPARTEMENT VAN MANNEKRAG-BENUTTING

No. R. 1367

4 Julie 1980

WET OP NYWERHEIDSVERSOENING, 1956 TABAKNYWERHEID (TRANSVAAL).— WYSIGING VAN OOREENKOMS

Ek, Stephanus Petrus Botha, Minister van Mannekragbenutting, verklaar hierby—

(a) kragtens artikel 48 (1) (a) van die Wet op Nywerheidsversoening, 1956, dat die bepalings van die Ooreenkoms (hierna die Wysigingsooreenkoms genoem) wat in die Bylae hiervan verskyn en op die Tabaknywerheid betrekking het, met ingang van die

GOVERNMENT NOTICES

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND CONSUMER AFFAIRS

No. R. 1384

4 July 1980

EXPORT OF CANNED FRUIT

I, Schalk Willem van der Merwe, Minister of Commerce and Consumer Affairs, hereby amend Government Notice R. 723 of 14 April 1978 promulgated in terms of section 8 of the Canned Fruit Export Marketing Act, 1967 (Act 100 of 1967), by substituting the following Schedule for the Schedule thereto:

"SCHEDULE

All countries outside the Republic of South Africa and South West Africa excluding Botswana, Lesotho, Swaziland, Zimbabwe, Malawi, Zambia, Transkei, Bophuthatswana and Venda.”.

S. W. VAN DER MERWE, Minister of Commerce and Consumer Affairs.

DEPARTMENT OF MANPOWER UTILISATION

No. R. 1367

4 July 1980

INDUSTRIAL CONCILIATION ACT, 1956 TOBACCO INDUSTRY (TRANSVAAL).— AMENDMENT OF AGREEMENT

I, Stephanus Petrus Botha, Minister of Manpower Utilisation, hereby—

(a) in terms of section 48 (1) (a) of the Industrial Conciliation Act, 1956, declare that the provisions of the Agreement (hereinafter referred to as the Amending Agreement) which appears in the Schedule hereto and which relates to the Tobacco Industry, shall be

tweede Maandag na die datum van publikasie van hierdie kennisgewing en vir die tydperk wat op 30 September 1982 eindig, bindend is vir die werkgewersorganisasie en die vakvereniging wat die Wysigingsooreenkoms aangegaan het en vir die werkgewers en werknemers wat lede van genoemde organisasie of vereniging is;

(b) kragtens artikel 48 (1) (b) van genoemde Wet, dat die bepalings van die Wysigingsooreenkoms, uitgesonderd dié vervat in klousule 1 (1) (a), met ingang van die tweede Maandag na die datum van publikasie van hierdie kennisgewing en vir die tydperk wat op 30 September 1982 eindig, bindend is vir alle ander werkgewers en werknemers as dié genoem in paragraaf (a) van hierdie kennisgewing, wat betrokke is by of in diens is in genoemde Nywerheid in die gebiede gespesifieer in klousule 1 (1) (b) van die Wysigingsooreenkoms; en

(c) kragtens artikel 48 (3) (a) van genoemde Wet, dat die bepalings van die Wysigingsooreenkoms, uitgesonderd dié vervat in klousule 1 (1) (a), met ingang van die tweede Maandag na die datum van publikasie van hierdie kennisgewing en vir die tydperk wat op 30 September 1982 eindig, in die gebiede gespesifieer in klousule 1 (1) (b) van die Wysigingsooreenkoms *mutatis mutandis* bindend is vir alle persone wat nie werknemers is nie en wat in diens is in genoemde Nywerheid by dié werkgewers vir wie enigeen van genoemde bepalings ten opsigte van werknemers bindend is en vir daardie werkgewers ten opsigte van sodanige persone in hul diens.

S. P. BOTHA, Minister van Mannekragbenutting.

BYLAE

NYWERHEIDSRAAD VIR DIE TABAKNYWERHEID
(TRANSVAAL)

OOREENKOMS

ingevolge die Wet op Nywerheidsversoening, 1956, gesluit deur en aangegaan tussen die

Tobacco Employers' Organisation

(hierna die "werkgewers" of "werkgewersorganisasie" genoem), aan die een kant, en die

National Union of Cigarette and Tobacco Workers

(hierna die "werknemers" of die "vakvereniging" genoem), aan die ander kant,

wat die partye is by die Nywerheidsraad vir die Tabaknywerheid (Transvaal),

om die Ooreenkoms, gepubliseer by Goewermentskennisgewing R. 2320 van 24 November 1978, en soos gewysig by Goewermentskennisgewing R. 2638 van 23 November 1979, te wysig.

1. KLOUSULE 1.—TOEPASSINGSBESTEK VAN OOREENKOMS

(1) Hierdie Ooreenkoms moet in die Tabaknywerheid (Transvaal) nagekom word—

(a) deur die werkgewers wat lede is van die werkgewersorganisasie en alle werknemers wat lede is van die vakvereniging en wat by die Tabaknywerheid betrokke of daarin werkzaam is;

(b) in die landdrosdistrikte Alberton, Balfour, Benoni, Boksburg, Brakpan, Germiston, Heidelberg (Transvaal), Johannesburg, Kempton Park, Krugersdorp [met inbegrip van daardie gedeelte van die landdrosdistrik Brits wat voor 1 Junie 1972 (Goewermentskennisgewing 872 van 26 Mei 1972) binne die landdrosdistrik Krugersdorp gevall het], Nigel, Pretoria [met inbegrip van daardie gedeeltes van die landdrosdistrikte Cullinan en Brits wat onderskeidelik voor 30 Mei 1968 en 1 Junie 1972 (Goewermentskennisgewings 970 van 30 Mei 1968 en 872 van 26 Mei 1972), binne die landdrosdistrik Pretoria gevall het], Randburg, Randfontein [met inbegrip van daardie gedeelte van die landdrosdistrik Westonaria wat voor 1 November 1970 (Goewermentskennisgewing 1618 van 2 Oktober 1970) binne die landdrosdistrik Westonaria gevall het], Roodepoort en Springs.

binding, with effect from the second Monday after the date of publication of this notice and for the period ending 30 September 1982, upon the employers' organisation and the trade union which entered into the Amending Agreement and upon the employers and employees who are members of the said organisation or union;

(b) in terms of section 48 (1) (b) of the said Act, declare that the provisions of the Amending Agreement, excluding those contained in clause 1 (1) (a), shall be binding, with effect from the second Monday after the date of publication of this notice and for the period ending 30 September 1982, upon all employers and employees other than those referred to in paragraph (a) of this notice, who are engaged or employed in the said Industry in the areas specified in clause 1 (1) (b) of the Amending Agreement; and

(c) in terms of section 48 (3) (a) of the said Act, declare that in the areas specified in clause 1 (1) (b) of the Amending Agreement and with effect from the second Monday after the date of publication of this notice and for the period ending 30 September 1982, the provisions of the Amending Agreement, excluding those contained in clause 1 (1) (a), shall *mutatis mutandis* be binding upon all persons who are not employees and who are employed in the said Industry by the employers upon whom any of the said provisions are binding in respect of employees and upon those employers in respect of such persons in their employ.

S. P. BOTHA, Minister of Manpower Utilisation.

SCHEDULE

INDUSTRIAL COUNCIL FOR THE TOBACCO INDUSTRY (TRANSVAAL)

AGREEMENT

in accordance with the provisions of the Industrial Conciliation Act, 1956, made and entered into by and between the

Tobacco Employers' Organisation
(hereinafter referred to as the "employers" or "employers' organisation"), of the one part, and the

National Union of Cigarette and Tobacco Workers
(hereinafter referred to as the "employees" or the "trade union"), of the other part,
being parties to the Industrial Council for the Tobacco Industry (Transvaal),

to amend the Agreement published under Government Notice R. 2320 of 24 November 1978 as amended by Government Notice R. 2638 of 23 November 1979.

1. CLAUSE 1.—SCOPE OF APPLICATION OF AGREEMENT

(1) The terms of this Agreement shall be observed in the Tobacco Industry (Transvaal)—

(a) by the employers who are members of the employers' organisation and by all employees who are members of the trade union, who are engaged or employed therein;

(b) in the Magisterial Districts of Alberton, Balfour, Benoni, Boksburg, Brakpan, Germiston, Heidelberg (Transvaal), Johannesburg, Kempton Park, Krugersdorp [including that portion of the Magisterial District of Brits which, prior to 1 June 1972 (Government Notice 872 of 26 May 1972), fell within the Magisterial District of Krugersdorp], Nigel, Pretoria [including those portions of the Magisterial Districts of Cullinan and Brits which, prior to 30 May 1968 and 1 June 1972, respectively (Government Notices 970 of 30 May 1968 and 872 of 26 May 1972), fell within the Magisterial District of Pretoria], Randburg, Randfontein [including that portion of the Magisterial District of Westonaria which, prior to 1 November 1970 (Government Notice 1618 of 2 October 1970), fell within the Magisterial District of Randfontein], Roodepoort and Springs.

(2) Ondanks subklousule (1), is hierdie Ooreenkoms slegs van toepassing op werknemers vir wie minimum lone in klousule 4 voorgeskryf word.

2. KLOUSULE 3.—WÖORDOMSKRYWING

Voeg die volgende nuwe omskrywing in na die omskrywing "stukwerk":

"'produksie tegnikus' 'n werknemer wat oor die vermoë en ondervinding van beide 'n ambagsman en 'n gekwalifiseerde seksieman beskik;".

3. KLOUSULE 4.—LONE

Vervang subklousule (1) deur die volgende:

"(1) Behoudens subklousules (4) en (5) van hierdie klousule, is die minimum weekloon wat 'n werkewer aan elke lid van ondergenoemde klasse van sy werknemers moet betaal, dié soos hieronder uiteengesit: Met dien verstande dat—

(a) by die indeling van 'n werknemer hy geag word in daardie klas te wees waarin hy uitsluitlik of hoofsaaklik werkzaam is;

(b) die loon van 'n werknemer wat nagskofte werk, minstens die dagloon plus 25 persent moet wees vir elke nag-skof wat hy gewerk het.

	Per week R	Per week R	
Voorman/Voorvrou.....	173,85	Foreman/Forewoman.....	173,85
Assistent-voorvrou.....	80,50	Assistant forewoman.....	80,50
Leierwerksman	158,00	Leading hand.....	158,00
Ambagsman.....	143,65	Artisan.....	143,65
Ketelininstallasie-toesighouer.....	90,85	Boiler plant supervisor.....	90,85
Gehaltebeheertoesighouer—		Quality control supervisor—	
gedurende eerste jaar ondervinding.....	65,85	during first year's experience.....	65,85
gedurende tweede jaar ondervinding.....	68,10	during second year's experience.....	68,10
daarna.....	71,20	thereafter.....	71,20
Toesighouer (sigaretvervaardiging)—		Supervisor (cigarette manufacturing)—	
gedurende eerste jaar ondervinding.....	65,85	during first year's experience.....	65,85
gedurende tweede jaar ondervinding.....	68,10	during second year's experience.....	68,10
daarna.....	71,20	thereafter.....	71,20
Toesighouer (pyptabak).....	66,55	Supervisor (pipe tobacco).....	66,55
Ondersoeker, ongekwalifiseer—		Examiner, unqualified—	
gedurende eerste ses maande ondervinding.....	51,10	during first six months' experience.....	51,10
gedurende tweede ses maande ondervinding.....	55,75	during second six months' experience.....	55,75
Ondersoeker, gekwalifiseer	61,65	Examiner, qualified.....	61,65
Seksieman, ongekwalifiseer—		Sectionman, unqualified—	
gedurende eerste jaar ondervinding.....	71,20	during first year's experience.....	71,20
gedurende tweede jaar ondervinding.....	75,85	during second year's experience.....	75,85
gedurende derde jaar ondervinding.....	83,55	during third year's experience.....	83,55
Seksieman, gekwalifiseer.....	92,80	Sectionman, qualified.....	92,80
Senior seksieman.....	102,10	Senior sectionman.....	102,10
Masjenbediener, ongekwalifiseer—		Machine minder, unqualified—	
gedurende eerste jaar ondervinding.....	68,10	during first year's experience.....	68,10
gedurende tweede jaar ondervinding.....	71,95	during second year's experience.....	71,95
gedurende derde jaar ondervinding.....	77,35	during third year's experience.....	77,35
Masjenbediener, gekwalifiseer.....	84,35	Machine minder, qualified.....	84,35
Veiligheidsbeampte, man en vrou.....	74,30	Security officer, male and female.....	74,30
Terreinopsigter	69,65	Groundsman.....	69,65
Produksietegnikus:.....	158,00	Production Technician.....	158,00
Fabrieksklerk, ongekwalifiseer—		Factory clerical employee, unqualified—	
gedurende eerste jaar ondervinding.....	52,65	during first year's experience.....	52,65
gedurende tweede jaar ondervinding.....	57,35	during second year's experience.....	57,35
gedurende derde jaar ondervinding.....	61,90	during third year's experience.....	61,90
gedurende vierde jaar ondervinding.....	66,55	during fourth year's experience.....	66,55
Fabrieksklerk, gekwalifiseer	73,05	Factory clerical employee, qualified.....	73,05
Versendingsklerk, ontvangsklerk en stoorman, ongekwalifiseer—		Despatch clerk, receiving clerk and storeman, unqualified—	
gedurende eerste jaar ondervinding.....	52,65	during first year's experience.....	52,65
gedurende tweede jaar ondervinding.....	57,35	during second year's experience.....	57,35
gedurende derde jaar ondervinding.....	61,90	during third year's experience.....	61,90
gedurende vierde vierde jaar ondervinding.....	66,55	during fourth year's experience.....	66,55
Versendingsklerk, ontvangsklerk en stoorman, gekwalifiseer.....	73,05	Despatch clerk, receiving clerk and storeman, qualified.....	73,05
Voorradebediende, ongekwalifiseer—		Stores attendant, unqualified—	
gedurende eerste drie maande ondervinding.....	49,60	during first three months' experience.....	49,60
gedurende volgende ses maande ondervinding.....	51,90	during next six months' experience.....	51,90
gedurende volgende ses maande ondervinding.....	54,65	during next six months' experience.....	54,65
gedurende volgende ses maande ondervinding.....	57,35	during next six months' experience.....	57,35
gedurende volgende drie maande ondervinding.....	60,40	during next three months' experience.....	60,40
Voorradebediende, gekwalifiseer.....	63,85	Stores attendant, qualified.....	63,85

	Per week R		Per week R
Motorvoertuigdrywer van—		Motor vehicle driver of—	
motorkarre en stasiewaens.....	57,90	cars and station wagons.....	57,90
bestel- en vragwaens—		vans and lorries—	
met 'n onbelaste massa van hoogstens 1 362 kg... met 'n onbelaste massa van meer as 1 362 kg maar hoogstens 2 724 kg.....	57,90 62,45	up to 1 362 kg unladen mass..... over 1 362 kg up to 2 724 kg unladen mass..... over 2 724 kg up to 3 632 kg unladen mass..... over 3 632 kg unladen mass.....	57,90 62,45 68,55 73,45
met 'n onbelaste massa van meer as 2 724 kg maar hoogstens 3 632 kg..... met 'n onbelaste massa van meer as 3 632 kg.....	68,55 73,45		
Deeltydse motorvoertuigdrywer.....	51,05	Part-time motor vehicle driver.....	51,05
Faktotum—		Handyman—	
gedurende eerste drie maande ondervinding..... gedurende volgende drie maande ondervinding..... gedurende volgende drie maande ondervinding..... daarna.....	63,45 65,85 68,10 71,20	during first three months' experience..... during next three months' experience..... during next three months' experience..... thereafter.....	63,45 65,85 68,10 71,20
Onberbaas.....	56,50	Chargehand.....	56,50
Spanleier—		Team leader—	
van werknekmers graad IA..... van werknekmers graad IB..... van werknekmers graad II..... van werknekmers graad III en arbeiders.....	60,70 57,90 51,80 50,10	of Grade IA employees..... of Grade IB employees..... of Grade II employees..... of Grade III employees and labourers.....	60,70 57,90 51,80 50,10
Werknemer graad IA, ongekwalifiseer—		Grade IA employee, unqualified—	
gedurende eerste drie maande ondervinding..... gedurende volgende ses maande ondervinding..... gedurende volgende ses maande ondervinding..... gedurende volgende ses maande ondervinding..... gedurende volgende drie maande ondervinding.....	49,60 51,10 52,65 54,65 56,95	during first three months' experience..... during next six months' experience..... during next six months' experience..... during next six months' experience..... during next three months' experience.....	49,60 51,10 52,65 54,65 56,95
Werknemer graad IA, gekwalifiseer.....	59,75	Grade IA employee, qualified.....	59,75
Werknemer graad IB, ongekwalifiseer—		Grade IB employee, unqualified—	
gedurende eerste drie maande ondervinding..... gedurende volgende ses maande ondervinding..... gedurende volgende ses maande ondervinding..... gedurende volgende ses maande ondervinding..... gedurende volgende drie maande ondervinding.....	49,60 50,75 51,90 53,20 54,70	during first three months' experience..... during next six months' experience..... during next six months' experience..... during next six months' experience..... during next three months' experience.....	49,60 50,75 51,90 53,20 54,70
Werknemer graad IB, gekwalifiseer.....	56,80	Grade IB employee, qualified.....	56,80
Tabakverpakker, ongekwalifiseer—		Tobacco packer, unqualified—	
gedurende eerste drie maande ondervinding..... gedurende volgende drie maande ondervinding..... gedurende volgende drie maande ondervinding..... gedurende volgende drie maande ondervinding.....	49,60 50,40 51,45 52,80	during first three months' experience..... during next three months' experience..... during next three months' experience..... during next three months' experience.....	49,60 50,40 51,45 52,80
Tabakverpakker, gekwalifiseer.....	54,70	Tobacco packer, qualified.....	54,70
Werknemer graad II, ongekwalifiseer—		Grade II employee, unqualified—	
gedurende eerste ses maande ondervinding..... gedurende volgende ses maande ondervinding.....	49,60 50,15	during first six months' experience..... during next six months' experience.....	49,60 50,15
Werknemer graad II, gekwalifiseer.....	51,00	Grade II employee, qualified.....	51,00
Wag.....	50,00	Watchman.....	50,00
Werknemer graad III.....	49,85	Grade III employee.....	49,85
Arbeider.....	49,60	Labourer.....	49,60
Werknemer nie elders in hierdie Ooreenkoms gemeld nie	51,00".	Employee in this Agreement not elsewhere specified.....	51,00".

4. KLOUSULE 17.—RAADSFONDSE

In paragraaf (a), vervang die uitdrukings "7c" en "30c" deur onderskeidelik die uitdrukings "10c" en "45c".

5. KLOUSULE 18.—SIEKTEBYSTANDSFONDS

Vervang subklosule (1) (a) deur die volgende:

"(1) (a) Hierby word die siektebystandsfonds, bekend as die Mediese Bystandsvereniging van die Transvaalse Tabaknywerheid, wat in hierdie klosule die 'Fonds' genoem word, voortgesit. Die Fonds word in stand gehou deur ondergenoemde bydraes van die werknekmers en die werkgewers:

(i) Werknekmers wat minstens R49,60 per week verdien: 36c per week;

(ii) in die geval van maandeliks besoldigde werknekmers wat minstens R214,90 per maand verdien: R1,56 per maand."

Namens die partye op hede die 8ste dag van Mei 1980 te Johannesburg onderteken.

P. MALHERBE, Voorsitter van die Raad.

C. DU PREEZ, Ondervoorsitter van die Raad.

H. J. VAN REENEN, Sekretaris van die Raad.

4. CLAUSE 17.—COUNCIL FEES

In paragraph (a), substitute the expressions "10c" and "45c" for the expressions "7c" and "30c" respectively.

5. CLAUSE 18.—SICK BENEFIT FUND

Substitute the following for subclause (1) (a):

"(1) (a) There is hereby continued the sick benefit fund, known as the Transvaal Tobacco Industry Medical Benefit Society, in this clause referred to as the 'Fund'. The Fund shall be maintained by contributions from employees and employers as follows:

(i) Employees earning R49,60 and over per week: 36c per week;

(ii) in the case of monthly paid employees earning R214,90 and over per month: R1,56 per month."

Signed at Johannesburg on behalf of the parties this 8th day of May 1980.

P. MALHERBE, Chairman of the Council.

C. DU PREEZ, Vice-Chairman of the Council.

H. J. VAN REENEN, Secretary of the Council.

No. R. 1375

4 Julie 1980

LOONWET, 1957

LOONVASSTELLING 399.—SEILDOEKGOEDERE-
EN VERWANTE PRODUKTE-NYWERHEID,
SEKERE GEBIEDE

In opdrag van die Minister van Mannekragbenutting, word hierby ingevolge artikel 14 (2) van die Loonwet, 1957, bekendgemaak dat die Minister kragtens die bevoegdheid aan hom verleen by artikel 14 (1) van genoemde Wet, die Loonvasstelling wat in die Bylae hiervan verskyn ten opsigte van die Seildoekgoedere- en Verwante Produkte-nywerheid, Sekere Gebiede, gemaak en die tweede Maandag na die datum van publikasie van hierdie kennisgewing bepaal het as die datum waarop die bepalings van genoemde Loonvasstelling bindend word.

BYLAE

1. GEBIED EN OMVANG VAN DIE VASSTELLING

Hierdie Vasstelling is van toepassing op al die werkgewers en al hul werknemers, uitgesonder bestuurders, in die Seildoekgoedere- en Verwante Produkte-nywerheid in die landdrostdistrikte Bloemfontein, Durban, Inanda, Kliprivier, Lichtenburg, Oos-Londen, Pietermaritzburg, Pinetown en Port Elizabeth.

