



English Edition

# Official Gazette

of the  
**Protectorate of South West Africa**  
in Military Occupation of the Union Forces

Published by Authority

Price 3d.

Windhuk, 1st April 1916.

No. 8

### Proclamations

BY HIS HONOUR EDMOND HOWARD LACAM GORGES, A MEMBER OF THE ROYAL VICTORIAN ORDER, ADMINISTRATOR OF THE PROTECTORATE OF SOUTH WEST AFRICA IN MILITARY OCCUPATION OF THE UNION FORCES.

No. 1, 1916.]

WHEREAS it is necessary to increase in certain respects the tariffs of customs and excise duties set forth in Acts 26 of 1914, (Customs Tariff Act 1914), as amended by Act 22 of 1915, and 37 of 1913, (Excise and Customs Tariff Amendment Act 1913), of the Union of South Africa, which Acts and the tariffs imposed thereunder were made applicable to this Protectorate by Proclamations 6 of 1915 and 15 of 1915 dated the 16th July and 20th September 1915 respectively:

NOW THEREFORE I do hereby proclaim, declare and make known that the Customs duty imposed on spirits imported into the Protectorate as set forth in Item 44 of the First Schedule to Act No. 26 of 1914, and the Excise duty on spirits manufactured in the Protectorate, as set forth in Part 1 of the First Schedule to Act 37 of 1913, shall be and is hereby increased by an amount of 26 per Imperial gallon in respect of each article liable for duty or manufactured respectively, as the case may be, as from 1st April, 1916.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

Given under my hand at Windhuk this 31st day of March, 1916.

E. H. L. GORGES  
Administrator.

No. 5, 1916.]

WHEREAS it has been found necessary to amend in certain respects the provisions of Proclamation No. 3 of 1916 by which the Provisions of Proclamation No. 11 of 1915 as amended by Proclamation No. 23 of 1915 were further amended.

NOW THEREFORE under and by virtue of the authority in me vested I do hereby declare and make known as follows:

Section 2 of Proclamation 3 of 1916 shall be and is hereby amended by the deletion of all the words after „shall“ in the 4th line thereof and the substitution therefor of the words „if directed thereto by the Crown Prosecutor try a member of the Union Forces in respect of an offence which were it committed in the Union of South Africa would be cognisable by the ordinary Criminal Courts of the said Union or of an offence against the Provisions of any Proclamation or Martial Law Regulation issued in the Protectorate.“

GOD SAVE THE KING.

Given under my hand at Windhuk this 31st day of March, 1916.

E. H. L. GORGES  
Administrator.

## GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

The following Government Notices are published for general information. ~~That marked with an asterisk (\*) has already been issued in poster form on the date indicated at the head of the notice.~~

J. COLLIE

Secretary for the Protectorate.

Administrator's Office,  
Windhuk, 31st March, 1916.

No. 17.] [31st March, 1916.

### REMITTANCES TO ENEMY TERRITORY.

It has come to notice that attempts are being made by persons in this Protectorate to forward remittances directly or indirectly to enemy territory.

It is accordingly notified for general information that apart from any action which may be taken against the remitters under the King's Proclamations relating to trading with the enemy, all Bank Notes, Drafts etc. transmitted contrary to the terms of the said Proclamations will be detained by the Government until the conclusion of hostilities.

No. 18.] [31st March, 1916.

### MARTIAL LAW REGULATION.

Regulation No. 45 issued under Martial Law by and with the approval of HIS HONOUR THE ADMINISTRATOR, with effect from and after the date of publication.

#### CENSORSHIP.

45. Correspondence intended for enemy countries must be confined solely to personal or domestic matters and be expressed as briefly as possible and should not exceed two pages of ordinary notepaper in length.

Letters which do not comply with these conditions will in addition to any penalty which may be incurred

under any law, proclamation or regulation in force this Protectorate be liable to confiscation by the censors.

Letters in the German language should be written in Roman characters.

Letters and postal packages for any town or place outside the place of residence of the sender shall be sent through the post and in no other way.

Letters intended for enemy countries shall not be addressed to any person except one or other of the undermentioned intermediaries and ~~if a reply is required~~ must contain international reply paid coupons, which are obtainable at all Post Offices in the Protectorate.

The intermediaries in addition to the firm or persons mentioned in Government Notice No. 22 of 1915 are:

1. The Société Internationale de la Croix Rouge, Geneva, Switzerland.
2. The Bureau Internationale de la Paix, Bern, Switzerland.

Telegrams must be clearly written in the English language.

Any telegram, the contents of which appear to be intended to convey a hidden meaning or which appear to be written in code, shall be liable to confiscation.

The burden of proving any fact which would be a defence to a charge of contravening this Regulation or Martial Law Regulation No. 13 shall lie upon the person charged.

Anything in Martial Law Regulation No. 13 which is in conflict with this Regulation shall be deemed to be and is hereby repealed.

---

## GENERAL NOTICE.

[31st March, 1916.

### ESCAPE OF PRISONER OF WAR.

A reward of three pounds sterling (£3) will be paid to any person for any information that will lead to the capture of the escaped prisoner of war described hereunder, who escaped from the Internment Camp, Aus, on the night of the 12th March at 9.30.

Any person who harbours or in any manner whatsoever assists this escaped prisoner of war to evade re-capture shall be guilty of an offence and will be severely dealt with under Martial Law.

#### Description.

Name: Gustav Stern. Height: 5ft 10½ ins.  
Weight: 155 lbs. Complexion: Ruddy.  
Hair: Brown. Eyes: Brown. Marks: Nil.  
Age: 25. Remarks: Wearing Khaki drill trousers and shirt.