2. WOORDOMSKRYWING

Tensy die sinsverband anders aandui, het elke uitdrukking wat in hierdie Vasstelling gebesig en in die Loonwet, 1957, omskryf word dieselfde betekenis as in daardie Wet, en vir die toepassing van hierdie Vasstelling word 'n werknemer geag in dié klas te wees waarin hy uitsluitlik of hoofsaaklik werkzaam is; voorts, tensy onbestaanbaar met die sinsverband, beteken—

(1) "ambagsman" 'n werknemer wat werk doen wat in die reël deur 'n geskoonde ambagsman verrig word, en by die toepassing van hierdie woordomskrywing beteken die uitdrukking "geskoonde ambagsman" iemand wat sy leertyd uitgedien het in 'n bedryf wat kragtens die Wet op Vakleerlinge, 1944, aangewys is of geag word aangewys te wees, of wat in besit is van 'n vaardigheidsertifikaat deur die Registrateur van Vakleerlinge aan hom uitgereik ingevolge artikel 6 van die Wet op Opleiding van Ambagsmanne, 1951, of 'n sertifikaat deur genoemde Registrateur aan hom uitgereik ingevolge of artikel 2 (7) of artikel 7 (3) van genoemde Wet; (1)

(2) "arbeider" 'n werknemer wat een of meer van die volgende werksaamhede verrig:

(a) 'n Ambagsman bystaan deur artikels of gereedskap vas te hou of op 'n ander manier met hom saam te werk sonder om die gereedskap selfstandig te gebruik;

(b) op afleveringsvoertuie behulpsaam wees maar hulle nie dryf of herstelwerk daarvan verrig nie;

(c) goedere dra, verplaas of stapel; enige voertuig stoot of trek;

(d) metaalpuntjies met of sonder ogies of drukknopies aan weefseluitrusting vasklamp;

(e) persele, masjinerie, meubels, werktuie, gereedskap, gerei of ander houers van artikels, met inbegrip van afgewerkte goedere, skoonmaak, vee of was;

(f) rantsoene kook of tee of soortgelyke dranke maak of tee of soortgelyke dranke aan werknemers of sy werkewer of sy werkewer se besoekers bedien;

(g) metaalstutte of -arms vir sonskerms oortrek;

(h) tou of web volgens 'n gestelde maat afsny; drade afknip;

(i) briewe, boodskappe of goedere te voet of per fiets, driewieler of handvoertuig aflewer;

(j) masjiene voer of daarvan afneem; onder toesig tenks of vate vul of aftap;

(k) tuinwerk;

(l) ogies met die hand of 'n masjiene inslaan mits die plekke daarvoor vooraf aangedui is;

(m) materiaal uitlê om gesny te word;

(n) latrines, buitegeboue of dergelike geboue of bouwerke awfuit, kleurawfuit of ontsmet;

(o) laai of aflaai;

No. R. 1375

4 July 1980

WAGE ACT, 1957

WAGE DETERMINATION 399.—CANVAS GOODS
AND ALLIED PRODUCTS INDUSTRY, CERTAIN
AREAS

By direction of the Minister of Manpower Utilisation it is hereby notified, in terms of section 14 (2) of the Wage Act, 1957, that the Minister under the powers vested in him by section 14 (1) of the said Act, has made the Wage Determination in the Schedule hereto in respect of the Canvas Goods and Allied Products Industry, Certain Areas, and has fixed the second Monday after the date of publication of this notice as the date from which the provisions of the said Wage Determination shall be binding.

SCHEDULE

1. AREA AND SCOPE OF DETERMINATION

This Determination shall apply to all employers and to all their employees, other than managers, in the Canvas Goods and Allied Products Industry in the Magisterial Districts of Bloemfontein, Durban, East London, Inanda, Klip River, Lichtenburg, Pietermaritzburg, Pinetown and Port Elizabeth.

2. DEFINITIONS

Unless the context otherwise indicates, any expression which is used in this Determination and which is defined in the Wage Act, 1957, has the same meaning as in that Act and for the purposes of this Determination an employee shall be deemed to be in that class in which he is wholly or mainly engaged; further, unless inconsistent with the context—

(1) "artisan" means an employee who is engaged in work normally performed by a skilled artisan, and for the purposes if this definition the expression "skilled artisan" means a person who has served his apprenticeship in a trade designated or deemed to have been designated under the Apprenticeship Act, 1944, or who holds a certificate of proficiency issued to him by the Registrar of Apprenticeship in terms of section 6 of the Training of Artisans Act, 1951, or a certificate issued to him by the said Registrar in terms of either section 2 (7) or section 7 (3) of the said Act; (1)

(2) "assistant foreman" means an employee who, under the general supervision of a foreman, performs any of the activities or duties of a foreman and who may act for him during his absence; (3)

(3) "blindhanger" means an employee who is engaged in marking out the design for, or drawing plans for, or estimating costs of, or measuring or erecting blinds or awnings and who may make and fix frames of blinds or awnings; (6)

(4) "Canvas Goods and Allied Products Industry" means the Industry in which employers and employees are associated in establishments which are registered or liable to registration in terms of the Factories, Machinery and Building Work Act, 1941, for the purpose of manufacturing from canvas or any other material (other than rubber, cork or metal) any one or more of the following articles, namely, sails, flags, tarpaulins, boatcovers, lifebelts, awnings, roller blinds, deck chair covering, tents, camping equipment, vehicle covers, garden or beach umbrella covering, tog bags, water bags, industrial aprons, sleeping bags, rucksacks, bedding bags, mailbags, ground sheets, cushion covers, sports valises and covering for stretchers, mattresses and garden furniture, but does not includes—

- (a) the Plastics Industry;
- (b) the Leather Industry;
- (c) the Furniture Manufacturing Industry; and
- (d) the Bedding Manufacturing Industry;

"Plastics Industry" means the manufacture of articles or parts of articles wholly or mainly from plastics;

"plastics" means any one of the group of materials which consist of or contains as an essential ingredient an organic substance of a large molecular mass and which, while solid in the finished state, at some stage in its manufacture has been or can be forced i.e. cast, calendered, extruded or moulded into various shapes by flow, usually through the application, singly or together, of heat or pressure;

- (p) vuurmaak of vure aan die brand hou of afval, as of rommel verwyder;
- (q) goedere op 'n gestelde skaal massameet;
- (r) kiste, bale, sakke of ander hours, pakkette of goedere merk, brandmerk, sjabloner of etiketteer;
- (s) sakke met die hand heelmaak;
- (t) afknipwerk verrig;
- (u) installasie, masjinerie of voertuie, uitgesonderd motorvoertuie, olie of smeere;
- (v) deure, kiste, pakkette, bale of sakke oop- of toemaak; leë kartonhouers verseël of gereedmaak om vir verpakking gebruik te word;
- (w) goedere van dieselfde grootte en getal verpak in hours wat spesial vervaardig is om sulke goedere te bevat;
- (x) seildoek verf, indoop, olie of borsel om dit waterdig te maak; seildoek finaal regmaak of stryk;
- (y) pale of tentkappe verf; hout vir tentpale beits;
- (z) toue insit, stringe knoop, spantoue knoop;
- (aa) draadhake in ventileerpype of watersakhandvatsels insit; wasters insit;
- (ab) materiaal of vervaardigde goedere oprol;
- (ac) uniforms, oorpakke of ander beskermende klere was en stryk;
- (ad) die punte van toue omwoel; (20)
- (3) "assistent-voorman" 'n werknemer wat, onder die algemene toesig van 'n voorman, enigeen van die werkzaamhede of pligte van 'n voorman verrig en wat gedurende sy afwesigheid namens hom kan waarnem; (2)
- (4) "bedryfsinrigting" 'n perseel of gedeelte daarvan waarop of in verband waarmee een of meer werknemers in die Seeldoekgoedere- en Verwante Produkte-nywerheid in diens is; (14)
- (5) "bestuurder" 'n werknemer wat deur sy werkgever belas is met die algehele—
- (a) toesig oor,
- (b) verantwoordelikheid vir, en
- (c) leiding van,
- die werkzaamhede van 'n bedryfsinrigting of 'n afdeling van 'n bedryfsinrigting en die werknemers wat daarin werk; (25)
- (6) "blindinghanger" 'n werknemer wat ontwerpe afmerk of planne teken vir blindings of sonskerms van die koste daarvan bereken of wat blindings of sonskerms afmeet of aanbring en wat die raamwerk daarvoor kan maak en aanbring; (3)
- (7) "drywer van 'n motorvoertuig" 'n werknemer wat 'n motorvoertuig dryf, en by die toepassing van hierdie woord-omskrywing omvat die uitdrukking "'n motorvoertuig dryf" alle tydperke wat hy dryf, alle tyd wat hy bestee aan werk in verband met die voertuig of die vrag en alle tydperke wat hy verplig is om op sy pos te bly gereed om te dryf; (12)
- (8) "faktotum" 'n werknemer wat kleinere herstelwerk of verstellings doen aan masjinerie of uitrusting, uitgesonderd masjinerie of uitrusting wat regstreeks by die vervaardiging van die produkte van 'n bedryfsinrigting gebruik word, en wat ook kleinere herstelwerk of opknappings aan geboue kan doen maar wat geen werk verrig wat gewoonlik deur 'n ambagsman gedoen word nie; (19)
- (9) "gekwalfiseerd", met betrekking tot 'n werknemer, dat die ondervinding van die werknemer in sy klas hom geregtyg maak op die hoogste loontarief wat vir dié klas voorgeskryf word; en "ongekwalfiseerd" daarenteen dat sy ondervinding in sy klas hom nie op dié hoogste loontarief geregtyg maak nie; (29)
- (10) "handelsreisiger" 'n werknemer wat as 'n reisende verteenwoordiger van 'n bedryfsinrigting namens so 'n inrigting bestellings vra, werf of opneem; (35)
- (11) "handelsreisiger se assistent" 'n werknemer wat 'n handelsreisiger vergesel en hom met die inpak, uitpak of vertoon van sy monsters help en wat die motorvoertuig kan dryf wat die handelsreisiger by die uitvoering van sy werk gebruik; (36)
- (12) "klerk" 'n werknemer wat skryf-, tik-, liasseer- of enige ander soort klerklike werk verrig en omvat dit ook 'n kasier, magasynman, versendingsklerk en 'n telefoonskakelbordoperateur, maar geen ander klas werknemer wat elders in hierdie klouskryf word nie, al maak klerklike werk ook deel uit van so 'n werknemer se werk; (8)
- (13) "kommissiewerk" 'n stelsel waarvolgens 'n handelsreisiger se besoldiging bereken word volgens die getal of waarde van die bestellings wat hy aan sy werkgever voorlê en wat laasgenoemde aanvaar; (9)
- (14) "korttyd" 'n tydelike vermindering van die getal gewone werkure weens 'n slappe in die bedryf, 'n tekort aan grondstowwe of 'n onklaarraking van masjinerie of installasie of weens die feit dat die geboue onbruikbaar is of dreig om dit te word; (31)

"Leather Industry" means the Industry in which employers and employees are associated—

(1) for the manufacture mainly from leather of—

(a) footwear (including all types but not including bespoke made footwear);

(b) attaché cases, bags and other containers designed to hold personal effects, sporting kit, tools and documents;

(c) harness, bridles, saddlery, saddle bags, leggings, girths, stirrup straps, military equipment (other than clothing), ladies' bags, shopping bags, knitting bags, bags for Blacks of the type commonly known as "Xhosa bags", wallets, purses, watch straps, wrist straps, dog collars, dog leads, rug straps, braces, belts, suspenders, garters, armlets and all other like articles irrespective of their description but which are designated as substitutes for any of the aforementioned;

(2) for the tanning, dressing and fellmongering of hides and skins;

(3) in establishments in which leather goods are also manufactured, for the manufacture from materials other than leather of the articles mentioned in paragraph (1): Provided that this paragraph does not include the manufacture of shopping bags made mainly of paper;

(4) for the manufacture of all types of footwear from materials other than leather;

(5) for the manufacture of travelling requisites (including trunks) mainly from leather, fibre, wood, cloth, canvas or fabric or any combination thereof;

"Furniture Manufacturing Industry" means, without in any way limiting the ordinary meaning of the expression, the manufacture either in whole or in part of all types of furniture, irrespective of the materials used, and shall include, *inter alia*, the following operations:

Repairing, upholstering, re-upholstering, staining, spraying or polishing or re-polishing, making of loose covers or cushions or curtains or the making or repairing of box-spring mattresses or frames for upholstering, wood-machining, veneering, wood-turning, carving in connection with the manufacture or repair of furniture, polishing or re-polishing of pianos or the manufacture or staining, spraying and polishing or re-polishing of tearoom, office, church, school, bar or theatre furniture, cabinets for musical instruments and radio or wireless cabinets and includes the activities carried on in any premises where wood-machining, wood-turning or carving in connection with the production of furniture is carried on; and includes further the repairing, re-upholstering or re-polishing of furniture in or in connection with establishments in which the production of furniture or any operation associated with the final preparation of any article of furniture for sale, either in whole or in part, is carried on and the veneering of laminated blockboard or plywood doors used for furniture and all parts of materials used in the construction of furniture, but excluding the manufacture of articles made principally of wicker, grass or cane and the manufacture of metal furniture including the manufacture of metal bedsteads;

"Bedding Manufacturing Industry" means the Industry in which employers and employees are associated for the manufacture of bedding which shall include—

(a) mattresses, spring mattresses, overlays, bolsters, pillows, cushion for studio couches and spring units;

(b) studio couches;

(c) all operations and processes incidental to the manufacture of the articles mentioned in paragraphs (a) and (b) if carried out by an employee employed in the manufacture of such articles, but excluding the operations and processes in the manufacture and/or assembly of metal parts of such articles; (27)

(5) "casual employee" means an employee who is employed by the same employer on not more than three days in any week; (16)

(6) "chargehand" means an employee who, under the supervision of a foreman or assistant foreman, is in charge of a group of labourers; (23)

(7) "chopper-out" means an employee who is engaged in cutting out material according to template or who marks by hand or machine; (33)

(15) "loon" die bedrag wat ingevolge klousule 3 (1) aan 'n werknemer betaalbaar is ten opsigte van sy gewone werkure soos by klousule 5 voorgeskryf: Met dien verstande dat—

(i) as 'n werkewer 'n werknemer ten opsigte van sodanige gewone werkure gereeld 'n hoër bedrag betaal as dié by klousule 3 (1) voorgeskryf, dit sodanige hoër bedrag beteken;

(ii) die eerste voorbehoudbepaling nie so uitgelê mag word dat dit besoldiging bedoel of omvat wat 'n werknemer wat in diens is op 'n grondslag waarvoor daar in klousule 9 voorsiening gemaak word, ontvang bo en behalwe die bedrag wat hy sou ontvang het as hy nie op sodanige grondslag in diens was nie; (38)

(16) "los werknemer" 'n werknemer wat hoogstens drie dae in 'n week by dieselfde werkewer in diens is; (5)

(17) "magasynman" 'n werknemer wat beheer het oor voorrade inkomende goedere of afgewerkte of gedeeltelik afgewerkte produkte en wat daarvoor verantwoordelik is om goedere in 'n magasyn of pakhuis te ontvang, op te berg, te verpak of uit te pak of om goedere uit 'n magasyn of pakhuis aan die verbruksafdelings in 'n bedryfsinrigting of vir versending te lever; (32)

(18) "masjenfaktotum" 'n werknemer wat kleinere herstelwerk of verstellings doen aan masjinerie of uitrusting wat regstreeks by die vervaardiging van die produkte van 'n bedryfsinrigting gebruik word maar wat geen werk verrig wat gewoonlik deur 'n ambagsman gedoen word nie; (23)

(19) "masjenwerker" 'n werknemer wat seildoek of ander materiaal met 'n naaimasjen naai; (24)

(20) "motorvoertuig" 'n kragaangedrewe voertuig wat gebruik word vir die vervoer van goedere, uitgesonderd 'n handelsreisiger se monsters, en omvat dit ook 'n voorhaker en 'n trekker maar nie 'n mobiele hystoestel of 'n vurkhyswa nie; (26)

(21) "noodwerk"—

(a) enige werk wat weens onvoorsiene omstandighede soos 'n brand, storm, ongeluk, epidemie, gewelddaad, diefstal, of 'n onklarraaking van installasie of masjinerie of weens die feit dat die geboue onbruikbaar is of dreig om dit te word sonder versuum gedoen moet word;

(b) enige werk in verband met die opknapping, herstel of versiening van installasie of masjinerie wat nie gedurende die gewone werkure verrig kan word nie;

(c) enige werk in verband met die laai of aflaai van—

(i) skepe;

(ii) spoorwaens of voertuie van die Suid-Afrikaanse Spoorweë en Hawens;

(iii) voertuie wat deur 'n vervoerkontrakteur gebruik word by die nakoming van sy kontrak as sodanig met die Suid-Afrikaanse Spoorweë en Hawens; (13)

(22) "onbelaste massa" die massa van 'n motorvoertuig of sleepwa soos aangegee in 'n lisensie of sertifikaat wat ten opsigte van so 'n motorvoertuig of sleepwa uitgereik is deur 'n owerheid wat by wet gemagtig is om lisensies ten opsigte van motorvoertuie uit te reik: Met dien verstande dat, in die geval van 'n twee- of driewielmotorfiets, bromponie of bromfiets of 'n trapfiets met hulpmotor, die onbelaste massa geg word hoogstens 450 kg te wees; (37)

(23) "onderbaas" 'n werknemer wat onder toesig van 'n voorman of assistent-voorman in beheer is van 'n groep arbeiders; (6)

(24) "ondervinding", met betrekking tot—

(a) 'n klerk, die totale tydperk of tydperke wat 'n werknemer as klerk in 'n nywerheid bedryf of in diens van die Staat werkzaam was;

(b) 'n handelsreisiger, snyer, blindinghanger, werknemer graad I, werknemer graad II, masjenwerker of uitknipper, die totale tydperk of tydperke wat so 'n werknemer in sy klas in die Seildoekgoedc- en Verwante Produkte-nywerheid werkzaam was; (15)

(25) "oortyd" daardie gedeelte van 'n tydperk wat 'n werknemer gedurende 'n week of op 'n dag, na gelang van die geval, vir sy werkewer werk en wat langer is as die onderskeie gewone werkure by klousule 5 (1) of (2) vir sodanige werknemer voorgeskryf, maar omvat dit nie 'n tydperk waarin 'n werknemer wie se gewone werkure by klousule 5 (1) voorgeskryf word op 'n Sondag vir sy werkewer werk nie; (27)

(8) "clerk" means an employee who is engaged in writing, typing, filing or in any other form of clerical work and includes a cashier, storeman, despatch clerk and a telephone switchboard operator, but does not include any other class of employee elsewhere defined in this clause notwithstanding the fact that clerical work may form a part of such employee's work; (12)

(9) "commission work" means any system under which an employee's remuneration is calculated on the value or number of orders submitted by him to and accepted by his employer; (13)

(10) "cutter" means an employee, other than a blindhanger, who is engaged in marking out material other than by means of a template, according to measurements or specifications supplied to or made by him and who may cut such material and supervise choppers-out or labourers; (30)

(11) "despatch clerk" means an employee who is responsible for the despatch or the packing of goods for transport or delivery, and who may supervise the assembling, checking, mass measuring, packing, marking, measuring, addressing or despatching of goods or packages; (34)

(12) "driver of a motor vehicle" means an employee who is engaged in driving a motor vehicle, and for the purposes of this definition the expression "driving a motor vehicle" includes all periods of driving and any time spent by the driver on work connected with the vehicle or the load and all periods during which he is obliged to remain at his post in readiness to drive; (7)

(13) "emergency work" means—

(a) any work which, owing to unforeseen circumstances such as fire, storm, accident, epidemic, act of violence, theft or a breakdown of plant or machinery or a breakdown or threatened breakdown of buildings, must be done without delay;

(b) any work in connection with the overhauling, repairing or servicing of plant or machinery which cannot be performed during ordinary working hours;

(c) any work in connection with the loading or unloading of—

(i) ships;

(ii) trucks or vehicles of the South African Railways and Harbours;

(iii) vehicles used by a cartage contractor in the fulfilment of his contract as such with the South African Railways and Harbours; (21)

(14) "establishment" means any premises or part thereof in or in connection with which one or more employees are employed in the Canvas Goods and Allied Products Industry; (4)

(15) "experience" means in relation to—

(a) a clerk, the total period or periods of employment which an employee has had as a clerk in any industry/trade or in the service of the State;

(b) a traveller, cutter, blindhanger, Grade I employee, Grade II employee, machinist or chopper-out, the total period or periods of employment which such employee has had in his class in the Canvas Goods and Allied Products Industry; (24)

(16) "foreman" means an employee who is in charge of the employees in an establishment or a department of an establishment who exercises control over such employees and who is responsible for the efficient performance by them of their duties; (35)

(17) "Grade I employee" means an employee who is engaged in any one or more of the following activities:

(a) Making frames for blinds or awnings;

(b) roping;

(c) splicing;

and who may install frames; (37)

(18) "Grade II employee" means an employee who is engaged in any one or more of the following activities:

(a) Affixing nozzles into water bags;

(b) fixing canvas on to blind or awning frames;

(c) hand sewing;

(d) making tent poles;

(e) plaiting or interweaving the looped ends of ropes, other than splicing ropes together;

(f) sewing on grommets, door lines or hooks and eyes by hand or machine;

(g) silk screening; (38)

(26) "plaaslike owerheid" 'n stadsraad, grootstadsraad, afdelingsraad, munisipaleraad, dorpsraad, dorpsraad, dorpsteuur en soortgelyke instellings of liggaaam wat in artikel 84 (1) (f) van die Grondwet van die Republiek van Suid-Afrika, 1961 (Wet 32 van 1961), beoog word, en omvat dit 'n administrasieraad wat kragtens artikel 2 van die Wet op die Administrasie van Swart Sake, 1971 (Wet 45 van 1971), ingestel is; (22)

(27) "Seildoekgoedere- en Verwante Produkte-nywerheid" die Nywerheid waarin werkgewers en werknemers met mekaar geassosieer is in bedryfsinrigtings wat ingevolge die Wet op Fabriek, Masjinerie en Bouwerk, 1941, geregistreer is of aan registrasie onderworpe is, met die doel om een of meer van die volgende artikels uit seildoek of 'n ander materiaal (uitgesonderd rubber, kurk of metaal) te vervaardig, naamlik seile, vlae, teerseile, bootbedekkings, reddingsgordels, sonskerms, rolbindings, dekstoelbekleedels, tente, kampeeruitrusting, voertuigbedekkings, tuin- of sandsambrelbekleedels, sportuitrustingsakkies, watersakkies, nywerheidsvoorskotte, slaapsakkies, rugsakkies, beddegoedsakkies, possakkie, grondseile, kussingoortreksels, sportreissakkies en bekleedels vir voukates, matrassen en tuinmeubels, maar dit omvat nie die volgende nie:

- (a) Die Plastieknywerheid;
- (b) die Leernywerheid;
- (c) die Meubelnywerheid; en
- (d) die Beddegoednywerheid;

"Plastieknywerheid" die vervaardiging van artikels of gedeeltes van artikels geheel en al of hoofsaaklik van plastiek gemaak;

"plastiek" enigeen van die groep stowwe wat, as 'n essensiële bestanddeel, 'n organiese stof met 'n groot molekulêre afgewerkte vorm solied is, in die een of ander vervaardigingstadium geforseer is of kan word, dit wil sê, in verskillende vorms gegiet, gekalandeer, uitgedruk of gevorm is of kan word deurdat dit vloeï, gewoonlik deur die aanwending van hitte of druk, of afsonderlik of gesamentlik;

"Leernywerheid" die Nywerheid waarin werkgewers en werknemers met mekaar geassosieer is—

(1) vir die vervaardiging, hoofsaaklik uit leer, van—

(a) skoeisel van alle soorte maar uitgesonderd skoeisel op maat;

(b) dokumenttasse, tasse en ander houers wat bedoel is om persoonlike besittings, sportuitrusting, gereedskap en dokumente te hou;

(c) tuie, tooms, saaltuig, saalsakkies, kamaste, buikgordels, stiegrieme, militêre uitrusting (uitgesonderd klere), hand-sakkies vir dames, inkoopsakkies, breisakkies, sakke vir Swartes van die soort wat algemeen bekend staan as "Xhosa-sakke", notebeursies, beursies, horlosiebande, polsbande, halsbande en leibande vir honde, kombersrieme, kruisbande, gordels, kousphouwers, kousbande, armbande en alle ander dergelyke artikels afgesien van die aard daarvan maar wat bedoel is as plaasvervangers vir enigeen van voornoemde artikels;

(2) vir die looi, dresseer en blotting van huide en velle;

(3) in bedryfsinrigtings waarin leergoedere ook vervaardig word, vir die vervaardiging, uit ander materiaal as leer, van die artikels in paragraaf (1) genoem: Met dien verstande dat hierdie paragraaf nie die vervaardiging van inkoopsakkies wat hoofsaaklik van papier gemaak is, insluit nie;

(4) vir die vervaardiging van alle soorte skoeisel uit ander materiaal as leer;

(5) vir die vervaardiging van reisbenodigdhede (met inbegrip van koffers) hoofsaaklik uit leer, vesel, hout, doek, seeldoek of weefstof of 'n kombinasie daarvan;

"Meubelnywerheid", sonder om die gewone betekenis van die uitdrukking enigsins te beperk, die vervaardiging, hetsy in die geheel of gedeeltelik, van alle soorte meubels, ongeag die materiaal wat gebruik word, en omvat dit onder andere ook die volgende werksaamhede:

Herstel-, stoffeer-, herstoffeer-, beits-, spuit- of poleerwerk of herpoleerwerk, die maak van los oortreksels of stoelkussings of gordyne of die maak van herstel van raamveermatrasse van rame vir stoffeerwerk, houtmasjienwerk, fineerwerk, houtdraaiwerk, houtsneewerk in verband met die vervaardiging of herstel van meubels, poleer- of herpoleerwerk aan klaviere of die vervaardiging van of beitswerk, spuitwerk en poleerwerk of herpoleerwerk aan meubels vir teekamers, kantore, kerke, skole, kroë of teaters, kabinette vir musiekinstrumente en radio- of draadioeskabinette en

(19) "handyman" means an employee who is engaged in making minor repairs or adjustments to machinery or equipment, other than machinery or equipment directly used in the manufacture of the products of an establishment and who may effect minor repairs or renovations to buildings, but who does not do work normally performed by an artisan; (8)

(20) "labourer" means an employee who is engaged in any one or more of the following activities:

(a) Assisting an artisan by holding articles or tools or otherwise working with him other than by the independent use of tools;

(b) assisting on delivery vehicles other than driving or effecting repairs;

(c) carrying, moving or stacking articles; pushing or pulling any vehicle;

(d) clamping on metal tips with or without eyelets or press studs on web equipment;

(e) cleaning, sweeping or washing premises, machinery, furniture, implements, tools, utensils or other containers or articles, including finished articles;

(f) cooking rations or making tea or similar beverages or serving tea or similar beverages to employees or his employer or his employer's visitors;

(g) covering metal supports or brackets for awnings;

(h) cutting rope or webbing to a set measurement; cutting off threads;

(i) delivering letters, messages or goods on foot or by means of a bicycle, tricycle or hand-propelled vehicle;

(j) feeding into or taking off from machines; feeding into or drawing off from tanks or vats under supervision;

(k) gardening work;

(l) knocking in eyelets by hand or machine provided their positions were previously indicated;

(m) laying out material preparatory to cutting;

(n) lime washing, colour washing or disinfecting latrines, outbuildings or similar buildings or structures;

(o) loading or unloading;

(p) making or maintaining fires or removing refuse, ash or scrap;

(q) mass measuring of goods on a set scale;

(r) marking, branding, stencilling or affixing labels on boxes, bales, sacks or other containers, packages or articles;

(s) mending sacks by hand;

(t) nipping;

(u) oiling or greasing plant, machinery or vehicles, other than motor vehicles;

(v) opening or closing doors, boxes, packages, bales, sacks or bags; sealing or preparing empty cardboard containers for use in packing;

(w) packing articles of uniform size and number into receptacles specially made to contain such articles;

(x) painting, dipping, oiling or brushing canvas for waterproofing purposes; dressing or ironing canvas;

(y) painting poles or tent tops; staining wood for tent poles;

(z) putting in ropes, knotting cords, knotting strainers;

(aa) putting wire hooks in ventilating pipes or waterbag handles; inserting washers;

(ab) rolling up material or manufactured articles;

(ac) washing and ironing uniforms, overalls or other protective clothing;

(ad) whipping ends of ropes; (2)

(21) "law" includes the common law; (39)

(22) "local authority" means any borough council, city council, divisional council, municipal council, town council, village council, village management board or any similar institution or body contemplated in section 84 (1) (f) of the Republic of South Africa Constitution Act, 1961 (Act 32 of 1961), and includes any Administration Board established in terms of section 2 of the Black Affairs Administration Act (Act 45 of 1971); (26)

(23) "machine handyman" means an employee who is engaged in making minor repairs or adjustments to machinery or equipment used directly in the manufacture of the products of an establishment but who does not do work normally performed by an artisan; (18)

(24) "machinist" means an employee who is engaged in sewing canvas or other materials by means of a sewing machine; (19)

ook die werksaamhede wat uitgevoer word op alle perseie waar houtmasjienwerk, houtdraaiwerk of houtsneewerk uitgevoer word in verband met die vervaardiging van meubels; en ook nog herstel-, herstoffeer- of herpoleerwerk aan meubels in of in verband met bedryfsinrigtings waarin die vervaardiging van meubels of 'n werksaamheid wat in verband staan met die finale voorbereiding van 'n meubelstuk vir verkoop, of in sy geheel of gedeeltelik, uitgevoer word, en die fineerwerk aan gelamelleerde blokbord- of laaghoutdeure wat vir meubels gebruik word, en alle gedeeltes van materiaal wat by die vervaardiging van meubels gebruik word, maar uitgesonderd die vervaardiging van artikels wat hoofsaaklik van mandjiesgoed, gras of rottang gemaak is en die vervaardiging van metaalmeubels, met inbegrip van die vervaardiging van metaalkatels;

"Beddegodnywerheid" die Nywerheid waarin werkgewers en werknemers met mekaar geassosieer is vir die vervaardiging van beddegodo, wat die volgende insluit:

- (a) Matrasse, veermatrasse, bomatrasse, peule, kopkussings, kussings vir ateljeerusbanke en vereenhede;
- (b) ateljeerusbanke;
- (c) alle werksaamhede en prosesse wat gepaard gaan met die vervaardiging van die artikels in paragrawe (a) en (b) genoem, indien dit uitgevoer word deur 'n werknemer wat vir die vervaardiging van sodanige artikels in diens geneem is, maar uitgesonderd die werksaamhede en prosesse in die vervaardiging en/of montering van die metaaldele van sodanige artikels; (4)

(28) "senior bestuurs- of administratiewe werknemer" 'n werknemer wat in opdrag van sy werkewer werk verrig wat verantwoordelikheid meebring vir die neem van besluite van 'n administratiewe aard by die uitvoering van die werksaamhede van 'n bedryfsinrigting; (30)

(29) "sleepwa" 'n vervoermiddel wat deur 'n motorvoertuig getrek word; (34)

(30) "snyer" 'n werknemer, uitgesonderd 'n blindinghanger, wat sonder behulp van 'n patroonplaat maar volgens mate of gegewens wat aan hom verstreng deur homself bepaal word materiaal afmerk en die materiaal kan uitsny en wat oor uitknippers of arbeiders toesig kan hou; (10)

(31) "stukwerk" 'n stelsel waarvolgens 'n werknemer se besoldiging gegrond word op die hoeveelheid werk wat verrig is; (28)

(32) "tegniese of professionele werknemer" 'n werknemer wat in opdrag van sy werkewer werk van 'n tegniese of professionele aard verrig; (33)

(33) "uitknipper" 'n werknemer wat materiaal volgens 'n patroonplaat uitknip of wat dit met die hand of 'n masjiemerk; (7)

(34) "versendingsklerk" 'n werknemer wat verantwoordelik is vir die versending of verpakking van goedere vir vervoer of aflewing en wat toesig kan hou oor die byeenbring, nagaan, massameting, verpakking, merk, meting, adresseer of versending van goedere of pakkette; (11)

(35) "voorman" 'n werknemer wat aan die hoof staan van die werknemers in 'n bedryfsinrigting of 'n afdeling van 'n bedryfsinrigting, wat beheer oor sodanige werknemers uitoeft en wat daarvoor verantwoordelik is dat hulle hul pligte doeltreffend verrig; (16)

(36) "wag" 'n werknemer wat 'n perseel of eiendom bewaak; (39)

(37) "werknemer graad I" 'n werknemer wat een of meer van die volgende werksaamhede verrig:

- (a) Rame vir blindings of sonskerms maak;
- (b) touwerk;
- (c) splitswerk;

en wat die rame kan installeer; (17)

(38) "werknemer graad II" 'n werknemer wat een of meer van die volgende werksaamhede verrig:

- (a) Tuite in watersakke aanbring;
- (b) seildoek aan blinding- of sonskermrrame bevestig;
- (c) handnaaldwerk;
- (d) tentpale maak;
- (e) die lusente van toue vleg of ineenvleg uitgesonderd toue saamsplits;
- (f) seildoekringe, deurtoue of hakies en ogies met die hand of 'n masjiem aanwerk;
- (g) syskernwerk; (18)

(39) "wet" ook die gemene reg. (21)

(25) "manager" means an employee who is charged by his employer with the overall—

- (a) supervision over,
- (b) responsibility for, and
- (c) direction of,

the activities of an establishment or a department of an establishment and the employees engaged therein; (8)

(26) "motor vehicle" means any power-driven vehicle used for conveying goods, other than a traveller's samples, and includes a mechanical horse and a tractor but does not include a mobile hoist or a fork lift truck; (20)

(27) "overtime" means that portion of any period which an employee works for his employer during any week or on any day, as the case may be, and which is in excess of the respective ordinary hours of work prescribed for such employee in clause 5 (1) or (2), but does not include any period during which an employee whose ordinary hours of work are prescribed in clause 5 (1), works for his employer on a Sunday; (25)

(28) "piece-work" means any system under which an employee's remuneration is based on the quantity of work done; (31)

(29) "qualified" in relation to an employee, means that the experience of the employee in his class entitles him to the highest wage rate prescribed for that class; and conversely "unqualified" means that his experience in his class does not entitle him to such highest rate; (9)

(30) "senior managerial or administrative employee" means an employee who is charged by his employer with the performance of work entailing responsibility for taking decisions of an administrative character in the conduct of the activities of an establishment; (28)

(31) "short-time" means a temporary reduction in the number of ordinary hours of work owing to slackness of trade, shortage of raw materials, a breakdown of plant or machinery or a breakdown or threatened breakdown of buildings; (14)

(32) "storeman" means an employee who is in charge of stocks of incoming goods or finished or partly finished products and who is responsible for receiving, storing, packing or unpacking goods in a store or warehouse or delivering goods from a store or warehouse to the consuming department in an establishment or for despatch; (17)

(33) "technical or professional employee" means an employee who is charged by his employer with the performance of work of a technical or professional character; (32)

(34) "trailer" means any conveyance drawn by a motor vehicle; (29)

(35) "traveller" means an employee who, as a travelling representative of an establishment, invites, canvasses or solicits orders on behalf of such establishment; (10)

(36) "traveller's assistant" means an employee who accompanies a traveller and assists him in packing, unpacking or displaying his samples and who may drive the motor vehicle used by the traveller in the performance of his duties; (11)

(37) "unladen mass" means the mass of any motor vehicle or trailer as recorded in a licence or certificate issued in respect of such motor vehicle or trailer by any authority empowered by law to issue licences in respect of motor vehicles: Provided that in the case of a two-wheeled or three-wheeled motor cycle, motor scooter or autocycle or a cycle fitted with an auxiliary engine, the unladen mass shall be deemed not to exceed 450 kg; (22)

(38) "wage" means the amount of money payable to an employee in terms of clause 3 (1) in respect of his ordinary hours of work as prescribed in clause 5: Provided that—

(i) if an employer regularly pays an employee in respect of such ordinary hours of work an amount higher than that prescribed in clause 3 (1), it means such higher amount;

(ii) the first proviso shall not be construed so as to refer to or include any remuneration which an employee who is employed on any basis provided for in clause 9 receives over and above the amount which he would have received if he had not been employed on such a basis; (15)

(39) "watchman" means an employee who is engaged in guarding premises or property. (36)

3. BESOLDIGING

(1) Die minimum loon wat 'n werkewer aan elke lid van ondergenoemde klasse werknemers in sy diens moet betaal, is dié hieronder uiteengesit:
 (a) *Werknemers, uitgesonderd los werknemers:*

	In die landdrosdistrikte Durban, Inanda, Pinetown en Port Elizabeth		In die landdrosdistrikte Bloemfontein, Oos-Londen en Pietermaritzburg		In die landdrosdistrik Kliprivier		In die landdrosdistrik Lichtenburg	
	Gedurende die eerste jaar nadat hierdie Vasstelling bindend word	Daarna	Gedurende die eerste jaar nadat hierdie Vasstelling bindend word	Daarna	Gedurende die eerste jaar nadat hierdie Vasstelling bindend word	Daarna	Gedurende die eerste jaar nadat hierdie Vasstelling bindend word	Daarna
	Per week R	Per week R	Per week R	Per week R	Per week R	Per week R	Per week R	Per week R
Ambagsman.....	81,00	85,00	78,00	81,00	63,00	66,00	60,00	63,00
Arbeider—								
vrou—	20,00	21,60	18,40	20,00	15,20	16,80	13,60	15,20
man—								
18 jaar of ouer.....	25,00	27,00	23,00	25,00	19,00	21,00	17,00	19,00
onder 18 jaar oud.....	18,75	20,25	17,25	18,75	14,25	15,75	12,75	14,25
Assistent-voorman.....	70,00	73,00	67,00	70,00	54,00	57,00	51,00	54,00
Blindinghanger—								
gedurende die eerste jaar ondervinding.....	35,00	37,00	32,00	35,00	26,20	29,00	23,40	26,20
gedurende die tweede jaar ondervinding.....	43,50	46,00	40,50	43,50	32,60	36,00	29,20	32,60
gedurende die derde jaar ondervinding.....	52,00	55,00	49,00	52,00	39,00	43,00	34,90	39,00
daarna.....	60,50	64,00	57,50	60,50	45,40	50,00	40,60	45,40
Drywer van 'n motorvoertuig waarvan die onbelaste massa, tesame met die onbelaste massa van 'n sleepwa of sleepwaens wat deur so 'n voertuig getrek word—								
(i) hoogstens 450 kg is.....	30,00	32,00	28,00	30,00	23,00	25,00	21,00	23,00
(ii) meer as 450 kg maar hoogstens 2 700 kg is.....	37,00	39,50	35,00	37,00	28,50	31,00	26,00	28,50
(iii) meer as 2 700 kg maar hoogstens 4 500 kg is.....	44,50	47,00	42,00	44,50	34,00	37,00	31,00	34,00
(iv) meer as 4 500 kg is.....	52,00	54,50	49,00	52,00	39,50	43,00	36,00	39,50
Faktotum.....	37,50	40,50	34,50	37,50	28,50	31,50	25,50	28,50
Handelsreisiger—								
gedurende die eerste jaar ondervinding.....	60,46	63,92	57,46	60,46	45,46	48,46	42,46	45,46
gedurende die tweede jaar ondervinding.....	65,77	69,46	62,77	65,77	50,08	53,08	47,08	50,08
gedurende die derde jaar ondervinding.....	71,08	75,00	68,08	71,08	54,69	57,69	51,69	54,69
gedurende die vierde jaar ondervinding.....	76,38	80,54	73,38	76,38	59,31	62,31	56,31	59,31
daarna.....	81,69	86,08	78,69	81,69	63,92	66,92	60,92	63,92
Handelsreisiger se assistent.....	33,50	35,50	31,50	33,50	26,00	28,00	23,50	25,50
Klerk—								
vrou—								
gedurende die eerste jaar ondervinding.....	31,15	33,23	29,54	31,15	23,54	25,38	21,23	23,54
gedurende die tweede jaar ondervinding.....	34,38	36,58	32,65	34,38	25,96	27,92	23,65	25,96
gedurende die derde jaar ondervinding.....	37,62	39,92	35,77	37,62	28,38	30,46	26,08	28,38
gedurende die vierde jaar ondervinding.....	40,85	43,27	38,89	40,85	30,81	33,00	28,50	30,81
daarna.....	44,08	46,62	42,00	44,08	33,23	35,54	30,92	33,23
man—								
gedurende die eerste jaar ondervinding.....	33,92	36,23	32,08	33,92	25,27	27,69	22,85	25,27
gedurende die tweede jaar ondervinding.....	39,23	41,77	37,15	39,23	29,31	31,85	26,77	29,31
gedurende die derde jaar ondervinding.....	44,54	47,31	42,23	44,54	33,35	36,00	30,69	33,35
gedurende die vierde jaar ondervinding.....	49,85	52,85	47,31	49,85	37,38	40,15	34,62	37,38
gedurende die vyfde jaar ondervinding.....	55,15	58,38	52,38	55,15	41,42	44,31	38,54	41,42
daarna.....	60,46	63,92	57,46	60,46	45,46	48,46	42,46	45,46
Masjienfaktotum.....	47,00	51,00	43,00	47,00	37,00	40,00	34,00	37,00

	In die landdrosdistrikte Durban, Inanda, Pinetown en Port Elizabeth		In die landdrosdistrikte Bloemfontein, Oos-Londen en Pietermaritzburg		In die landdrosdistrik Kliprivier		In die landdrosdistrik Lichtenburg	
	Gedurende die eerste jaar nadat hierdie Vasstelling bindend word	Daarna	Gedurende die eerste jaar nadat hierdie Vasstelling bindend word	Daarna	Gedurende die eerste jaar nadat hierdie Vasstelling bindend word	Daarna	Gedurende die eerste jaar nadat hierdie Vasstelling bindend word	Daarna
	Per week R	Per week R	Per week R	Per week R	Per week R	Per week R	Per week R	Per week R
Masjienerwerker—								
vrou—								
gedurende die eerste jaar ondervinding.....	24,00	26,00	22,00	24,00	18,30	20,20	16,40	18,30
gedurende die tweede jaar ondervinding.....	28,75	30,75	26,75	28,75	21,90	24,20	19,60	21,90
daarna.....	33,50	35,50	31,50	33,50	25,50	28,20	22,80	25,50
man—								
gedurende die eerste jaar ondervinding.....	30,50	33,00	28,00	30,50	23,20	25,60	20,80	23,20
gedurende die tweede jaar ondervinding.....	35,50	38,00	33,00	35,50	26,90	29,70	24,00	26,90
daarna.....	40,50	43,00	38,00	40,50	30,60	33,80	27,40	30,60
Onderbaas.....	29,00	31,50	26,70	29,00	22,00	24,40	19,70	22,00
Snyer—								
gedurende die eerste jaar ondervinding.....	35,00	37,00	32,00	35,00	26,20	29,00	23,40	26,20
gedurende die tweede jaar ondervinding.....	43,50	46,00	40,50	43,50	32,60	36,00	29,20	32,60
gedurende die derde jaar ondervinding.....	52,00	55,00	49,00	52,00	39,00	43,00	34,90	39,00
daarna.....	60,50	64,00	57,50	60,50	45,40	50,00	40,60	45,40
Uitknipper—								
gedurende die eerste jaar ondervinding.....	30,50	33,00	28,00	30,50	23,20	25,60	20,80	23,20
gedurende die tweede jaar ondervinding.....	35,50	38,00	33,00	35,50	26,90	29,70	24,00	26,90
daarna.....	40,50	43,00	38,00	40,50	30,60	33,80	27,40	30,60
Voorman.....	85,00	89,00	82,00	85,00	66,00	69,00	63,00	66,00
Wag.....	27,75	30,00	25,50	27,75	21,00	23,30	18,80	21,00
Werknemer graad I—								
gedurende die eerste jaar ondervinding.....	26,00	28,00	24,00	26,00	19,70	21,80	17,60	19,70
gedurende die tweede jaar ondervinding.....	31,45	33,50	29,40	31,45	23,80	26,30	21,30	23,80
daarna.....	36,90	39,00	34,80	36,90	27,90	30,80	25,00	27,90
Werknemer graad II—								
vrou—								
gedurende die eerste ses maande ondervinding.....	20,00	21,60	18,40	20,00	15,20	16,80	13,60	15,20
daarna.....	23,50	25,50	21,60	23,50	17,80	19,70	16,00	17,80
man—								
gedurende die eerste ses maande ondervinding.....	25,00	27,00	23,00	25,00	19,00	21,00	17,00	19,00
daarna.....	27,75	30,00	25,50	27,75	21,00	23,30	18,80	21,00
Werknemer nie elders in hierdie klousule uitdruklik vermeld nie..	27,75	30,00	25,50	27,75	21,00	23,30	18,80	21,00

3. REMUNERATION

(1) The minimum wage which an employer shall pay to each member of the undermentioned classes of his employees shall be as set out hereunder:

(a) Employees, other than casual employees:

	In the Magisterial Districts of Durban, Inanda, Pinetown and Port Elizabeth		In the Magisterial Districts of Bloemfontein, East London and Pietermaritzburg		In the Magisterial District of Klip River		In the Magisterial District of Lichtenburg	
	During the first year after this Determination becomes binding	Thereafter	During the first year after this Determination becomes binding	Thereafter	During the first year after this Determination becomes binding	Thereafter	During the first year after this Determination becomes binding	Thereafter
Artisan.....	81,00	85,00	78,00	81,00	63,00	66,00	60,00	63,00
Assistant foreman.....	70,00	73,00	67,00	70,00	54,00	57,00	51,00	54,00
Blindhanger—								
during the first year of experience.....	35,00	37,00	32,00	35,00	26,20	29,00	23,40	26,20
during the second year of experience.....	43,50	46,00	40,50	43,50	32,60	36,00	29,20	32,60
during the third year of experience.....	52,00	55,00	49,00	52,00	39,00	43,00	34,90	39,00
thereafter.....	60,50	64,00	57,50	60,50	45,40	50,00	40,60	45,40
Chargehand.....	29,00	31,50	26,70	29,00	22,00	24,40	19,70	22,00
Chopper-out—								
during the first year of experience.....	30,50	33,00	28,00	30,50	23,20	25,60	20,80	23,20
during the second year of experience.....	35,50	38,00	33,00	35,50	26,90	29,70	24,00	26,90
thereafter.....	40,50	43,00	38,00	40,50	30,60	33,80	27,40	30,60
Clerk—								
female—								
during the first year of experience.....	31,15	33,23	29,54	31,15	23,54	25,38	21,23	23,54
during the second year of experience.....	34,38	36,58	32,65	34,38	25,96	27,92	23,65	25,96
during the third year of experience.....	37,62	39,92	35,77	37,62	28,38	30,46	26,08	28,38
during the fourth year of experience.....	40,85	43,27	38,89	40,85	30,81	33,00	28,50	30,81
thereafter.....	44,08	46,62	42,00	44,08	33,23	35,54	30,92	33,23
male—								
during the first year of experience.....	33,92	36,23	32,08	33,92	25,27	27,69	22,85	25,27
during the second year of experience.....	39,23	41,77	37,15	39,23	29,31	31,85	26,77	29,31
during the third year of experience.....	44,54	47,31	42,23	44,54	33,35	56,00	30,69	33,35
during the fourth year of experience.....	49,85	52,85	47,31	49,85	37,38	40,15	34,62	37,38
during the fifth year of experience.....	55,15	58,38	52,38	55,15	41,42	44,31	38,54	41,42
thereafter.....	60,46	63,92	57,46	60,46	45,46	48,46	42,46	45,46
Cutter—								
during the first year of experience.....	35,00	37,00	32,00	35,00	26,20	29,00	23,40	26,20
during the second year of experience.....	43,50	46,00	40,50	43,50	32,60	36,00	29,20	32,60
during the third year of experience.....	52,00	55,00	49,00	52,00	39,00	43,00	34,90	39,00
thereafter.....	60,50	64,00	57,50	60,50	45,40	50,00	40,60	45,40
Driver of a motor vehicle, the unladen mass of which together with the unladen mass of any trailer or trailers drawn by such vehicle—								
(i) does not exceed 450 kg.....	30,00	32,00	28,00	30,00	23,00	25,00	21,00	23,00
(ii) exceeds 450 kg but not 2 700 kg.....	37,00	39,50	35,00	37,00	28,50	31,00	26,00	28,50
(iii) exceeds 2 700 kg but not 4 500 kg.....	44,50	47,00	42,00	44,50	34,00	37,00	31,00	34,00
(iv) exceeds 4 500 kg.....	52,00	54,50	49,00	52,00	39,50	43,00	36,00	39,50
Foreman.....	85,00	89,00	82,00	85,00	66,00	69,00	63,00	66,00

	In the Magisterial Districts of Durban, Inanda, Pinetown and Port Elizabeth		In the Magisterial Districts of Bloemfontein, East London and Pietermaritzburg		In the Magisterial District of Klip River		In the Magisterial District of Lichtenburg	
	During the first year after this Determination becomes binding	Thereafter	During the first year after this Determination becomes binding	Thereafter	During the first year after this Determination becomes binding	Thereafter	During the first year after this Determination becomes binding	Thereafter
	Per week R	Per week R	Per week R	Per week R	Per week R	Per week R	Per week R	Per week R
Grade I employee—								
during the first year of experience.....	26,00	28,00	24,00	26,00	19,70	21,80	17,60	19,70
during the second year of experience.....	31,45	33,50	29,40	31,45	23,80	26,30	21,30	23,80
thereafter.....	36,90	39,00	34,80	36,90	27,90	30,80	25,00	27,90
Grade II employee—								
female—								
during the first six months of experience.....	20,00	21,60	18,40	20,00	15,20	16,80	13,60	15,20
thereafter.....	23,50	25,50	21,60	23,50	17,80	19,70	16,00	17,80
male—								
during the first six months of experience.....	25,00	27,00	23,00	25,00	19,00	21,00	17,00	19,00
thereafter.....	27,75	30,00	25,50	27,75	21,00	23,30	18,80	21,00
Handyman.....	37,50	40,50	34,50	37,50	28,50	31,50	25,50	28,50
Labourer—								
female.....	20,00	21,60	18,40	20,00	15,20	16,80	13,60	15,20
male—								
18 years of age or over.....	25,00	27,00	23,00	25,00	19,00	21,00	17,00	19,00
under 18 years of age.....	18,75	20,25	17,25	18,75	14,25	15,75	12,75	14,25
Machine handyman.....	47,00	51,00	43,00	47,00	37,00	40,00	34,00	37,00
Machinist—								
female—								
during the first year of experience.....	24,00	26,00	22,00	24,00	18,30	20,20	16,40	18,30
during the second year of experience.....	28,75	30,75	26,75	28,75	21,90	24,20	19,60	21,90
thereafter.....	33,50	35,50	31,50	33,50	25,50	28,20	22,80	25,50
male—								
during the first year of experience.....	30,50	33,00	28,00	30,50	23,20	25,60	20,80	23,20
during the second year of experience.....	35,50	38,00	33,00	35,50	26,90	29,70	24,00	26,90
thereafter.....	40,50	43,00	38,00	40,50	30,60	33,80	27,40	30,60
Traveller—								
during the first year of experience.....	60,46	63,92	57,46	60,46	45,46	48,46	42,46	45,46
during the second year of experience.....	65,77	69,46	62,77	65,77	50,08	53,08	47,08	50,08
during the third year of experience.....	71,08	75,00	68,08	71,08	54,69	57,69	51,69	54,69
during the fourth year of experience.....	76,38	80,54	73,38	76,38	59,31	62,31	56,31	59,31
thereafter.....	81,69	86,08	78,69	81,69	63,92	66,92	60,92	63,92
Traveller's assistant.....	33,50	35,50	31,50	33,50	26,00	28,00	23,50	25,50
Watchman.....	27,75	30,00	25,50	27,75	21,00	23,30	18,80	21,00
Employee not elsewhere in this clause specifically mentioned.....	27,75	30,00	25,50	27,75	21,00	23,30	18,80	21,00

(b) *Los werknemer*.—'n Los werknemer moet vir elke dag of gedeelte van 'n dag diens minstens een vyfde betaal word van die weekloon voorgeskryf vir 'n werknemer in dieselfde gebied en van dieselfde geslag wat dieselfde klas werk verrig as dié wat van die los werknemer vereis word: Met dien verstand dat—

(i) waar die werkgever van 'n los werknemer vereis om die werk te verrig van 'n klas werknemer vir wie 'n loon teen 'n stygende skaal voorgeskryf word, die uitdrukking "weekloon" beteken die weekloon wat vir 'n gekwalifiseerde werknemer van daardie klas voorgeskryf word;

(ii) waar die werkgever van 'n los werknemer vereis om vir 'n tydperk van hoogstens vier agtereenvolgende ure op enige dag te werk, sy loon vir daardie dag met hoogstens 50 persent verminder kan word.

(2) *Kontrakgrondslag*.—By die toepassing van hierdie klou-sule moet die dienskontrak van 'n werknemer, uitgesonderd 'n los werknemer, op 'n weeklikse grondslag berus en, behoudens klosule 4 (6), moet 'n werknemer vir 'n week minstens die volle weekloon betaal word wat by subklosule (1), gelees met subklosule (3), vir 'n werknemer van sy klas in die gebied waarin hy werk, voorgeskryf word, afgesien daarvan of hy in so 'n week die maksimum getal gewone werkure wat ingevolge klosule 5 vir hom geld, of minder, gewerk het.

(3) *Differensiële loon*.—'n Werkgever wat van 'n lid van een klas van sy werknemers vereis of hom toelaat om langer as altesaam een uur op 'n dag of benewens sy eie werk of in die plek daarvan werk van 'n ander klas te verrig waarvoor of—

(a) 'n hoër loon as dié van sy eie klas; of

(b) 'n stygende loonskaal wat uitloop op 'n hoër loon as dié van sy eie klas;

by subklosule (1) voorgeskryf word, moet ten opsigte van daardie dag aan sodanige werknemer die volgende betaal:

(i) In die geval in paragraaf (a) bedoel, minstens die dagloon bereken teen die hoër tarief; en

(ii) in die geval in paragraaf (b) bedoel, minstens die dagloon bereken op dié kerf in die stygende skaal onmiddellik bokant die loon wat die werknemer vir sy gewone werk ontvang het:

Met dien verstande dat—

(i) hierdie subklosule nie geld nie wanneer die verskil tussen die klasse ingevolge subklosule (1) op ouderdom, ondervinding of geslag berus;

(ii) tensy daar in 'n skriftelike kontrak tussen 'n werkgever en sy werknemer uitdruklik anders bepaal word, nik in hierdie Vasstelling só uitgelê mag word dat dit 'n werkgever belet om van sy werknemer te vereis om 'n ander klas werk te verrig waarvoor die voorgeskrewe loon die selfde of laer is as dié wat vir so 'n werknemer voorgeskryf word nie.

(4) *Loonberekening*.—(a) Die uurloon van 'n werknemer, uitgesonderd 'n los werknemer, is sy weekloon gedeel deur 45.

(b) Die dagloon van 'n werknemer, uitgesonderd 'n los werknemer, is sy weekloon gedeel deur—

(i) vyf, in die geval van 'n werknemer wat normaalweg vyf dae per week werk;

(ii) ses, in die geval van enige ander werknemer;

(c) Die maandloon van 'n werknemer is vier en 'n derde maal sy weekloon.

(5) *Vervoertoelae en -uitgawes*.—Benewens die betaling van enige ander besoldiging verskuldig aan—

(a) 'n handelsreisiger wat van sy werkgever se motorvoertuig gebruik maak of van wie vereis word om per trein of met enige ander vervoermiddel as sy eie te reis, moet sy werkgever hom vergoed vir alle redelike uitgawes wat hy by die uitvoering van sy pligte in verband met sodanige vervoer aangegaan het, en by die toepassing van hierdie subklosule word die koste verbonde aan die stallung van 'n motorvoertuig oornag geag 'n vervoeruitgawe te wees;

(b) 'n handelsreisiger van wie vereis word om 'n motorvoertuig vir die uitvoering van sy pligte te verskaf, moet sy werkgever hom vir elke kilometer wat hy by die uitvoering van sy pligte afgelê het, 'n vervoertoelae betaal word minstens—

(i) waar die enjinkapasiteit van die voertuig waarmee die werknemer aldus gereis het hoogstens $1\ 300\text{ cm}^3$ is: 10,00c;

(ii) waar die enjinkapasiteit van sodanige voertuig meer as $1\ 300\text{ cm}^3$ maar hoogstens $2\ 500\text{ cm}^3$ is: 12,00c;

(b) *Casual employee*.—A casual employee shall be paid in respect of every day or part of a day of employment not less than one-fifth of the weekly wage prescribed for an employee in the same area and of the same sex who performs the same class of work as the casual employee is, required to do: Provided that—

(i) where the employer requires a casual employee to perform the work of a class of employee for whom wages on a rising scale are prescribed, the expression "weekly wage" shall mean the weekly wage prescribed for a qualified employee of that class;

(ii) where the employer requires a casual employee to work for a period of not more than four consecutive hours on any day, his wage may be reduced by not more than 50 per cent in respect of that day.

(2) *Basis of contract*.—For the purposes of this clause the contract of employment of an employee, other than a casual employee, shall be on a weekly basis, and, save as provided in clause 4 (6), an employee shall be paid in respect of a week not less than the full weekly wage prescribed in sub-clause (1), read with subclause (3), for an employee of his class in the area in which he works, whether he has in that week worked the maximum number of ordinary hours of work applicable to him in terms of clause 5 or less.

(3) *Differential wage*.—An employer who requires or permits a member of one class of his employees to perform for longer than one hour in the aggregate on any day, either in addition to his own work or in substitution therefor, work of another class for which either—

(a) a wage higher than that of his own class; or
(b) a rising scale of wages terminating in a wage higher than that of his own class;

is prescribed in subclause (1), shall pay to such employee in respect of that day—

(i) in the case referred to in paragraph (a), not less than the daily wage calculated at the higher rate; and

(ii) in the case referred to in paragraph (b), not less than the daily wage calculated on the notch in the rising scale immediately above the wage which the employee was receiving for his ordinary work;

Provided that—

(i) this subclause shall not apply where the difference between classes in terms of subclause (1) is based on age, experience or sex;

(ii) unless expressly otherwise provided in a written contract between an employer and his employee, nothing in this Determination shall be so construed as to preclude an employer from requiring his employee to perform work of another class for which class the prescribed wage is the same as or lower than that prescribed for such employee.

(4) *Calculation of wages*.—(a) The hourly wage of an employee, other than a casual employee, shall be his weekly wage divided by 45.

(b) The daily wage of an employee, other than a casual employee, shall be his weekly wage divided by—

(i) five, in the case of an employee who normally works a five-day week;

(ii) six, in the case of any other employee.

(c) The monthly wage of an employee shall be four and a third times his weekly wage.

(5) *Transport allowance and expenses*.—In addition to paying any other remuneration due to—

(a) a traveller who uses his employer's motor transport or who is required to travel by train or any other means of conveyance than his own, his employer shall reimburse him all the reasonable expenses incurred by him in connection with such transport in the performance of his duties, and for the purposes of this subclause the cost of overnight garaging of motor transport shall be deemed to be a transport expense;

(b) a traveller who is required to provide motor transport for the performance of his duties, his employer shall pay him for each kilometre travelled in the performance of his duties a transport allowance of not less than—

(i) where the engine capacity of the vehicle in which the employee so travelled does not exceed $1\ 300\text{ cm}^3$: 10,00c;

(ii) where the engine capacity of such vehicle exceeds $1\ 300\text{ cm}^3$ but not $2\ 500\text{ cm}^3$: 12,00c;

(iii) waar die enjinkapasiteit van sodanige voertuig meer as 2 500 cm³ is: 14,00c.

(6) *Onderhoudstoelae en -uitgawes.*—Benewens die betaling van enige ander besoldiging verskuldig aan—

(a) 'n handelsreisiger wat op enige reis wat hy by die uitvoering van sy pligte onderneem, langer as ses agtereenvolgende ure van sy woonplek en sy werkgever se bedryfsinrigting afwesig is—

(i) moet sy werkgever hom vergoed vir alle redelike uitgawes wat hy in elke sodanige tydperk van afwesigheid wat nie oor 'n nag strek nie aan etes en tee vir homself aangegaan het;

(ii) moet sy werkgever hom 'n onderhoudstoelae van minstens R12 vir elke nag betaal as so 'n afwesigheid oor een of meer nagte strek;

(b) 'n handelsreisiger se assistent wat, wanneer hy 'n handelsreisiger vergesel op enige reis wat die handelsreisiger by die uitvoering van sy pligte onderneem, langer as ses agtereenvolgende ure van sy woonplek en sy werkgever se bedryfsinrigting afwesig is—

(i) moet sy werkgever hom vergoed vir alle redelike uitgawes wat hy in elke sodanige tydperk van afwesigheid wat nie oor 'n nag strek nie aan etes en tee vir homself aangegaan het;

(ii) moet sy werkgever hom 'n onderhoudstoelae van minstens R5,50 vir elke nag betaal as so 'n afwesigheid oor een of meer nagte strek:

Met dien verstande dat by die toepassing van hierdie subklousule die uitdrukking "nag" die tydperk tussen 23h00 en 04h00 beteken.

(7) *Betaling van vervoer- en onderhoudstoelae en -uitgawes.*—(a) 'n Werkgever moet alle toelaes en uitgawes wat ingevolge subklousules (5) en (6) aan 'n werknemer betaalbaar is, binne sewe dae nadat die werknemer dit skriftelik geëis het, aan hom betaal: Met dien verstande dat 'n werknemer elke sodanige eis binne een maand vanaf die tydstip waarop hy daarop geregtig geword het, moet indien maar dat hy nie meer as een eis in 'n week mag indien nie.

(b) 'n Werkgever kan van sy handelsreisiger vereis om elke eis so op te stel dat dit die volgende weergee:

(i) In die geval van 'n eis ingevolge subklousule (5) (a), die soort vervoer waarvan gebruik gemaak is en die verkooste aangegaan of die aard van alle ander uitgawes waaroor hy vergoeding eis;

(ii) in die geval van 'n eis ingevolge subklousule (5) (b), die afstand wat hy elke dag afgelê het, die plekke wat besoek is en, uitgesonderd in munisipale gebiede, die roete wat gevolis;

(iii) in die geval van 'n eis ingevolge subklousule (6), die tyd waarop elke tydperk van afwesigheid begin en geëindig het;

en ten einde hom in staat te stel om aan so 'n vereiste te voldoen, moet sy werkgever, voordat sodanige reis deur sodanige handelsreisiger onderneem word, aan hom 'n gesikte boek of vorms verskaf waarin of waarop gepaste aantekeninge gehou kan word.

(8) *Fietstoelae.*—'n Werkgever wat van 'n werknemer vereis om by die uitvoering van sy pligte sy eie fiets te gebruik, moet hom, benewens enige ander besoldiging aan hom verskuldig, 'n toelae van minstens 75c per week of, as hy 'n los werknemer is, minstens 15c per dag betaal.

4. BETALING VAN BESOLDIGING

(1) *Werknemers, uitgesonderd los werknemers.*—Behoudens klosules 3 (7) en 6 (4), moet elke bedrag verskuldig aan 'n werknemer, uitgesonderd 'n los werknemer, weekliks in kontant of, as die werknemer daar toe instem, maandeliks in kontant of per tjeuk betaal word gedurende die werkure, of binne 15 minute nadat die werk gestaak is, op die gewone betaaldag van die bedryfsinrigting vir so 'n werknemer of by diensbeëindiging, as dit voor die gewone betaaldag geskied, en sodanige bedrag moet in 'n verseëld e koevert of houer wees waarop, of wat vergezel moet gaan van 'n staat waarop die volgende gemeld word:

- (a) Die werkgever se naam;
- (b) die werknemer se naam of sy nommer op die betaalstaat en sy klas;
- (c) die getal gewone werkure wat die werknemer gewerk het;
- (d) die getal ure wat die werknemer oortyd gewerk het;
- (e) die getal ure wat die werknemer op 'n Sondag, of op 'n openbare vakansiedag in klosule 8 (2) bedoel, gewerk het;

(iii) where the engine capacity of such vehicle exceeds 2 500 cm³: 14,00c.

(6) *Subsistence allowance and expenses.*—In addition to paying any other remuneration due to—

(a) a traveller who, on any journey undertaken in the performance of his duties, is absent from his place of residence and his employer's establishment for any period in excess of six consecutive hours, his employer shall—

(i) reimburse him all reasonable expenses incurred by him for any meals and teas for himself during each such period of absence not extending over a night;

(ii) pay him a subsistence allowance of not less than R12 for each night where such absence extends over one or more nights;

(b) a traveller's assistant who, accompanying a traveller on any journey undertaken by the traveller in the performance of his duties, is absent from the place of his residence and his employer's establishment for any period in excess of six consecutive hours, his employer shall—

(i) reimburse him all reasonable expenses incurred by him for any meals and teas for himself during each such period of absence not extending over a night;

(ii) pay him a subsistence allowance of not less than R5,50 for each night where such absence extends over one or more nights:

Provided that for the purpose of this subclause the expression "night" means the period between 23h00 and 04h00.

(7) *Payment of transport and subsistence allowances and expenses.*—(a) Any allowances and expenses payable to an employee in terms of subclauses (5) and (6) shall be paid by an employer within seven days of the employee's written claim therefor: Provided that an employee shall submit any such claims within one month of entitlement but shall not submit more than one claim in any one week.

(b) An employer may require his traveller to frame any claim so that it shall reflect—

(i) in respect of any claim in terms of subclause (5) (a), the mode of travel employed and the transport expenses incurred or the nature of any other expense for which reimbursement is claimed;

(ii) in respect of any claim in terms of subclause (5) (b), the distance travelled each day, the points of call and, except in municipal areas, the route followed;

(iii) in respect of any claim in terms of subclause (6), the times of commencement and ending of each period of absence;

and to enable him to comply with such a requirement, his employer shall, before any such journey is undertaken by such traveller, provide him with a suitable book or forms in or on which to keep suitable records.

(8) *Bicycle allowance.*—An employer who requires an employee to use his own bicycle in the performance of his duties shall pay him, in addition to any remuneration due to him, an allowance of not less than 75c per week or, if he is a casual employee, not less than 15c per day.

4. PAYMENT OF REMUNERATION

(1) *Employees, other than casual employees.*—Save as provided in clauses 3 (7) and 6 (4), any amount due to an employee, other than a casual employee, shall be paid in cash weekly or, with the consent of the employee, in cash or by cheque monthly during the hours of work or within 15 minutes of ceasing work, on the usual pay-day of the establishment for such employee or on termination of employment if this takes place before the usual pay-day, and such amount shall be contained in a sealed envelope or container on which shall be recorded or which shall be accompanied by a statement showing—

- (a) the employer's name;
- (b) the employee's name or his number on the pay-roll and his class;
- (c) the number of ordinary hours of work worked by the employee;
- (d) the number of overtime hours worked by the employee;
- (e) the number of hours worked by the employee on a Sunday or a public holiday referred to in clause 8 (2);

(f) die werknemer se loon;
 (g) besonderhede van enige ander besoldiging wat uit die werknemer se diens voortspruit;
 (h) besonderhede van enige bedrag wat afgetrek is;
 (i) die werklike bedrag wat aan die werknemer betaal word;
 en
 (j) die tydperk waarvoor die betaling geskied;
 en sodanige koevert of houer waarop hierdie inligting aangeteken is of sodanige staat word die eiendom van die werknemer: Met dien verstande dat—

(i) op die skriftelike versoek van 'n werknemer, die bedrag aan hom verskuldig gestort kan word op sy bouvereniging of bankrekening deur die werkewer wat die betrokke kwitansie, tesame met voornoemde staat, aan hom moet oorhandig;

(ii) voornoemde inligting betreffende tyd gewerk nie verstrek hoof te word aan 'n werknemer wat ingevolge klosule 5 (9) (a), (b) of (c) van die werkurebepalings uitgesluit is nie.

(2) *Los werknemer.*—'n Werkewer moet die besoldiging wat aan 'n los werknemer verskuldig is, by die beëindiging van sy diens in kontant aan hom betaal.

(3) *Premies.*—Geen bedrag mag regstreeks of onregstreeks vir die indienstneming of opleiding van 'n werknemer aan 'n werkewer betaal of deur hom aangeneem word nie.

(4) *Koop van goedere.*—'n Werkewer mag nie van sy werknemer vereis om goedere van hom of van enige winkel, plek of persoon deur hom aangewys, te koop nie.

(5) *Kos en inwoning.*—Behoudens die Swartes (Stadsgebiede) Konsolidasiewet, 1945, mag 'n werkewer nie van sy werknemer vereis om kos of inwoning of kos en inwoning van hom of van enigiemand anders of op 'n plek deur hom aangewys, aan te neem nie.

(6) *Aftrekings.*—'n Werkewer mag sy werknemer geen boetes ople of enige bedrae van sy werknemer se besoldiging aftrek nie: Met dien verstande dat hy die volgende kan aftrek:

(a) Met die skriftelike toestemming van sy werknemer, 'n bedrag vir 'n vakansie-, siektebystand-, mediese hulpverserkings-, spaar-, voorsorg- of pensioenfonds, of vir ledegeld van vakverenigings;

(b) behoudens andersluidende bepalings in hierdie Vasselling, telkens wanneer 'n werknemer om 'n ander rede as op las of versoek van sy werkewer van sy werk afwesig is, 'n bedrag eweredig aan die tydperk van sy afwesigheid en bereken op die grondslag van die loon wat sodanige werknemer ten tyde van sodanige afwesigheid ten opsigte van sy gewone werkure ontvang het;

(c) enige bedrag wat 'n werkewer regtens of kragtens of ingevolge 'n bevel van 'n bevoegde hof mag of moet aftrek;

(d) wanneer 'n werknemer daar toe instem van daar ingevolge die Swartes (Stadsgebiede) Konsolidasiewet, 1945, van hom vereis word om kos en inwoning of kos of inwoning van sy werkewer aan te neem, 'n bedrag van hoogstens—

	Per week	Per maand
	R	R
(i) Kos.....	2,00	8,67
(ii) Inwoning.....	1,00	4,33
(iii) Kos en inwoning.....	3,00	13,00

(e) wanneer die gewone werkure by klosule 5 voorgeskryf, weens korttyd verminder word, 'n bedrag van hoogstens die werknemer (uitgesonderd 'n los werknemer) se uurloon vir elke uur van sodanige vermindering: Met dien verstande dat—

(i) sodanige aftrekking hoogstens een derde van die werknemer se weekloon is, ongeag die getal ure waarmee die gewone werkure aldus verminder word;

(ii) geen aftrekking ten opsigte van korttyd wat deur 'n slapte in die bedryf of 'n tekort aan grondstowwe of spoorwaens ontstaan, geskied nie tensy die werkewer sy werknemer op die vorige werkdag kennis gegee het van sy voorname om die gewone werkure te verminder;

(iii) geen aftrekking ten opsigte van korttyd geskied nie vir die eerste uur waarin daar nie gewerk word nie weens 'n onklaarraking van masjinerie of installasie of weens die feit dat die geboue onbruikbaar is of dreig om dit te word, tensy die werkewer sy werknemer op die vorige dag kennis gegee het dat daar geen werk sal wees nie;

(f) met die skriftelike toestemming van 'n werknemer, 'n bedrag wat 'n werkewer aan 'n organisasie betaal het of onderneem het om te betaal ten opsigte van—

(i) 'n paaiement op 'n lening wat aan sodanige werknemer toegestaan is vir die verkryging van 'n huis; of

(f) the employee's wage;
 (g) details of any other remuneration arising out of the employee's employment;
 (h) details of any deductions made;
 (i) the actual amount paid to the employee; and
 (j) the period in respect of which payment is made;

and such envelope or container on which these particulars are recorded or such statement shall become the property of the employee: Provided that—

(i) at the written request of an employee, the amount due to him may be paid into his building society or bank account by his employer who shall hand to him the relevant receipt together with the aforementioned statement;

(ii) the aforementioned information relating to time worked need not be furnished in respect of an employee who is excluded from the hours of work provisions by virtue of clause 5 (9) (a), (b) or (c).

(2) *Casual employee.*—An employer shall pay the remuneration due to a casual employee in cash on termination of his employment.

(3) *Premiums.*—No payment shall be made to or accepted by an employer, either directly or indirectly, in respect of the employment or training of an employee.

(4) *Purchase of goods.*—An employer shall not require his employee to purchase any goods from him or from any shop, place or person nominated by him.

(5) *Board and lodging.*—Save as provided in the Blacks (Urban Areas) Consolidation Act, 1945, an employer shall not require his employee to board or lodge or board and lodge with him or with any person or at any place nominated by him.

(6) *Deductions.*—An employer shall not levy any fines against his employee nor shall he make any deductions from his employee's remuneration: Provided that he may make the following:

(a) With the written consent of his employee, a deduction for holiday, sick benefit, medical aid, insurance, savings, provident or pension funds, or subscriptions to a trade union;

(b) except where otherwise provided in this Determination, whenever an employee is absent from work, other than on the instructions or at the request of his employer, a deduction proportionate to the period of his absence and calculated on the basis of the wage which such employee was receiving in respect of his ordinary hours of work at the time of such absence;

(c) a deduction of any amount which an employer by law or order of any competent court is required or permitted to make;

(d) whenever an employee agrees or is required in terms of the Blacks (Urban Areas) Consolidation Act, 1945, to accept board and lodging or board or lodging with his employer, a deduction not exceeding the amounts specified hereunder:

	Per week	Per month
	R	R
(i) Board.....	2,00	8,67
(ii) Lodging.....	1,00	4,33
(iii) Board and lodging.....	3,00	13,00

(e) whenever the ordinary hours of work prescribed in clause 5 are reduced on account of short-time, a deduction exceeding the amount of the employee's (other than a casual employee's) hourly wage in respect of each hour of such reduction: Provided that—

(i) such deduction shall not exceed one third of the employee's weekly wage, irrespective of the number of hours by which the ordinary hours of work are thus reduced;

(ii) no deduction shall be made in the case of short-time arising out of slackness of trade or shortage of raw materials or railway trucks unless the employer has given his employee notice on the previous work-day of his intention to reduce the ordinary hours of work;

(iii) no deduction shall be made in the case of short-time owing to a breakdown of plant or machinery or a breakdown or threatened breakdown of buildings, in respect of the first hour not worked, unless the employer has given his employee notice on the previous day that no work will be available;

(f) with the written consent of an employee, a deduction of any amount which an employer has paid or has undertaken to pay to any organisation in respect of—

(i) any instalment on a loan granted to such employee for the acquisition of a house; or

<p>(ii) die huur van 'n huis of huisvesting in 'n tehuis wat sodanige werknemer bewoon;</p> <p>indien die huis of tehuis verskaf is deur bemiddeling van sodanige organisasie uitsluitlik of gedeeltelik uit fondse wat vir daardie doel voorgeskiet is deur die Departement van Gemeenskapsbou, 'n bougenootskap of 'n plaaslike owerheid.</p> <p>5. WERKURE, GEWONE EN OORTYD-, EN BETALING VIR OORTYDWERK</p> <p>(1) <i>Gewone werkure.</i>—'n Werkewer mag nie van 'n werknemer, uitgesonderd 'n los werknemer, vereis of hom toelaat om meer gewone werkure te werk nie as—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) in die geval van 'n werknemer wat ses dae per week werk— <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) 45 in 'n week van Maandag tot en met Saterdag; en (ii) behoudens subparagraph (i) hiervan, sewe en 'n half op 'n bepaalde dag, tensy die ure op een dag hoogstens vyf is, wanneer die ure op enigeen van die ander dae tot agt en 'n kwart verleng kan word; (b) in die geval van 'n werknemer wat vyf dae per week werk— <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) 45 in 'n week van Maandag tot en met Vrydag; en (ii) behoudens subparagraph (i) hiervan, nege en 'n kwart op 'n dag. <p>(2) 'n Werkewer mag nie van 'n los werknemer vereis of hom toelaat om meer gewone werkure as agt en 'n half op 'n dag te werk nie.</p> <p>(3) <i>Etenposes.</i>—'n Werkewer mag nie van 'n werknemer vereis of hom toelaat om meer as vyf uur aaneen sonder 'n etenspose van minstens een uur te werk nie, en gedurende sodanige pose mag daar nie van sodanige werknemer vereis word of mag hy nie toegelaat word om enige werk te verrig nie, en sodanige pose maak nie deel van die gewone werkure of oortydure uit nie: Met dien verstande dat—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) 'n werkewer met sy werknemer ooreen kan kom om die duur van sodanige pose tot minstens 'n halfuur te verkort, en in dié geval en nadat die werkewer die Afdeelingsinspekteur, Departement van Mannekragbenutting, vir sy gebied skriftelik in kennis gestel het van sodanige ooreenkoms, kan die pose aldus verkort word; (ii) werktydperke wat deur posse van minder as een uur onderbreek word, uitgesonderd waar voorbehoudbepaling (i) of (v) van toepassing is, geag word aan-enlopend te wees; (iii) as sodanige pose langer as een uur is, behalwe waar voorbehoudbepaling (vii) van toepassing is, enige tyd wat een en 'n kwart uur te boewe gaan, geag word werktyd te wees; (iv) alleenlik een sodanige pose gedurende 'n werknemer se gewone werkure op 'n dag nie deel van die gewone werkure mag uitmaak nie; (v) wanneer daar, vanweë oortyd wat gwerk is, van 'n werkewer vereis word om op enige dag 'n tweede etenspose aan 'n werknemer toe te staan, sodanige pose tot minstens 15 minute verkort mag word; (vi) 'n drywer van 'n motorvoertuig wat gedurende sodanige pose geen ander werk verrig as om in beheer van die voertuig te wees of te bly nie, by die toepassing van hierdie subklousules geag word nie gedurende sodanige pose te gewerk het nie; (vii) in die geval van 'n werknemer wat uitsluitlik of hoofsaaklik persele of passasiervoertuie skoonmaak, waar sodanige pose langer as drie uur is, enige tyd wat daar die pose te boewe gaan, geag word deel van die gewone werkure uit te maak. <p>(4) <i>Ruspouses.</i>—'n Werkewer moet, so na as doenlik aan die middel van elke eerste en tweede werktydperk van die dag, aan elkeen van sy werknemers 'n ruspouse van minstens 10 minute toestaan waarin daar nie van sodanige werknemer vereis of hy nie toegelaat mag word om werk te verrig nie, en daar word geag dat so 'n pose deel van die gewone werkure van so 'n werknemer uitmaak.</p> <p>(5) <i>Werkure moet agtereenvolgend wees.</i>—Behoudens subklousules (3) en (4), moet alle werkure van 'n werknemer op elke dag agtereenvolgend wees.</p> <p>(6) <i>Beperking van oortydwerk.</i>—'n Werkewer mag nie van 'n werknemer vereis of hom toelaat om langer oortyd te werk nie as—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) in die geval van 'n los werknemer, twee uur op 'n bepaalde dag; (b) in die geval van enige ander werknemer, 10 uur in 'n bepaalde week. 	<p>(ii) the rent of any house or accommodation in any hostel occupied by such employee;</p> <p>if such a house or hostel was provided through the agency of such organisation wholly or partly with funds advanced for that purpose by the Department of Community Development, a building society or a local authority.</p> <p>5. HOURS OF WORK, ORDINARY AND OVERTIME, AND PAYMENT FOR OVERTIME</p> <p>(1) <i>Ordinary hours of work.</i>—An employer shall not require or permit an employee, other than a casual employee, to work more ordinary hours of work than—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) in the case of an employee who works a six-day week— <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) 45 in any week from Monday to Saturday, inclusive; and (ii) subject to subparagraph (i) hereof, seven and a half on any day, unless the hours on one day do not exceed five, in which case the hours on any of the other days may be extended to eight and a quarter; (b) in the case of an employee who works a five-day week <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) 45 in any week from Monday to Friday, inclusive; and (ii) subject to subparagraph (i) hereof, nine on any day. <p>(2) An employer shall not require or permit a casual employee to work more ordinary hours of work than eight and a half on any day.</p> <p>(3) <i>Meal intervals.</i>—An employer shall not require or permit an employee to work for more than five hours continuously without a meal interval of not less than one hour during which interval such employee shall not be required or permitted to perform any work, and such interval shall not form part of the ordinary hours of work or overtime: Provided that—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) an employer may agree with his employee to reduce the period of such interval to not less than half-an-hour, and in that event, and after the employer has informed the Divisional Inspector, Department of Manpower Utilisation, for his area, in writing, of such agreement, the interval may be so reduced; (ii) periods of work interrupted by intervals of less than one hour, except when proviso (i) or (v) applies, shall be deemed to be continuous; (iii) if such interval be longer than one hour, except when proviso (vii) applies, any period in excess of one and a quarter hours shall be deemed to be time worked; (iv) only one such interval during the ordinary hours of work of an employee on any day shall not form part of the ordinary hours of work; (v) when on any day by reason of overtime work an employer is required to give an employee a second meal interval, such interval may be reduced to not less than 15 minutes; (vi) a driver of a motor vehicle who during such interval does no work other than being or remaining in charge of the vehicle shall be deemed for the purposes of this sub-clause not to have worked during such interval; (vii) in the case of an employee who is wholly or mainly engaged in cleaning premises or vehicles used for the transportation of passengers, if such interval be longer than three hours, any period in excess of three hours shall be deemed to form part of the ordinary hours of work. <p>(4) <i>Rest intervals.</i>—An employer shall grant to each of his employees a rest interval of not less than 10 minutes as nearly as practicable in the middle of each first work period and second work period of the day and during such interval such employee shall not be required or permitted to perform any work, and such interval shall be deemed to be part of the ordinary hours of work of such employee.</p> <p>(5) <i>Hours of work to be consecutive.</i>—Save as provided in subclauses (3) and (4), all hours of work of an employee on any day shall be consecutive.</p> <p>(6) <i>Limitation of overtime.</i>—An employer shall not require or permit an employee to work overtime for more than—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) in the case of a casual employee, two hours on any day; (b) in the case of any other employee, 10 hours in any week.
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(7) *Vroulike werknemers.*—Ondanks andersluidende bepaling in hierdie klousule, mag 'n werkgever nie van 'n vroulike werknemer vereis of haar toelaat om—

- (a) tussen 18h00 en 06h00 te werk nie;
- (b) op meer as vyf dae in 'n week na 13h00 te werk nie;
- (c) meer as twee uur oortyd op 'n dag te werk nie, behalwe dat 'n werknemer wat vyf dae per week werk, op 'n Saterdag tot vier uur oortyd mag werk, maar dan só dat die oortydwerk hoogstens 10 uur in 'n week is;
- (d) op meer as drie agtereenvolgende dae in 'n week oortyd te werk nie;
- (e) op meer as 60 dae in 'n jaar oortyd te werk nie;
- (f) na voltooiing van haar gewone werkure meer as een uur op 'n dag oortyd te werk nie, tensy hy—

(i) sodanige werknemer voor die middag kennis daarvan gegee het; of

(ii) sodanige werknemer van 'n ete van minstens 60c voorsien en haar genoeg tyd gelaat het om dit te nuttig voordat sy met die oortydwerk moet begin; of

(iii) sodanige werknemer minstens 60c betyds betaal het om haar in staat te stel om 'n ete te verky en te nuttig voordat sy met die oortydwerk moet begin.

(8) *Betaling vir oortydwerk.*—'n Werkgever moet 'n werknemer wat oortyd werk, betaal teen minstens—

(a) in die geval van 'n los werknemer, een en 'n derde maal sy gewone loon ten opsigte van die totale tydperk aldus deur sodanige werknemer op 'n dag gewerk;

(b) in die geval van 'n ander werknemer, een en 'n derde maal sy gewone loon ten opsigte van die totale tydperk aldus deur sodanige werknemer in 'n week gewerk.

(9) *Voorbehoudbepalings.*—(a) Subklousules (1) tot en met (8), is nie van toepassing nie op—

(i) 'n handelsreisiger of 'n handelsreisiger se assistent;

(ii) 'n voorman, 'n senior bestuurs- of administratiewe werknemer of 'n tegniese of professionele werknemer indien en solank so 'n werknemer gereeld 'n loon ontvang van—

(aa) minstens R600 per maand in die landdrosdistrikte Durban, Inanda, Pietermaritzburg en Pinetown en die municipale gebiede van Bloemfontein, Oos-Londen en Port Elizabeth;

(ab) minstens R550 per maand in die landdrosdistrik Kliprivier;

(ac) minstens R500 per maand in die ander gebiede wat deur die Vasselling gedek word;

(iii) 'n wag wie se werkgever hom 'n vry periode van minstens 24 agtereenvolgende ure in elke week diens toestaan: Met dien verstande dat—

(i) hy geen bedrag van sy wag se loon ten opsigte daarvan aftrek nie;

(ii) 'n werkgever, in plaas daarvan dat hy sodanige vry periode aan sy wag toestaan, sodanige wag dié loon kan betaal wat hy sou ontvang het indien hy nie gedurende sodanige periode gewerk het nie, plus 'n bedrag van minstens dubbel sy dagloon ten opsigte van sodanige vry periode wat nie toegestaan is nie.

(b) Subklousules (3), (4), (5) en (6) is nie op 'n werknemer van toepassing nie terwyl hy noodwerk verrig;

(c) subklousule (4) is nie van toepassing op 'n drywer van 'n motorvoertuig of 'n arbeider wat sodanige drywer van 'n motorvoertuig op sy rondes vergesel nie.

6. JAARLIKSE VERLOF

(1) Behoudens subklousule (2), moet 'n werkgever aan sy werknemer, uitgesonderd 'n los werknemer, ten opsigte van elke voltooide tydperk van 12 maande diens by hom verlof soos volg toestaan en moet die werknemer sodanige verlof neem:

(a) In die geval van 'n handelsreisiger, 'n handelsreisiger se assistent of 'n wag, 21 agtereenvolgende dae;

(b) in die geval van alle ander werknemers, 14 agtereenvolgende dae;

en moet hy sodanige werknemer ten opsigte van sodanige verlof die volgende betaal:

(i) In die geval van 'n werknemer in paragraaf (a) bedoel, 'n bedrag van minstens drie maal die weekloon wat hy onmiddellik voor die aanvangsdatum van die verlof ontvang het;

(7) *Female employees.*—Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this clause, an employer shall not require or permit a female employee to work—

- (a) between 18h00 and 06h00;
- (b) after 13h00 on more than five days a week;

(c) overtime for more than two hours on any day, except that an employee who works a five-day week may work up to four hours overtime on a Saturday, but so that 10 hours are not exceeded in any week;

(d) overtime on more than three consecutive days in any week;

(e) overtime on more than 60 days in any year;

(f) overtime after completion of her ordinary hours of work for more than one hour on any day unless he has—

(i) before midday given notice thereof to such employee; or

(ii) provided such employee with a meal of not less than 60c and allowed her sufficient time to have it before she has to commence overtime; or

(iii) paid such employee not less than 60c in sufficient time to enable her to obtain and have a meal before overtime is due to commence.

(8) *Payment for overtime.*—An employer shall pay an employee who works overtime at a rate of not less than—

(a) in the case of a casual employee, one and a third times his ordinary wage in respect of the total period so worked by such employee on any day;

(b) in the case of any other employee, one and a third times his ordinary wage in respect of the total period so worked by such employee in any week.

(9) *Savings.*—(a) The provisions of subclauses (1) to (8), inclusive, shall not apply to—

(i) a traveller or a traveller's assistant;

(ii) a foreman, a senior managerial or administrative employee or a technical or professional employee if and for so long as such employee is in receipt of a regular wage at a rate of—

(aa) not less than R600 per month in the Magisterial Districts of Durban, Inanda, Pietermaritzburg and Pinetown and the municipal areas of Bloemfontein, East London and Port Elizabeth;

(ab) not less than R550 per month in the Magisterial District of Klip River;

(ac) not less than R500 per month in the other areas covered by the Determination;

(iii) a watchman whose employer grants him a free period of not less than 24 consecutive hours in respect of every week of employment: Provided that—

(i) he makes no deduction from his watchman's wage in respect thereof;

(ii) an employer may, in lieu of granting his watchman any such free period, pay such watchman the wage which he would have received if he had not worked during such period, plus an amount of not less than double his daily wage in respect of such period not granted.

(b) The provisions of subclauses (3), (4), (5) and (6) shall not apply to an employee while he is engaged on emergency work.

(c) The provisions of subclause (4) shall not apply to a driver of a motor vehicle or a labourer who accompanies such a driver of a motor vehicle on his rounds.

6. ANNUAL LEAVE

(1) Subject to the provisions of subclause (2), an employer shall grant to his employee, other than a casual employee, and the employee shall take, in respect of each completed period of 12 months of employment with him—

(a) in the case of a traveller, traveller's assistant or a watchman, 21 consecutive day's leave;

(b) in the case of every other employee, two weeks' plus two work-days' leave,

and shall pay such employee in respect of such leave—

(i) in the case of an employee referred to in paragraph (a), an amount of not less than three times the weekly wage which the employee was receiving immediately prior to the date on which the leave commenced;

(ii) in die geval van 'n werknemer in paragraaf (b) bedoel, 'n bedrag van minstens twee maal die weekloon wat hy onmiddellik voor die aanvangsdatum van die verlof ontvang het:

Met dien verstande dat, by die toepassing van hierdie klousule—

(i) die weekloon van 'n handelsreisiger wat kommissie-werk doen, bereken word deur die besoldiging wat uit hoofde van sy ooreenkoms ingevolge klousule 9 (7) aan hom betaalbaar is ten opsigte van die 12 maande onmiddellik voor die datum waarop die verlof hom toekom, deur 52 te deel of, indien hy minder as 12 maande aldus gewerk het, deur die totale besoldiging wat aldus vir sodanige dienstydperk aan hom betaalbaar is, deur die getal voltooide weke in sodanige tydperk te deel;

(ii) die weekloon van 'n werknemer wat stukwerk verrig, bereken word op die grondslag uiteengesit in artikel 20 (5) van die Wet op Fabrieke, Masjinerie en Bouwerk, 1941.

(2) Die verlof by subklousule (1) voorgeskryf, moet toegestaan en geneem word op 'n tyd wat die werkewer bepaal: Met dien verstande dat—

(i) as sodanige verlof nie eerder toegestaan is nie, dit, behoudens subklousule (3), so toegestaan moet word dat dit binne vier maande begin na voltooiing van die 12 maande diens waarop dit betrekking het of, as die werkewer en sy werknemer voor die verstryking van genoemde tydperk van vier maande skriftelik daartoe ooreengekomm het, die werkewer sodanige verlof aan die werknemer moet toestaan met ingang van 'n datum uiterlik twee maande na die verstryking van genoemde tydperk van vier maande.

(ii) die tydperk van verlof nie mag saamval nie met—

(aa) siekterverlof wat ingevolge klousule 7 toegestaan is, of met afwesigheid van werk weens ongesiktheid in die omstandighede uiteengesit in klousule 7 (5) (a) of (b) en wel tot 'n totaal, in enige jaar, van hoogstens 10 weke;

(ab) enige tydperk waarin die werknemer kennisgewing van diensbeëindiging ingevolge klousule 12 uitdien of militêre opleiding of diens kragtens die Verdedigingswet, 1957, ondergaan, tensy die werknemer dit versoek en die werkewer skriftelik daartoe instem;

(iii) as Nuwejaarsdag, Goeie Vrydag, Hemelvaartsdag, Republiekdag, Geloftedag of Kersdag binne die tydperk van sodanige verlof val, daar vir elke sodanige vakansiedag nog 'n werkdag by gemelde tydperk gevoeg moet word as 'n verdere tydperk van verlof en dat die werknemer vir elke sodanige dag wat bygevoeg word, 'n bedrag van minstens sy dagloon betaal moet word;

(iv) 'n werkewer al die dae geleenthedsverlof wat op die skriftelike versoek van sy werknemer met volle besoldiging aan hom toegestaan is gedurende die tydperk van 12 maande diens waarop die verloftydperk betrekking het, van sodanige verloftydperk kan aftrek.

(3) (a) Op die skriftelike versoek van sy werknemer kan 'n werkewer toelaat dat die verlof oor 'n tydperk van hoogstens 24 maande diens oploop: Met dien verstande dat—

(i) sodanige werknemer so 'n versoek doen binne vier maande na verstryking van die eerste tydperk van 12 maande diens waarop die verlof betrekking het, en

(ii) die werkewer die datum van ontvangs van sodanige versoek daarop aanbring en dit onderteken en die versoek minstens na verstryking van die verloftydperk bewaar.

(b) Subklousule (2) is *mutatis mutandis* van toepassing op die verlof in hierdie subklousule bedoel.

(4) Die besoldiging ten opsigte van die verlof voorgeskryf by subklousule (1), gelees met subklousule (3), moet uiterlik op die laaste werkdag voor die aanvangsdatum van die verlof betaal word.

(5) Aan 'n werknemer wie se diens gedurende enige dienstermyn van 12 maande eindig voordat die verloftydperk by subklousule (1) voorgeskryf ten opsigte van so 'n termyn opgeloop het, moet daar by sodanige diensbeëindiging, benewens enige ander besoldiging wat aan hom verskuldig mag wees, vir elke voltooide maand van sodanige dienstermyn 'n bedrag betaal word van minstens—

(a) in die geval van 'n werknemer in subklousule (1) (a) bedoel, een vierde van die weekloon; en
 (b) in die geval van 'n werknemer in subklousule (1) (b) bedoel, een sesde van die weekloon;

wat hy onmiddellik voor die datum van sodanige diensbeëindiging ontvang het: Met dien verstande dat 'n werkewer ten opsigte van 'n tydperk van geleenthedsverlof wat hy op

(ii) in the case of an employee referred to in paragraph (b), an amount of not less than double the weekly wage plus double the daily wage which the employee was receiving immediately prior to the date on which the leave commenced:

Provided that for the purposes of this clause—

(i) the weekly wage of a traveller who is employed on commission work shall be calculated by dividing the remuneration payable to him by virtue of his agreement in accordance with clause 9 (7) in respect of the 12 months immediately preceding the date of the accrual of his leave by 52 or, if he has had less than 12 months of such employment, by dividing the total remuneration so payable to him during his period of such employment by the number of completed weeks in such period;

(ii) the weekly wage of any employee who is engaged on piecework shall be calculated on the basis set out in section 20 (5) of the Factories, Machinery and Building Work Act, 1941.

(2) The leave prescribed in subclause (1) shall be granted and be taken at a time to be fixed by the employer: Provided that—

(i) if such leave has not been granted earlier, it shall, save as provided in subclause (3), be granted so as to commence within four months after the completion of the 12 months of employment to which it relates or, if the employer and employee have agreed thereto in writing before the expiration of the said period of four months, the employer shall grant such leave to the employee as from a date not later than two months after the expiration of the said period of four months;

(ii) the period of leave shall not be concurrent with—

(aa) sick leave granted in terms of clause 7 or with absence from work owing to incapacity in the circumstances set out in clause 7 (5) (a) or (b) amounting in the aggregate to not more than 10 weeks in any one year;

(ab) any period during which the employee is under notice of termination of employment in terms of clause 12 or is absent from work undergoing military training or service under the Defence Act, 1957, unless the employee so requests and the employer so agrees, in writing;

(iii) if New Year's Day, Good Friday, Ascension Day, Republic Day, Day of the Covenant or Christmas Day falls within the period of such leave, another work-day shall for each such holiday be added to the said period as a further period of leave and the employee shall be paid an amount of not less than his daily wage in respect of each such day added;

(iv) an employer may set off against such period of leave any days of occasional leave granted on full pay to his employee at such employee's written request during the period of 12 months of employment to which the period of leave relates.

(3) (a) At the written request of his employee, an employer may permit the leave to accumulate over a period of not more than 24 months of employment: Provided that—

(i) the request is made by such employee not later than four months after the expiration of the first period of 12 months of employment to which the leave relates; and

(ii) the date of the receipt of the request is endorsed on the request over his signature by the employer, who shall retain the request at least until after the expiration of the period of leave.

(b) The provisions of subclause (2) shall *mutatis mutandis* apply to the leave referred to in this subclause.

(4) The remuneration in respect of the leave prescribed in subclause (1), read with subclause (3), shall be paid not later than the last work-day before the date of commencement of the leave.

(5) An employee whose employment terminates during any period of 12 months of employment before the period of leave prescribed in subclause (1) in respect of that period has accrued shall, upon such termination and in addition to any other remuneration which may be due to him, be paid in respect of each completed month of such period of employment an amount of not less than—

(a) in the case of an employee referred to in subclause (1) (a), one-fourth; and
 (b) in the case of an employee referred to in subclause (1) (b), one-sixth;

of the weekly wage he was receiving immediately before the date of such termination: Provided that an employer may

die skriftelike versoek van 'n werknemer met volle besoldiging aan die werknemer toegestaan het, 'n eweredige bedrag kan afrek: Voorts met dien verstande dat, behoudens klosule 12 (4), 'n werknemer—

(i) wat sy diens verlaat sonder om die kennis te gee en die kennisgewingstermyne uit te dien wat by klosule 12 voorgeskryf word, tensy die werkgever van sodanige kennisgewing afgesien het of tensy die werknemer sy werkgewer betaal het in plaas daarvan om aldus kennis te gee; of

(ii) wat sy diens sonder 'n regsgeldige rede verlaat; of

(iii) wat sonder kennisgewing deur sy werkgever ontslaan word om 'n rede wat vir sodanige ontslag sonder kennisgewing regsgeldig is;

op geen betaling uit hoofde van hierdie subklosule geregtig is nie.

(6) 'n Werknemer wat geregtig geword het op 'n tydperk van verlof voorgeskryf by subklosule (1), gelees met subklosule (3), en wie se diens eindig voordat sodanige verlof toegestaan is, moet by sodanige diensbeëindiging die bedrag betaal word wat hy ten opsigte van die verlof sou ontvang het as die verlof op die datum van diensbeëindiging aan hom toegestaan was.

(7) By die toepassing van hierdie klosule word die uitdrukking "diens" geag te omvat—

(a) enige tydperk ten opsigte waarvan 'n werkgever 'n werknemer ingevolge klosule 12 betaal in plaas van kennis te gee;

(b) enige tydperk wat 'n werknemer afwesig is—

(i) met verlof ingevolge hierdie klosule;

(ii) met siekterverlof ingevolge klosule 7 of weens ongeskiktheid in die omstandighede uiteengesit in klosule 7 (5) (a) of (b);

(iii) op las of versoek van sy werkgever;

en wel tot 'n totaal, in enige jaar, van hoogstens 10 weke; en

(c) enige tydperk wat 'n werknemer afwesig is vir militêre opleiding of diens ingevolge die Verdedigingswet, 1957: Met dien verstande dat 'n werknemer nie geregtig is om meer as vier maande van een sodanige opleidingsydperk as diens te eis nie;

en word diens geag te begin—

(i) in die geval van 'n werknemer wat, voordat hierdie Vasstelling bindend geword het, kragtens enige wet op 'n tydperk van jaarlike verlof geregtig geword het, op die datum waarop sodanige werknemer laas kragtens sodanige wet op verlof geregtig geword het;

(ii) in die geval van 'n werknemer wat, voordat hierdie Vasstelling bindend geword het, in diens was en op wie enige wet wat vir jaarlike verlof voorsiening maak, van toepassing was maar wat nog nie daarkragtens op 'n tydperk van verlof geregtig geword het nie, op die aanvangsdatum van sodanige diens;

(iii) in die geval van alle ander werknemers, op die datum waarop sodanige werknemer by sy werkgever in diens getree het of op die datum waarop hierdie Vasstelling bindend geword het, en wel op die jongste van die twee datums;

(8) (a) Ondanks andersluidende bepalings in hierdie klosule, kan 'n werkgever vir die doel van jaarlike verlof, te eniger tyd, maar hoogstens een maal in 'n tydperk van 12 maande, sy bedryfsinrigting of 'n gedeelte van sy bedryfsinrigting sluit vir 'n tydperk van twee weke en twee werkdae, plus alle addisionele dae wat moontlik uit hoofde van voorbehoudbepaling (iii) van subklosule (2) daarby gevoeg moet word.

(b) 'n Werknemer wat op die sluitingsdatum van 'n bedryfsinrigting of gedeelte van 'n bedryfsinrigting waarin hy werkzaam is, nie geregtig is nie op die volle tydperk van die jaarlike verlof by subklosule (1) (b) voorgeskryf moet, ten opsigte van enige verlof wat aan hom verskuldig is, deur sy werkgever betaal word op die grondslag in subklosule (5) vermeld, en vir die doel van jaarlike verlof daarna word sy diens geag te begin op die datum waarop die bedryfsinrigting of gedeelte van die bedryfsinrigting, na gelang van die geval, aldus sluit.

7. SIEKTEVERLOF

(1) Behoudens subklosule (2), moet 'n werkgever aan sy werknemer, uitgesonderd 'n los werknemer, wat weens ongeskiktheid van die werk afwesig is, siekterverlof toestaan van—

(a) in die geval van 'n werknemer wat normaalweg vyf dae per week werk, altesaam minstens 20 werkdae; en

make a proportionate deduction in respect of any period of occasional leave granted to an employee on full pay at his written request: Provided further that subject to clause 12 (4) an employee—

(i) who leaves his employment without having given and served the period of notice prescribed in clause 12, unless the employer has waived such notice or the employee has paid the employer in lieu of notice; or

(ii) who leaves his employment without cause recognised by law as sufficient; or

(iii) who is dismissed by his employer without notice for any cause recognised by law as sufficient for such dismissal without notice;

shall not be entitled to any payment by virtue of this sub-clause.

(6) An employee who has become entitled to a period of leave prescribed in subclause (1), read with subclause (3), and whose employment terminates before such leave has been granted, shall upon such termination be paid the amount he would have received in respect of the leave had the leave been granted to him as at the date of the termination.

(7) For the purposes of this clause the expression "employment" shall be deemed to include—

(a) any period in respect of which an employer, in terms of clause 12, pays an employee in lieu of notice;

(b) any period during which an employee is absent—

(i) on leave in terms of this clause;

(ii) on sick leave in terms of clause 7 or owing to incapacity in the circumstances set out in clause 7 (5) (a) or (b);

(iii) on the instructions or at the request of his employer; amounting in the aggregate in any year to not more than 10 weeks; and

(c) any period during which an employee is absent undergoing military training or service in pursuance of the Defence Act, 1957: Provided that an employee shall not be entitled to claim as employment more than four months of any one period of such training or service;

and employment shall be deemed to commence—

(i) in the case of an employee who had before this Determination became binding, had become entitled to a period of annual leave in terms of any law, on the date on which such employee last became entitled to such leave under such law;

(ii) in the case of an employee who was in employment before this Determination became binding and to whom any law providing for annual leave applied but who had not become entitled to a period of leave in terms thereof, on the date on which such employment commenced;

(iii) in the case of any other employee, on the date on which such employee entered his employer's service or on the date on which this Determination became binding, whichever is the later.

(8) (a) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this clause, an employer may for the purposes of annual leave at any time, but not more than once in any period of 12 months, close his establishment or part of his establishment for a period of two weeks and two work-days, plus any additional days that may have to be added by virtue of the third proviso to subclause (2).

(b) An employee who, at the date of the closing of an establishment or part thereof in which he is employed, is not entitled to the full period of annual leave prescribed in subclause (1) (b) shall, in respect of any leave due to him, be paid by his employer on the basis set out in subclause (5), and for the purposes of annual leave thereafter his employment shall be deemed to commence on the date of such closing of the establishment or part of the establishment, as the case may be.

7. SICK LEAVE

(1) Subject to subclause (2), an employer shall grant to his employee, other than a casual employee, who is absent from work through incapacity—

(a) in the case of an employee who normally works a five-day week, not less than 20 work-days; and

(b) in die geval van enige ander werknemer, altesaam minstens 24 werkdae;

gedurende elke siklus van 24 agtereenvolgende maande diens by hom, en moet hy sodanige werknemer ten opsigte van enige tydperk van afwesigheid ingevolge hierdie subklousule minstens die loon betaal wat hy sou ontvang het as hy gedurende sodanige tydperk gewerk het: Met dien verstande dat—

(i) 'n werknemer gedurende die eerste 24 agtereenvolgende maande diens nie op meer siekteverlof met volle betaling geregtig is nie as, in die geval van 'n werknemer met 'n werkweek van vyf dae, een werkdag ten opsigte van elke voltoode tydperk van vyf weke diens en, in die geval van enige ander werknemer, een werkdag ten opsigte van elke voltoode maand diens;

(ii) waar 'n werkgever ingevolge 'n wet gelde vir hospitaal- of mediesebehandeling ten opsigte van 'n werknemer moet betaal en sodanige gelde wel betaal, die bedrag wat aldus betaal is, afgetrek kan word van die bedrag wat ingevolge hierdie klousule ten opsigte van afwesigheid weens ongesiktheid verskuldig is.

(2) 'n Werkgever kan, as 'n opskortende voorwaarde vir die betaling, deur hom, van 'n bedrag wat 'n werknemer kragtens hierdie klousule eis ten opsigte van enige afwesigheid van sy werk—

(a) vir langer as drie agtereenvolgende werkdae; or

(b) op die werkdag onmiddellik voor of die werkdag onmiddellik na 'n Sondag of Nuwejaarsdag, Goeie Vrydag, Hemelvaartsdag, Republiekdag, Geloftedag of Kersdag; or

(c) op die werkdag onmiddellik na die Maandag wat volg op Nuwejaarsdag, Republiekdag, Geloftedag of Kersdag, telkens wanneer hierdie vakansiedae op 'n Sondag val;

van die werknemer vereis om 'n sertifikaat voor te lê wat deur 'n geregistreerde mediese praktisyen onderteken is en waarin die aard en duur van die werknemer se ongesiktheid vermeld word: Met dien verstande dat, wanneer 'n werknemer gedurende enige tydperk van hoogstens acht weke by twee of meer geleenthede betaling ingevolge hierdie klousule ontvang het sonder om so 'n sertifikaat voor te lê, sy werkgever gedurende die tydperk van acht weke onmiddellik na die laaste sodanige geleentheid van hom kan vereis om so 'n sertifikaat ten opsigte van enige afwesigheid voor te lê.

(3) Wanneer 'n werknemer gedurende die eerste siklus van 24 maande diens by dieselfde werkgever weens ongesiktheid vir 'n langer tydperk afwesig is as die siekteverlof wat hom ten tyde van sodanige ongesiktheid toekom, is hy geregtig op betaling vir slegs die siekteverlof wat hom dan toekom; maar sy werkgever moet, as hy dit nie reeds gedaan het nie, by verstryking van gemaalde siklus of by diensbeëindiging voor sodanige verstryking, hom ten opsigte van sodanige langer tydperk van afwesigheid weens ongesiktheid uitbetaal vir sover die siekteverlof wat hom ten tyde van sodanige verstryking of beëindiging toekom, nog nie geneem is nie.

(4) By die toepassing van hierdie klousule—

(a) word die uitdrukking "diens" geag te omvat—

(i) enige tydperk wat 'n werknemer afwesig is—

(aa) met verlof ingevolge klousule 6;

(ab) op las of versoek van sy werkgever;

(ac) met siekteverlof ingevolge subklousule (1);

en wat in enige jaar altesaam hoogstens 10 weke beloop; en

(ii) enige tydperk wat 'n werknemer afwesig is vir militêre opleiding of diens ingevolge die Verdedigingswet, 1957: Met dien verstande dat 'n werknemer nie geregtig is om meer as vier maande van een sodanige opleidings- of dienstydperk as diens te eis nie;

en word enige tydperk van diens by dieselfde werkgever onmiddellik voordat hierdie Vasstelling bindend geword het, by die toepassing van hierdie klousule geag diens ingevolge hierdie Vasstelling te wees, en word alle siekteverlof wat met volle besoldiging aan so 'n werknemer gedurende sodanige tydperk toegestaan is, geag ingevolge hierdie Vasstelling te wees;

(b) beteken "ongesiktheid" onvermoë om te werk weens siekte of besering, behalwe siekte of besering wat deur 'n werknemer se eie wangedrag veroorsaak is: Met dien verstande dat sodanige onvermoë om te werk wat veroorsaak is deur 'n ongeluk of vergoedingspligtige siekte waarvoor vergoeding kragtens die Ongevallewet, 1941, betaalbaar is, slegs as ongesiktheid beskou word gedurende 'n tydperk ten opsigte waarvan geen ongesiktheidsbetaling ingevolge daardie Wet betaalbaar is nie.

(b) in the case of every other employee, not less than 24 work-days;

sick leave in the aggregate during each cycle of 24 consecutive months of employment with him, and shall pay such employee in respect of any period of absence in terms of this sub-clause not less than the wage he would have received had he worked during such period: Provided that—

(i) in the first 24 consecutive months of employment an employee shall not be entitled to sick leave on full pay at a rate of more than, in the case of an employee who works a five-day week, one work-day in respect of each completed period of five weeks of employment and, in the case of any other employee, one work-day in respect of each completed month of employment;

(ii) where an employer is by any law required to pay fees for hospital or medical treatment in respect of an employee, and pays such fees, the amount so paid may be set off against the payment due in respect of absence owing to incapacity in terms of this clause.

(2) An employer may, as a condition precedent to the payment by him of any amount claimed in terms of this clause by an employee in respect of any absence from work—

(a) for more than three consecutive work-days; or

(b) on the work-day immediately preceding or the work-day immediately succeeding a Sunday or New Year's Day, Good Friday, Ascension Day, Republic Day, Day of the Covenant or Christmas Day; or

(c) on the work-day immediately succeeding the Monday following New Year's Day, Republic Day, Day of the Covenant or Christmas Day, whenever these days fall on a Sunday;

require the employee to produce a certificate signed by a registered medical practitioner stating the nature and duration of the employee's incapacity: Provided that, when an employee has, during any period of up to eight weeks, received payment in terms of this clause on two or more occasions without producing such a certificate, his employer may, during the period of eight weeks immediately succeeding the last such occasion, require him to produce such a certificate in respect of any absence.

(3) Where, during the first cycle of 24 months of employment with the same employer, an employee is absent owing to incapacity for a period in excess of any sick leave accrued at the time of such incapacity, he shall be entitled to be paid in respect of only such leave as has so accrued; but his employer shall, if he has not previously done so, at the expiration of the said cycle of employment or on termination of employment before such expiration, pay him in respect of such excess period of absence owing to incapacity to the extent to which sick leave, accrued at such expiration or termination, had not been taken.

(4) For the purposes of this clause the expression—

(a) "employment" shall be deemed to include—

(i) any period during which an employee is absent—

(aa) on leave in terms of clause 6;

(ab) on the instructions or at the request of his employer;

(ac) on sick leave in terms of subclause (1);

amounting in the aggregate, in any one year, to not more than 10 weeks; and

(ii) any period during which an employee is absent from work undergoing military training or service in pursuance of the Defence Act, 1957: Provided that an employee shall not be entitled to claim as employment more than four months of any one period of such training or service; and any period of employment which an employee has had with the same employer immediately before the date this Determination became binding shall, for the purposes of this clause, be deemed to be employment under this Determination, and any sick leave on full pay granted to such an employee during such period shall be deemed to have been granted under this Determination;

(b) "incapacity" means inability to work owing to any sickness or injury other than sickness or injury caused by an employee's own misconduct: Provided that any such inability to work, caused by an accident or a scheduled disease for which compensation is payable under the Workmen's Compensation Act, 1941, shall only be regarded as incapacity during any period in respect of which no disablement is payable in terms of that Act.

(5) Hierdie klosule is nie van toepassing nie—

(a) op 'n werknemer op wie se skriftelike versoek sy werkgever bydrae wat minstens gelyk is aan dié wat die werknemer self bydra, aan 'n fonds of organisasie betaal wat die werknemer aanwys en wat aan die werknemer waborg dat, in geval van sy ongesiktheid in die omstandighede in hierdie Klosule vermeld, altesam minstens die ekwivalent van sy loon vir 20 of 24 werkdae, na gelang van die geval, in elke siklus van 24 maande diens aan hom betaal sal word, behalwe dat die gewaarborgde koers gedurende die eerste 24 maande wat die werknemer bydrae betaal, verlaag kan word maar tot minstens die aanwaskoers in die eerste voorbehoudsbepaling van subklosule (1) vermeld;

(b) ten opsigte van 'n tydperk van 'n werknemer se ongesiktheid indien daar by 'n ander wet van 'n werkgever vereis word om die werknemer minstens sy volle loon te betaal.

8. OPENBARE VAKANSIEDAE EN SONDAE

(1) Behoudens klosules 4 (6) en 6 (2), moet 'n werkgever aan 'n werknemer, uitgesonderd 'n los werknemer, wat nie op Nuwejaarsdag, Goeie Vrydag, Hemelvaartsdag, Republiekdag, Geloftedag of Kersdag werk nie, of aan 'n werknemer wat, wanneer Nuwejaarsdag, Republiekdag, Geloftedag of Kersdag op 'n Sondag val, nie op die Maandag onmiddellik na so 'n Sondag werk nie, minstens sy weekloon betaal vir die week waarin so 'n dag val.

(2) Wanneer 'n werknemer op Nuwejaarsdag, Goeie Vrydag, Hemelvaartsdag, Republiekdag, Geloftedag of Kersdag werk, of wanneer Nuwejaarsdag, Republiekdag, Geloftedag of Kersdag op 'n Sondag val en 'n werknemer op die Maandag onmiddellik na so 'n Sondag werk, moet sy werkgever hom, behoudens klosule 4 (6), vir die week waarin so 'n dag val, minstens sy weekloon betaal, plus sy uurloon vir elke uur of gedeelte van 'n uur wat die werknemer altesaam op so 'n dag gewerk het: Met dien verstande dat, waar daar van sodanige werknemer vereis word of hy toegelaat word om minder as vier uur op so 'n dag te werk, daar geag word dat hy vier uur gewerk het.

(3) Wanneer 'n werknemer op 'n Sondag werk, moet sy werkgever of—

(a) die werknemer—

(i) indien hy aldus vir 'n tydperk van hoogstens vier uur werk, minstens sy dagloon betaal;

(ii) indien hy aldus vir 'n tydperk van meer as vier uur werk, teen minstens dubbel sy gewone loon ten opsigte van die hele tydperk wat hy op sodanige Sondag werk, of minstens dubbel sy dagloon betaal, en wel die bedrag wat die grootste is; of

(b) die werknemer teen minstens een en 'n derde maal sy gewone loon betaal ten opsigte van die hele tydperk wat hy op sodanige Sondag werk en hom binne sewe dae vanaf sodanige Sondag een dag verlof toestaan en hom ten opsigte daarvan minstens sy dagloon betaal: Met dien verstande dat, waar daar van sodanige werknemer vereis is of hy toegelaat word om minder as vier uur op sodanige Sondag te werk, daar geag moet word dat hy vier uur gewerk het.

(4) Subklosules (2) en (3) is nie van toepassing nie—

(a) op 'n werknemer wat ingevolge klosule 5 (9) (a) van die werkurebepalings uitgesluit is;

(b) op 'n los werknemer.

9. STUKWERK EN KOMMISSIEWERK

(1) 'n Werkgever kan nadat hy minstens een week vooraf kennis aan sy werknemer, uitgesonderd 'n handelsreisiger, gegee het, 'n stukwerkstelsel invoer, en sodanige werkgever moet, behoudens klosule 4 (6), sy werknemer wat volgens sodanige stukwerkstelsel werk, besoldig teen die tariewe wat ooreenkomsdig sodanige stelsel van toepassing is: Met dien verstande dat die werkgever, ongeag die hoeveelheid werk wat verrig is, sodanige werknemer die volgende moet betaal:

(a) In die geval van 'n werknemer, uitgesonderd 'n los werknemer, vir elke week waarin stukwerk verrig word, minstens die bedrag wat hy so 'n werknemer vir daardie week sou moes betaal het as hy hom 'n tydloon betaal het;

(b) in die geval van 'n los werknemer, vir elke dag waarop stukwerk verrig word, minstens die bedrag wat hy so 'n werknemer vir daardie dag sou moes betaal het as hy hom 'n tydloon betaal het.

(5) This clause shall not apply—

(a) to an employee at whose written request his employer makes contributions, at least equal to those made by the employee, to any fund or organisation nominated by the employee, which fund or organisation guarantees to the employee in the event of his incapacity in the circumstances set out in this clause the payment to him of not less than in the aggregate the equivalent of his wage for 20 or 24 work-days, as the case may be, in each cycle of 24 months of employment, except that during the first 24 months of the payment of contributions by the employee the guaranteed rate may be reduced, but to not less than rate of accrual set out in the first proviso to subclause (1);

(b) in respect of any period of incapacity of an employee in respect of which the employer is required by any other law to pay to the employee not less than his full wages.

8. PUBLIC HOLIDAYS AND SUNDAYS

(1) Subject to the provisions of clauses 4 (6) and 6 (2), if an employee, other than a casual employee, does not work on New Year's Day, Good Friday, Ascension Day, Republic Day, Day of the Covenant or Christmas Day, or whenever New Year's Day, Republic Day, Day of the Covenant or Christmas Day falls on a Sunday and an employee does not work on the Monday immediately following such Sunday, his employer shall pay him for the week in which such day falls not less than his weekly wage.

(2) Whenever an employee works on New Year's Day, Good Friday, Ascension Day, Republic Day, Day of the Covenant or Christmas Day, or whenever New Year's Day, Republic Day, Day of the Covenant or Christmas Day falls on a Sunday and an employee works on the Monday immediately following that Sunday, his employer shall, save as provided in clause 4 (6), pay him for the week in which such day falls not less than his weekly wage, plus his hourly wage for each hour or part of an hour worked by the employee in the aggregate on such day: Provided that where such an employee is required or permitted to work for less than four hours on such day he shall be deemed to have worked for four hours.

(3) Whenever an employee works on a Sunday, his employer shall either—

(a) pay the employee—

(i) if he so works for a period not exceeding four hours, not less than his daily wage;

(ii) if he so works for a period exceeding four hours, at a rate of not less than double his ordinary wage in respect of the total period worked by him on such Sunday, or not less than double his daily wage, whichever is the greater; or

(b) pay the employee at a rate of not less than one and one third times his ordinary wage in respect of the total period worked by him on such Sunday, and grant him within seven days of such Sunday one day's leave and pay him in respect thereof not less than his daily wage: Provided that where such an employee is required or permitted to work for less than four hours on such Sunday he shall be deemed to have worked for four hours.

(4) The provisions of subclauses (2) and (3) shall not apply to—

(a) an employee who is excluded from the hours of work provisions by virtue of clause 5 (9) (a);

(b) a casual employee.

9. PIECE-WORK AND COMMISSION WORK

(1) An employer may, after at least one week's notice to his employee, other than a traveller, introduce any piece-work system and, save as provided in clause 4 (6), such employer shall pay his employee, who is employed on such piece-work system, remuneration at the rates applicable under such system: Provided that, irrespective of the quantity of work done, the employer shall pay such employee not less than—

(a) in the case of an employee, other than a casual employee, in respect of each week in which piece-work is performed, the amount which he would have been required to pay such employee for that week had he been remunerated on the basis of time worked;

(b) in the case of a casual employee, in respect of each day on which piece-work is performed, the amount which he would have been required to pay such employee for that day had he been remunerated on the basis of time worked.

(2) 'n Werkewer moet 'n lys van die besoldiging in subklousule (1) bedoel, op 'n opvallende plek in sy bedryfsinrigting opgeplak hou.

(3) 'n Werkewer wat voornemens is om 'n bestaande stukwerkstelsel of die besoldiging wat daarvolgens van toepassing is, af te skaf of te wysig, moet aan sy werknemer, wat volgens sodanige stelsel werk, minstens een maand kennis van sodanige voorname gee: Met dien verstande dat 'n werkewer en sy werknemer oor 'n langer kennisgewingstermyn ooreen kan kom, en in so 'n geval mag die werkewer nie vir 'n korter termyn as dié waaroor daar ooreengekom is, kennis gee nie.

(4) Ondanks andersluidende bepalings in hierdie klousule, hoef 'n werkewer nie 'n los werknemer kennis te gee van sy voorneme om 'n stukwerkstelsel in te voer of af te skaf of te wysig nie.

(5) 'n Handelsreisiger wat volgens 'n ooreenkoms met sy werkewer kommissiewerk onderneem, moet, voordat sodanige werk begin, deur sy werkewer voorsien word van 'n juiste kopie van die ooreenkoms of 'n verklaring wat die bepalings van die ooreenkoms bevat en wat moet insluit—

(a) die week- of maandloon aan die handelsreisiger betaalbaar, indien sodanige loon hoer is as dié wat by klousule 3 (1) vir so 'n handelsreisiger voorgeskryf word, asook die kommissietarief of tariewe en die voorwaarde waarop hy die reg daarop verkry;

(b) die dag van die week of maand waarop die verdienke kommissie verskuldig en betaalbaar is;

(c) die gebied waarin daar van die handelsreisiger vereis word of hy toegelaat word om te werk;

(d) die tipe, beskrywing, getal, hoeveelheid of waarde van die bestellings (individueel), weekliks, maandeliks of hoe ook al), wat die werkewer van tyd tot tyd bereid is om te aanvaar; en

(e) die dag waarop die kommissie op bestellings wat die werkewer voor die beëindiging van die dienskontrak aanvaar het, betaal moet word: Met dien verstande dat sodanige betaaldag uiterlik die laaste werkdag moet wees van die maand wat volg op die maand waarin die diens beëindig is.

(6) Die bepalings van die ooreenkoms in subklousule (5) bedoel, mag vir die handelsreisiger geldelik nie minder voordelig wees nie as die betrokke bepalings van hierdie Vastelling: Met dien verstande dat die besoldiging van 'n handelsreisiger wat kommissiewerk verrig, betaalbaar is op die dag wat in die ooreenkoms bepaal word, en in hierdie opsig is klousule 4 (1) nie op sodanige betaling van toepassing nie.

(7) Behoudens klousule 4 (6), moet 'n werkewer sy handelsreisiger wat kommissiewerk onderneem minstens die besoldiging betaal waaroor hulle ooreengekom het: Met dien verstande dat, ongeag die getal of waarde van die bestellings wat die werkewer aanvaar, die besoldiging van so 'n handelsreisiger vir elke tydperk nie minder mag wees nie as dié wat ingevolge klousule 3 (1) vir daardie tydperk aan hom verskuldig sou wees.

(8) 'n Werkewer of 'n handelsreisiger wat voornemens is om 'n ooreenkoms in verband met kommissiewerk op te sê of oor 'n wysiging daarvan te onderhandel, moet van sodanige voorneme skriftelik kennis gee en die termyn van sodanige kennisgewing mag nie korter wees nie as dié wat by klousule 12 vir die beëindiging van die dienskontrak van so 'n handelsreisiger vereis word.

10. VERBOD OP INDIENSNEMING

'n Werkewer mag niemand onder die leeftyd van 15 jaar in diens neem nie.

11. UNIFORMS, OORPAKKE EN BESKERMENDE KLERE

'n Werkewer moet alle uniforms, oorpakke, rubberstewels of ander beskermende klere wat hy van sy werknemer vereis om te dra of wai hy ingevolge enige wet verplig is om aan sy werknemer te verskaf, gratis verskaf en in 'n bruikbare en sindellike toestand hou; en alle sodanige uniforms, oorpakke, rubberstewels of ander beskermende klere bly die eiendom van die werkewer: Met dien verstande dat 'n werkewer van 'n werknemer kan vereis om sodanige uniform, oorpak of beskermende klere te was of te was en te stryk en in so 'n geval moet die werkewer so 'n werknemer 'n toelae van minstens 60c per week betaal.

12. BEËINDIGING VAN DIENSKONTRAK

(1) 'n Werkewer of sy werknemer, uitgesonderd 'n los werknemer, wat die dienskontrak wil beëindig, moet—

(a) gedurende die eerste vier weke diens, minstens een werkdag,

(2) An employer shall keep posted up in a conspicuous place in his establishment a schedule of the rates referred to in subclause (1).

(3) An employer who intends to cancel or amend any piece-work system in operation or the rates applicable thereunder shall give his employee employed on such system not less than one month's notice of such intention: Provided that an employer and his employee may agree on a longer period of notice, in which case the employer shall give notice for a period not shorter than that agreed upon.

(4) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this clause, an employer need not give a casual employee notice of his intention to introduce any piece-work system or to cancel or amend it.

(5) A traveller who by agreement with his employer undertakes commission work shall be supplied by his employer, before such work is commenced, with a true copy of the agreement or a statement setting out the terms of the agreement, which shall include—

(a) the weekly or monthly wage payable to the traveller, where such wage is higher than that prescribed in clause 3 (1) for such traveller, and the rate or rates of the commission and the conditions of entitlement thereto;

(b) the day of the week or month on which commission earned is due and payable;

(c) the area in which the traveller is required or permitted to work;

(d) the type, description, number, quantity or value of orders (individual, weekly, monthly or otherwise) which the employer is from time to time prepared to accept; and

(e) the day of payment of commission in respect of orders accepted by the employer before termination of the contract of employment: Provided that such day of payment shall be not later than the last work-day of the month succeeding the month during which employment was terminated.

(6) The terms of the agreement referred to in subclause (5) shall be financially not less favourable to the traveller than the ralitive terms of this Determination: Provided that the remuneration of a traveller on commission work shall be payable on the day stipulated in the agreement, and in this respect clause 4 (1) shall not apply to such payment.

(7) Save as provided in clause 4 (6), an employer shall pay to his traveller who is employed on commission work remuneration at not less than the rate agreed upon between them: Provided that, irrespective of the number or value of orders accepted by the employer, the remuneration of such traveller in respect of any period shall be not less than that which would be due to him for that period in terms of clause 3 (1).

(8) An employer or traveller who intends to cancel, or to negotiate for an alteration of an agreement in regard to commission work, shall give written notice of such intention, and the period of such notice shall be not less than that required to terminate the contract of employment of such traveller in terms of clause 12.

10. PROHIBITION OF EMPLOYMENT

An employer shall not employ any person under the age of 15 years.

11. UNIFORMS, OVERALLS AND PROTECTIVE CLOTHING

An employer shall supply and maintain in serviceable and clean condition, free of charge, any uniform, overall, gumboots or other protective clothing which he requires his employee to wear or which by any law he is compelled to provide for his employee and any such uniform, overall, gumboots or other protective clothing shall remain the property of the employer: Provided that an employer may require an employee to wash or wash and iron any such uniform, overall or protective clothing, in which event the employer shall pay such employee an allowance of not less than 60c every week.

12. TERMINATION OF CONTRACT OF EMPLOYMENT

(1) An employer or his employee, other than a casual employee, who desires to terminate the contract of employment, shall give—

(a) during the first four weeks of employment, not less than one work-day's;

(b) na die eerste vier weke diens, minstens een week, vooraf kennis van die beëindiging van die kontrak gee, of 'n werkgever of 'n werknemer kan die kontrak sonder kennisgewing beëindig deur, in plaas van sodanige kennisgewing, aan die werknemer of die werkgever, na gelang van die geval, die volgende te betaal:

(i) In die geval van een werkdag kennisgewing, minstens die dagloon wat die werknemer ten tyde van sodanige beëindiging ontvang;

(ii) in die geval van een week kennisgewing, minstens die weekloon wat die werknemer ten tyde van sodanige beëindiging ontvang:

Met dien verstande dat—

(i) die reg van 'n werkgever of sy werknemer om die kontrak op 'n regsgeldige grond sonder kennisgewing te beëindig;

(ii) 'n skriftelike ooreenkoms tussen 'n werkgever en sy werknemer waarin voorsiening gemaak word vir 'n kennisgewingstermy wat vir beide partye ewe lank is en langer is as dié wat in hierdie klousule voorgeskryf word;

(iii) die werking van 'n verbeuring of boete wat regtens van toepassing mag wees op 'n werknemer wat dros;

nie hierdeur geraak word nie: Voorts met dien verstande dat, indien die loon van 'n werknemer op die datum van die beëindiging verminder is deur aftrekings ten opsigte van korttyd en die werkgever hom betaal in plaas van kennis te gee, die uitdrukking "ten tyde van sodanige beëindiging sou ontvang het as geen bedrag weens korttyd afgetrek was nie".

(2) Indien daar 'n ooreenkoms ingevolge die tweede voorbehoudsbepaling van subklousule (1) bestaan, moet die betaling in plaas van kennisgewing eweredig wees aan die kennisgewingstermy waaraan daar ooreengekom is.

(3) Die kennisgewing by subklousule (1) voorgeskryf, kan op enige werkdag geskied: Met dien verstande dat—

(i) die kennisgewingstermy nie mag saamval nie met, en die kennisgewing nie mag geskied nie gedurende 'n werknemer se afwesigheid met verlof ingevolge klousule 6 of enige tydperk van militêre opleiding of diens wat 'n werkgever ingevolge die Verdedigingswet, 1957, ondergaan;

(ii) daar nie gedurende 'n werknemer se afwesigheid met siekterlof ooreenkomsdig klousule 7 of weens ongeskiktheid in die omstandighede in klousule 7 (6) (a) of (b) uiteengesit van altesaam hoogstens 10 weke in 'n bepaalde jaar kennis gegee mag word nie.

(4) Ondanks andersluidende bepalinge in hierdie Vassetting mag 'n werkgever, in die geval waar 'n werknemer sy dienskontrak beëindig deur sy diens te verlaat sonder om kennis te gee en sonder om die kennisgewingstermy uit te dien of sonder om sy werkgever te betaal in plaas van kennis te gee, uit enige geld wat hy sodanige werknemer uit hoofde van enige bepaling van hierdie Vassetting skuld, aan homself 'n bedrag toeëien van hoogstens dié wat sodanige werknemer hom sou moes betaal het in plaas van kennis te gee: Met dien verstande dat wanneer 'n werkgever 'n bedrag aldus aan homself toegeëien het in plaas van kennisgewing, daar by die toepassing van klousule 6 (5) geag word dat die werknemer die werkgever betaal het in plaas van kennis te gee.

13. GETALSVERHOUDING

(1) 'n Werkgever mag nie 'n ongekwaliiseerde blindinghanger, snyer, werknemer graad I, manlike masjienwerker, vroulike masjienwerker of uitknipper in diens neem nie, tensy hy 'n gekwaliiseerde blindinghanger, snyer, werknemer graad I manlike masjienwerker, vroulike masjienwerker of uitknipper in sy diens het nie, en vir elke gekwaliiseerde werknemer in 'n klas in hierdie klousule genoem, mag hy hoogstens twee ongekwaliiseerde werknemers in so 'n klas in diens neem.

(2) By die toepassing van hierdie klousule—

(a) kan 'n werkgever of bestuurder wat uitsluitlik, of hoofsaaklik die werk van 'n blindinghanger of snyer verrig, geag word 'n gekwaliiseerde blindinghanger of snyer, na gelang van die geval, te wees;

(b) kan 'n ongekwaliiseerde werknemer in 'n klas wat 'n loon ontvang van minstens dié by klousule 3 (1) vir 'n gekwaliiseerde werknemer van sy klas voorgeskryf, geag word 'n gekwaliiseerde werknemer in so 'n klas te wees.

(3) Hierdie klousule is afsonderlik op elke bedryfsinrigting van 'n werkgever van toepassing.

14. DIENSSERTIFIKAAT

Behalwe waar 'n werknemer se dienskontrak op grond van diensverlating beëindig word of waar die werknemer 'n los werknemer is, moet die werkgever by beëindiging van 'n

(b) after the first four weeks of employment, not less than one week's;

notice of termination of contract, or an employer or employee may terminate the contract without notice by paying the employee or paying the employer, as the case may be, in lieu of such notice not less than—

(i) in the case of one work-day's notice, the daily wage which the employee is receiving at the time of such termination;

(ii) in the case of one week's notice, the weekly wage which the employee is receiving at the time of such termination:

Provided that this shall not affect—

(i) the right of an employer or his employee to terminate the contract without notice for any cause recognised by law as sufficient;

(ii) any written agreement between an employer and his employee which provides for a period of notice of equal duration on both sides and for longer than that prescribed in this clause;

(iii) the operation of any forfeitures or penalties which by law may be applicable in respect of an employee who deserts:

Provided further that where the wage of an employee at the date of termination has been reduced by deductions in respect of short-time, the expression "is receiving at the time of such termination" shall, when an employer pays an employee in lieu of notice, be deemed to mean "would have received at the time of such termination if no deductions had been made in respect of short-time".

(2) Where there is an agreement in terms of the second proviso to subclause (1), the payment in lieu of notice shall be commensurate with the period of notice agreed upon.

(3) The notice prescribed in subclause (1) shall be given on any work-day: Provided that—

(i) the period of notice shall not run concurrently with nor shall notice be given during an employee's absence on leave granted in terms of clause 6 or any period of military training or service which an employee is undergoing in pursuance of the Defence Act, 1957;

(ii) notice shall not be given during an employee's absence on sick leave granted in terms of clause 7 or owing to incapacity in the circumstances set out in clause 7 (5) (a) or (b), amounting in the aggregate to not more than 10 weeks in any one year.

(4) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Determination, where an employee terminates his contract of employment by leaving his employment without having given and served the required period of notice or without paying his employer in lieu of notice, his employer may appropriate to himself, from any moneys which he owes to such employee by virtue of any provisions of this Determination, an amount of not more than that which such employee would have had to pay him in lieu of notice: Provided that where an employer has so appropriated an amount in lieu of notice, the employee shall for the purposes of clause 6 (5) be deemed to have paid the employer in lieu of notice.

13. RATIO

(1) An employer shall not employ an unqualified blindhanger, cutter, Grade I employee, male machinist, female machinist or chopper-out unless he has in his employ a qualified blindhanger, cutter, Grade I employee, male machinist, female machinist or chopper-out, and for each qualified employee in any class specified in this clause, he shall not employ more than two unqualified employees in such class.

(2) For the purposes of this clause—

(a) an employer or manager who is wholly or mainly engaged in performing the work of a blindhanger or cutter, may be deemed to be a qualified blindhanger or cutter, as the case may be;

(b) an unqualified employee in any class who is receiving a wage of not less than that prescribed in clause 3 (1) for a qualified employee of his class, may be deemed to be a qualified employee in such class.

(3) This clause shall apply separately to each establishment of an employer.

14. CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

Except where a contract of employment of an employee is terminated on the ground of desertion or where the employee is a casual employee, the employer shall, upon termination of any contract of employment, furnish the

dienstkontrak die werknemer van 'n dienstsertifikaat voorsien wat wesenlik in die volgende vorm is en waarin die volle name van die werkgever en die werknemer, die klas van die werknemer, die aanvangsdatum en die datum van beëindiging van die kontrak en die weekloon van die werknemer op die datum van sodanige beëindiging vermeld word:

DIENSTERTIFIKAAT

Ek/Ons (a).....
wat die.....
bedryf beoefen te.....

verklaar hierby dat.....
in my/ons (a) diens was van die.....
dag van..... 19..... tot die.....
dag van..... 19..... as (b).....

By diensbeëindiging wat sy/haar (a) loon R..... per week/
maand.

(Handtekening van werkgever of
gemagtigde verteenwoordiger)

Datum..... 19.....

(a) Skrap wat nie van toepassing is nie.
(b) Meld die beroep waarin die werknemer uitsluitlik of hoofsaaklik in diens was, bv. klerk, arbeider, masjienwerker.

15. LOGBOEK

(1) 'n Werkgever moet sy drywer van 'n motorvoertuig voorsien van 'n logboek wat sover doenlik die volgende vorm het:

DAAGLIKSE LOG

Naam van werkgever.....
Naam van drywer van motorvoertuig.....
Datum..... 19.....
Tyd waarop werk begin het.....
Tyd waarop werk opgehou het.....
Getal ure gewerk.....
Etenospouses van..... tot.....
Besonderhede omtrent ongeluk of vertraging.....

(Handtekening van drywer van
motorvoertuig)

Datum..... 19.....

(2) Elke drywer van 'n motorvoertuig moet in die logboek in subklousule (1) bedoel, oor elke dag se werk 'n daagliks log in duplo hou en binne 24 uur na voltooiing van die dag se werk waarop dit betrekking het 'n kopie daarvan by sy werkgever indien.

(3) Elke werkgever moet die kopie van die daagliks log wat ingevolge subklousule (2) by hom ingedien is minstens drie jaar lank na sodanige indiening bewaar.

(Kennisgewing.—Kragtens artikel 18 van die Loonwet, 1957, vervang die Loonvasstelling in die bestaande Bylae Loonvasstelling 344, gepubliseer by Goewermentskennisgewing R. 1575 van 1 September 1972, soos gewysig by Goewermentskennisgewing R. 2206 van 26 November 1976.)

No. R. 1376

4 Julie 1980

**WET OP FABRIEKE, MASJINERIE EN
BOUWERK, 1941****SEILDOEKGOEDERE- EN VERWANTE PRODUKTE-NYWERHEID, SEKERE GEBIEDE**

Ek, Stephanus Petrus Botha, Minister van Mannekragbenutting, verklaar hierby kragtens artikel 22 (1) van die Wet op Fabrieke, Masjinerie en Bouwerk, 1941, dat die bepalings van die Loonvasstelling vir die Seildoekgoedere- en Verwante Produkte-nywerheid, Sekere Gebiede, gepubliseer by Goewermentskennisgewing R. 1375 van 4 Julie 1980, oor die algemeen vir die werknemers wie se werkure en besoldiging ten opsigte van oortyd, openbare feesdae en werk op Sondae en openbare feesdae daarby gereel word, nie minder gunstig is nie as die desbetreffende bepalings van genoemde Wet.

S. P. BOTHA, Minister van Mannekragbenutting.

employee with a certificate of service substantially in the following form, showing the full names of the employer and of the employee, the class of the employee, the date of commencement and the date of termination of the contract and the weekly wage of the employee on the date of such termination:

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I/We (a).....
carrying on trade in the Canvas Goods and Allied Products Industry at.....

hereby certify that.....
was employed by me/us (a) from the.....
day of..... 19..... to the.....
day of..... 19..... as (b).....

At the termination of employment his/her (a) wage was R.....
per week/month.

(Signature of employer or
authorised representative)

Date..... 19.....

(a) Delete whichever is inapplicable.
(b) State class in which employee was wholly or mainly engaged,
e.g. clerk, labourer, machinist.

15. LOG-BOOK

(1) An employer shall provide his driver of a motor vehicle with a log-book as nearly as practicable in the following form:

DAILY LOG

Name of employer.....
Name of driver.....
Date..... 19.....
Time of starting work.....
Time of finishing work.....
Number of hours worked.....
Meal intervals from..... to.....
Particulars of any accident or delay.....

(Signature of driver of motor
vehicle)

Date..... 19.....

(2) Every driver of a motor vehicle shall, in the log-book referred to in subclause (1), keep a daily log in duplicate in respect of each day's work and shall within 24 hours of the completion of the day's work to which it relates deliver a copy thereof to his employer.

(3) Every employer shall retain the copy of the daily log, which in terms of subclause (2) has been delivered to him, for a period of at least three years subsequent to such delivery.

(Note.—In terms of section 18 of the Wage Act, 1957, the Wage Determination in the above Schedule supersedes Wage Determination 344 published under Government Notice R. 1575 of 1 September 1972, as amended by Government Notice R. 2206 of 26 November 1976.)

No. R. 1376

4 July 1980

**FACTORIES, MACHINERY AND BUILDING
WORK ACT, 1941****CANVAS GOODS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS
INDUSTRY, CERTAIN AREAS**

I, Stephanus Petrus Botha, Minister of Manpower Utilisation, hereby in terms of section 22 (1) of the Factories, Machinery and Building Work Act, 1941, declare the provisions of the Wage Determination for the Canvas Goods and Allied Products Industry, Certain Areas, published under Government Notice R. 1375 of 4 July 1980, to be, on the whole, not less favourable to the employees whose hours of work and remuneration in respect of overtime, public holidays and work on Sundays and public holidays are regulated thereby, than the relative provisions of the said Act.

S. P. BOTHA, Minister of Manpower Utilisation.

DEPARTEMENT VAN POS- EN TELEKOMMUNIKASIEWESE

No. R. 1383 4 Julie 1980
WYSIGING VAN POSREGULASIES

Kragtens die bevoegdheid my verleen by artikel 119A (1) (a) van die Poswet, 1958 (Wet 44 van 1958), wysig ek, Hendrik Hanekom Smit, Minister van Pos- en Telekommunikasiewese, hierby die Posregulasies afgekondig by Goewermentskennisgewing R. 550 van 14 April 1960, soos gewysig, ooreenkomsig die onderstaande Bylae met ingang van 1 Junie 1980.

H. H. SMIT, Minister van Pos- en
Telekommunikasiewese.

BYLAE

1. Vervang Bylae D deur die volgende:

"BYLAE D

TARIEWE WAARTEEN BETALING GEMAAK WORD VIR DIE VERVERSING VAN POS PER SEE

Vir die vervoer van alle kategorieë pos (met inbegrip van leë possake wat na die land van herkoms teruggestuur word):

1.1 Oor die seeroete tussen Kaapstad en Engeland/Europa: R1 300 per 20-vt.-houer.

1.2 Oor die seeroete tussen Kaapstad en Kanada: R1 500 per 20-vt.-houer.

1.3 Oor die seeroete tussen Durban en Australië: R1 321,50 per 20-vt.-houer.

1.4 Oor ander seeroetes as dié onder 1 tot 3 genoem:

Tot 2 000 seemyl: 10c per kg.

Bo 2 000 tot 5 000 seemyl: 15c per kg.

Bo 5 000 seemyl: 19c per kg.”.

DEPARTEMENT VAN SPOORWEË EN HAWENS

No. R. 1387 4 Julie 1980

Dit het die Staatspresident behaag om kragtens artikel 3 van die Konsolidasiewet op die Beheer en Bestuur van Spoorweë en Hawens, 1957 (Wet 70 van 1957), goedkeuring daaraan te verleen dat die Vrypasregulasiess van die Suid-Afrikaanse Spoorweë en Hawens, gepubliseer in Goewermentskennisgewing R. 1883 van 25 November 1960, soos gewysig, soos volg verder gewysig word:

SUID-AFRIKAANSE SPOORWEË

REGULASIES INSAKE DIE UITREIK VAN VRY-PASSE, VOORREGKAARTJIEORDERS EN SOMMIGE ANDER KONSESSIEORDERS EN -KAARTJIES

WYSIGINGSLYS

(Van krag van die betaalmaand April 1980)

REGULASIE 30

In paragraaf (1), vervang "R4 575" deur "R5 175" waar dit twee keer voorkom.

No. R. 1386 4 Julie 1980

Dit het die Staatspresident behaag om kragtens artikel 3 van die Konsolidasiewet op die Beheer en Bestuur van Spoorweë en Hawens, 1957 (Wet 70 van 1957), goedkeuring daaraan te verleen dat die Vrypasregulasiess van die Suid-Afrikaanse Spoorweë en Hawens,

DEPARTMENT OF POSTS AND TELECOMMUNICATIONS

No. R. 1383 4 July 1980
AMENDMENT OF THE POSTAL REGULATIONS

Under the powers vested in me by section 119A (1) (a) of the Post Office Act, 1958 (Act 44 of 1958), I, Hendrik Hanekom Smit, Minister of Posts and Telecommunications, hereby amend the Postal Regulations published under Government Notice R. 550 of 14 April 1960, as amended, in accordance with the Schedule hereto with effect from 1 June 1980.

H. H. SMIT, Minister of Posts and
Telecommunications.

SCHEDULE

1. Replace Schedule D by the following:

"SCHEDULE D

RATES AT WHICH PAYMENT IS MADE FOR THE CONVEYANCE OF MAIIS BY SEA

For the conveyance of all categories of mail (including empty mail bags returned to the country of origin):

1.1 Over the sea route between Cape Town and England/Europe: R1 300 per 20-ft. container.

1.2 Over the sea route between Cape Town and Canada: R1 500 per 20-ft. container.

1.3 Over the sea route between Durban and Australia: R1 321,50 per 20-ft. container.

1.4 Over sea routes other than those mentioned under 1 to 3:

Up to 2 000 sea miles: 10c per kg.

Above 2 000 up to 5 000 sea miles: 15c per kg.

Above 5 000 sea miles: 19c per kg.”.

DEPARTMENT OF RAILWAYS AND HARBOURS

No. R. 1387 4 July 1980

The State President has, in terms of section 3 of the Railways and Harbours Control and Management (Consolidation) Act, 1957 (Act 70 of 1957), been pleased to approve of the South African Railways and Harbours Free Pass Regulations, published in Government Notice R. 1883 of 25 November 1960, as amended, being further amended as follows:

SOUTH AFRICAN RAILWAYS

REGULATIONS GOVERNING THE ISSUE OF FREE PASSES, PRIVILEGE TICKET ORDERS AND CERTAIN OTHER CONCESSIONARY ORDERS AND TICKETS

SCHEDULE OF AMENDMENT

(Operative from the April 1980 payment)

REGULATION 30

In paragraph (1), substitute "R5 175" for "R4 575" where it appears twice.

No. R. 1386 4 July 1980

The State President has, in terms of section 3 of the Railways and Harbours Control and Management (Consolidation) Act, 1957 (Act 70 of 1957), been pleased to approve of the South African Railways and

gepubliseer in Goewermentskennisgewing R. 1883 van 25 November 1960, soos gewysig, soos volg verder gewysig word:

SUID-AFRIKAANSE SPOORWEË

REGULASIES INSAKE DIE UITREIK VAN VRY-PASSE, VOORREGKAARTJIEORDERS EN SOMMIGE ANDER KONSESSIEORDERS EN -KAARTJIES

WYSIGINGSLYS

(Van krag van 1 April 1980)

REGULASIE 28

Vervang paragraaf (3) deur die volgende:

(3) (a) Die minimum pryse vir voorregkaartjies oor enige afstand is:

	Eersteklas	Tweedeklas	Derdeklas
Volwassenes:	s	s	s
(i) Voorstedelik....	14	—	7
(ii) Nie-voorstedelik	20	15	5
Kinders:			
(i) Voorstedelik....	7	—	4
(ii) Nie-voorstedelik	10	10	5

(b) Die bostaande minimums geld vir elke afsonderlike kaartjie, afgesien van die getal kaartjies wat op elke order uitgereik word.

REGULASIE 30

Vervang paragraaf (2) deur die volgende:

(2) Die minimum pryse vir residensiële seisoenkaartjies is:

	Eersteklas	Tweedeklas	Derdeklas
Voorstedelik.....	R 1,00	R —	s 37
Nie-voorstedelik.....	1,40	1,15	50

No. R. 1388

4 Julie 1980

Dit het die Staatspresident behaag om kragtens artikel 32 van die Wet op Spoorweg- en Hawediens, 1960 (Wet 22 van 1960), goedkeuring daaraan te verleen dat die Personeelregulasies van die Suid-Afrikaanse Spoorweë, gepubliseer in Goewermentskennisgewing R. 1045 van 15 Julie 1960, soos gewysig, soos volg verder gewysig word:

SUID-AFRIKAANSE SPOORWEË

PERSONEELREGULASIES

WYSIGINGSLYS

(Van krag van 5 Februarie 1980)

REGULASIE 45

Voeg die volgende paragraaf (5) (d) in:

(d) 'n kolonel, 'n brigadier of 'n generaal-majoor moet vyf en twintig jaar diens as offisier of vyf jaar as kolonel, brigadier of generaal-majoor voltooi het;.

Harbours Free Pass Regulations, published in Government Notice R. 1883 of 25 November 1960, as amended, being further amended as follows:

SOUTH AFRICAN RAILWAYS

REGULATIONS GOVERNING THE ISSUE OF FREE PASSES, PRIVILEGE TICKET ORDERS AND CERTAIN OTHER CONCESSIONARY ORDERS AND TICKETS

SCHEDULE OF AMENDMENT

(Operative from 1 April 1980)

REGULATION 28

Substitute the following for paragraph (3):

(3) (a) The minimum charges for privilege tickets for any distance are:

	First class	Second class	Third class
Adults:	c	c	c
(i) Suburban.....	14	—	7
(ii) Not suburban...	20	15	5
Children:			
(i) Suburban.....	7	—	4
(ii) Not suburban...	10	10	5

(b) The above minima apply to each individual ticket, irrespective of the number of tickets exchanged for one order.

REGULATION 30

Substitute the following for paragraph (2):

(2) The minimum charges for residential season tickets are:

	First class	Second class	Third class
Suburban.....	R 1,00	R —	c 37
Not suburban.....	1,40	1,15	50

No. R. 1388

4 July 1980

The State President has, in terms of section 32 of the Railways and Harbours Service Act, 1960 (Act 22 of 1960), been pleased to approve of the South African Railways Staff Regulations, published in Government Notice R. 1045 of 15 July 1960, as amended, being further amended as follows:

SOUTH AFRICAN RAILWAYS

STAFF REGULATIONS

SCHEDULE OF AMENDMENT

(Operative from 5 February 1980)

REGULATION 45

Insert the following paragraph (5) (d):

(d) a Colonel, a Brigadier or a Major-General must have served twenty five years as a commissioned officer or five years in the rank of Colonel, Brigadier or Major-General;.

No. R. 1389

4 Julie 1980

Dit het die Staatspresident behaag om kragtens artikel 32 van die Wet op Spoerweg- en Hawediens, 1960 (Wet 22 van 1960), goedkeuring daaraan te verleen dat die Personeelregulasies van die Suid-Afrikaanse Spoorweë, gepubliseer in Goewermentskennisgewing R. 1045 van 15 Julie 1960, soos gewysig, soos volg verder gewysig word:

SUID-AFRIKAANSE SPOORWEË
PERSONEELREGULASIES
WYSIGINGSLYS
(Van krag van 1 Maart 1980)

REGULASIE 1

In paragraaf (2), onder die opskrif "departementshoof", vervang "'n tegniese hoofamptenaar" deur "'n hoofingenieur in die Hoofkantoor".

REGULASIE 2

In paragraaf (2) (c), vervang "'n tegniese hoofamptenaar" deur "'n hoofingenieur in die Hoofkantoor".

REGULASIE 3

In paragraaf (2), vervang "'n tegniese hoofamptenaar" deur "'n hoofingenieur in die Hoofkantoor".

REGULASIE 155

In paragraaf (1), onder die opskrif "die Hoofbestuurder se Departement", vervang "'n tegniese hoofamptenaar" deur "'n hoofingenieur in die Hoofkantoor".

REGULASIE 179

In paragraaf (1), onder die opskrif "Ampenaar teen wie se beslissing daar geappelleer word", binne die hakie teenoor "die Hoofbestuurder", vervang "'n tegniese hoofamptenaar" deur "'n hoofingenieur in die Hoofkantoor".

No. R. 1390

4 Julie 1980

Dit het die Staatspresident behaag om kragtens artikel 32 van die Wet op Spoerweg- en Hawediens, 1960 (Wet 22 van 1960), goedkeuring daaraan te verleen dat die Personeelregulasies van die Suid-Afrikaanse Spoorweë, gepubliseer in Goewermentskennisgewing R. 1045 van 15 Julie 1960, soos gewysig, soos volg verder gewysig word:

SUID-AFRIKAANSE SPOORWEË
PERSONEELREGULASIES
WYSIGINGSLYS
(Van krag van 1 Mei 1980)

REGULASIE 39

Vervang paragrawe (a) en (b) deur die volgende:

(a) Blankes—

gedurende die eerste jaar diens: R120;
gedurende die tweede jaar diens: R80;
gedurende die derde jaar diens: R40;
gedurende 'n daaropvolgende jaar diens: R30.

(b) Nie-Blanke—

gedurende die eerste jaar diens—vir elke maand wat nie in daardie diensjaar voltooi is nie: R2;
na voltooiing van 12 maande diens: R2.

No. R. 1389

4 July 1980

The State President has, in terms of section 32 of the Railways and Harbours Service Act, 1960 (Act 22 of 1960), been pleased to approve of the South African Railways Staff Regulations, published in Government Notice R. 1045 of 15 July 1960, as amended, being further amended as follows:

SOUTH AFRICAN RAILWAYS
STAFF REGULATIONS
SCHEDULE OF AMENDMENT
(Operative from 1 March 1980)

REGULATION 1

In paragraph (2), under the heading "head of department", substitute "a Chief Engineer at Headquarters" for "a Chief Technical Officer".

REGULATION 2

In paragraph (2) (c), substitute "a Chief Engineer at Headquarters" for "a Chief Technical Officer".

REGULATION 3

In paragraph (2), substitute "a Chief Engineer at Headquarters" for "a Chief Technical Officer".

REGULATION 155

In paragraph (1), under the heading "General Manager's Department" substitute "a Chief Engineer at Headquarters" for "a Chief Technical Officer".

REGULATION 179

In paragraph (1), under the heading "*Officer whose decision appealed against*", within the bracket opposite "the General Manager", substitute "a Chief Engineer at Headquarters" for "a Chief Technical Officer".

No. R. 1390

4 July 1980

The State President has, in terms of section 32 of the Railways and Harbours Service Act, 1960 (Act 22 of 1960), been pleased to approve of the South African Railways Staff Regulations, published in Government Notice R. 1045 of 15 July 1960, as amended, being further amended as follows:

SOUTH AFRICAN RAILWAYS
STAFF REGULATIONS
SCHEDULE OF AMENDMENT
(Operative from 1 May 1980)

REGULATION 39

Substitute the following for paragraphs (a) and (b):

(a) Whites—

during the first year of service: R120;
during the second year of service: R80;
during the third year of service: R40;
during any subsequent year of service: R30.

(b) Non-Whites—

during the first year of service—for each month not completed in that year of service: R2;
after completion of 12 months' service: R2.

No. R. 1391

4 Julie 1980

Dit het die Staatspresident behaag om kragtens artikel 32 van die Wet op Spoorweg- en Hawediens, 1960 (Wet 22 van 1960), goedkeuring daarvan te verleen dat die Personeelregulasies van die Suid-Afrikaanse Spoerweë, gepubliseer in Goewermentskennisgewing R. 1045 van 15 Julie 1960, soos gewysig, soos volg verder gewysig word:

SUID-AFRIKAANSE SPOORWEË

PERSONEELREGULASIES

WYSIGINGSLYS

(Van krag van die betaalmaand April 1980)

REGULASIE 1

In paragraaf (8), vervang "R12 210" deur "R13 800".

REGULASIE 2

In paragraaf (2) (a) (i) en (ii), vervang "R23 700" deur "R30 300".

In paragraaf (2) (b) (i) (a), vervang "R16 710" deur "R19 800".

In paragraaf (2) (b) (i) (b), vervang "R23 700" deur "R30 300".

In paragraaf (2) (b) (ii), vervang "R17 700" deur "R22 200".

In paragraaf (2) (b) (iii), vervang "R16 710" deur "R19 800".

In paragraaf (2) (c) (i) (a), vervang "R15 000" deur "R17 280".

In paragraaf (2) (c) (i) (b), vervang "R17 700" deur "R22 200".

In paragraaf (2) (c) (ii), vervang "R11 385" deur "R12 810".

In paragraaf (2) (d) (i) (a), vervang "R11 385" deur "R12 810".

In paragraaf (2) (d) (i) (b), vervang "R15 000" deur "R17 280".

In paragraaf (2) (d) (ii), vervang "R9 150" deur "R10 380".

In paragraaf (2) (e) (i) (a) en (b), vervang "R11 385" deur "R12 810".

In paragraaf (2) (e) (ii), vervang "R7 779" deur "R8 745".

In paragraaf (2) (f) (i) (a) en (b), vervang "R11 385" deur "R12 810".

In paragraaf (2) (f) (ii), vervang "R7 779" deur "R8 745".

In paragraaf (2) (g) (i) (a) en (b), vervang "R6 861" deur "R7 725".

In paragraaf (2) (g) (ii), vervang "R7 779" deur "R8 745".

REGULASIE 5

In paragraaf (2), vervang "R16 710" deur "R19 800".

REGULASIE 43

In paragraaf (5) (a), vervang "R16 710" deur "R19 800".

REGULASIE 47

In paragraaf (4), vervang "R6 861" deur "R7 725".

REGULASIE 50

In paragraaf (5), vervang "R16 710" deur "R19 800".

REGULASIE 88

In paragraaf (1), vervang "R3 357" deur "R3 795", "R3 358" deur "R3 796" en "R4 881" deur "R5 505" waar daardie bedrae ook al voorkom.

No. R. 1391

4 July 1980

The State President has, in terms of section 32 of the Railways and Harbours Service Act, 1960 (Act 22 of 1960); been pleased to approve of the South African Railways Staff Regulations, published in Government Notice R. 1045 of 15 July 1960, as amended, being further amended as follows:

SOUTH AFRICAN RAILWAYS

STAFF REGULATIONS

SCHEDULE OF AMENDMENT
(Operative from the April 1980 paymonth)

REGULATION 1

In paragraph (8), substitute "R13 800" for "R12 210".

REGULATION 2

In paragraph (2) (a) (i) and (ii), substitute "R30 300" for "R23 700".

In paragraph (2) (b) (i) (a), substitute "R19 800" for "R16 710".

In paragraph (2) (b) (i) (b), substitute "R30 300" for "R23 700".

In paragraph (2) (b) (ii), substitute "R22 200" for "R17 700".

In paragraph (2) (b) (iii), substitute "R19 800" for "R16 710".

In paragraph (2) (c) (i) (a), substitute "R17 280" for "R15 000".

In paragraph (2) (c) (i) (b), substitute "R22 200" for "R17 700".

In paragraph (2) (c) (ii), substitute "R12 810" for "R11 385".

In paragraph (2) (d) (i) (a), substitute "R12 810" for "R11 385".

In paragraph (2) (d) (i) (b), substitute "R17 280" for "R15 000".

In paragraph (2) (d) (ii), substitute "R10 380" for "R9 150".

In paragraph (2) (e) (i) (a) and (b), substitute "R12 810" for "R11 385".

In paragraph (2) (e) (ii), substitute "R8 745" for "R7 779".

In paragraph (2) (f) (i) (a) and (b), substitute "R12 810" for "R11 385".

In paragraph (2) (f) (ii), substitute "R8 745" for "R7 779".

In paragraph (2) (g) (i) (a) and (b), substitute "R7 725" for "R6 861".

In paragraph (2) (g) (ii), substitute "R8 745" for "R7 779".

REGULATION 5

In paragraph (2), substitute "R19 800" for "R16 710".

REGULATION 43

In paragraph (5) (a), substitute "R19 800" for "R16 710".

REGULATION 47

In paragraph (4), substitute "R7 725" for "R6 861".

REGULATION 50

In paragraph (5), substitute "R19 800" for "R16 710".

REGULATION 88

In paragraph (1), substitute "R3 795" for "R3 357", "R3 796" for "R3 358" and "R5 505" for "R4 881" wherever those amounts occur.

In paragraaf (3), vervang "R5 493" deur "R6 180" en "R6 861" deur "R7 725" waar daardie bedrae ook al voorkom.

REGULASIE 130

In paragraaf (3), vervang "R12 210" deur "R13 800" en "R19 200" deur "R25 200" waar daardie bedrae ook al voorkom.

REGULASIE 131

In paragraaf (2), vervang "R6 099" deur "R6 870" waar hierdie bedrag ook al voorkom.

DEPARTEMENT VAN Vervoer

No. R. 1366 4 Julie 1980

WYSIGING VAN DIE REGULASIES IN VERBAND MET DIE WELSYN VAN SEELUI, 1961

Die Minister van Vervoerwese het kragtens artikel 356 van die Handelskeepvaartwet, 1951 (Wet 57 van 1951), die regulasies in die Bylae hierby uitgevaardig.

BYLAE

1. In hierdie Bylae, tensy uit die samehang anders blyk, beteken die uitdrukking "die Regulasies" die Regulasies in verband met die Welsyn van Seelui, 1961, afgekondig by Goewermentskennisgewing R. 898 van 27 Oktober 1961, soos gewysig by Goewermentskennisgewings R. 1367 van 24 Augustus 1962, R. 545 van 7 April 1966, R. 1515 van 29 September 1967 en R. 486 van 30 Maart 1973.

2. Regulasie 4 van die Regulasies word hierby gewysig deur die uitdrukking "ses rand" deur die uitdrukking "R10,00" te vervang.

3. Hierdie regulasies tree in werking op 25 Julie 1980.

In paragraph (3), substitute "R6 180" for "R5 493" and "R7 725" for "R6 861" wherever those amounts occur.

REGULATION 130

In paragraph (3), substitute "R13 800" for "R12 210" and "R25 200" for "R19 200" wherever those amounts occur.

REGULATION 131

In paragraph (2), substitute "R6 870" for "R6 099" wherever this amount occurs.

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORT

No. R. 1366 4 July 1980

AMENDMENT OF THE SEAMEN'S WELFARE REGULATIONS, 1961

The Minister of Transport Affairs has, in terms of section 356 of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1951 (Act 57 of 1951), made the regulations in the Schedule hereto.

SCHEDULE

1. In this Schedule, unless the context otherwise indicates, the expression "the Regulations" means the Seamen's Welfare Regulations, 1961, promulgated by Government Notice R. 898 of 27 October 1961, as amended by Government Notices R. 1367 of 24 August 1962, R. 545 of 7 April 1966, R. 1515 of 29 September 1967 and R. 486 of 30 March 1973.

2. Regulation 4 of the Regulations is hereby amended by the substitution for the expression "six rand" of the expression "R10,00."

3. These regulations shall come into operation on 25 July 1980.

DIE BLOMPLANTE VAN AFRIKA

Hierdie publikasie word uitgegee as 'n geïllustreerde reeks, baie na die aard van Curtis se "Botanical Magazine". Die doel van die werk is om die skoonheid en variasie van vorm van die flora van Afrika aan die leser bekend te stel, om belangstelling in die studie en kweek van die inheemse plante op te wek, en om plantkunde in die algemeen te bevorder.

Die meeste van die illustrasies word deur kunstenaars van die Navorsingsinstituut vir Plantkunde gemaak, dog die redakteur verwelkom gesikte bydraes van 'n wetenskaplike en kunsstandaard afkomstig van verwante inrigtings.

Onder huidige omstandighede word twee dele van die werk gelyktydig gepubliseer, maar met onregelmatige tussenpose; elke deel bevat tien kleurplate. Intekengeld bedra R5 per deel (buiteland R5,25 per deel): Vier dele per band. Vanaf band 27 is die prys per band in linne gebind R30; in moroccoleer gebind R35. (Buiteland, linne gebind R31; moroccoleer R36).

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This publication is issued as an illustrated serial, much on the same lines as Curtis's Botanical Magazine, and for imitating which no apology need be tendered.

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The illustrations are prepared mainly by the artists at the Botanical Research Institute, but the Editor welcomes contributions of suitable artistic and scientific merit from kindred institutions.

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