RAPE: Should you withdraw a rape case?

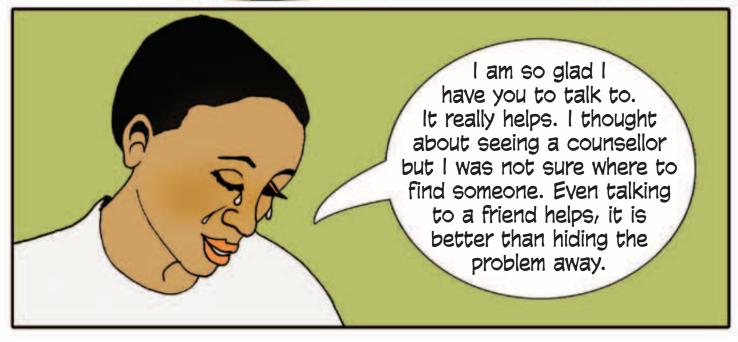














WHAT TO DO IF YOU ARE RAPED

Keep the evidence:

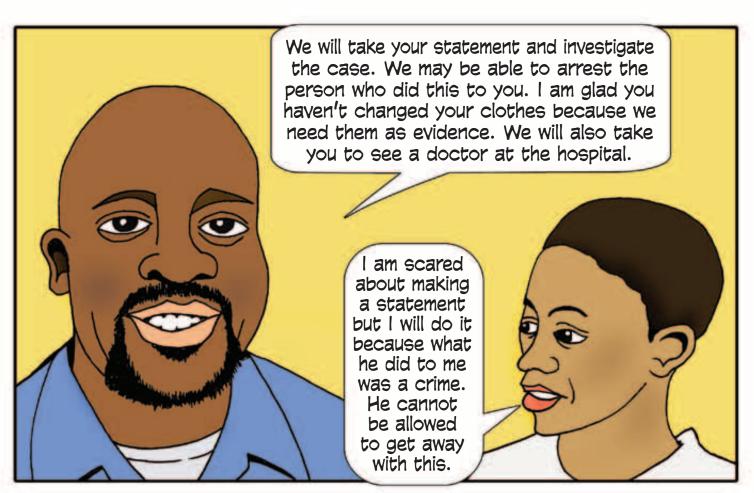
- Do not wash yourself.
- Do not change your clothes.
- Do not tidy up the place where the rape happened.
- Wrap any evidence in paper. Do not put it in a plastic bag.

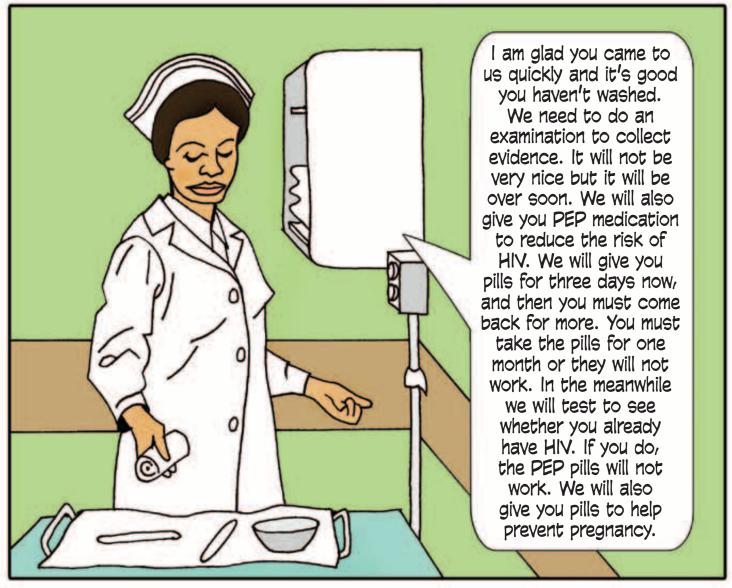
Go to the police or a Woman and Child Protection Unit

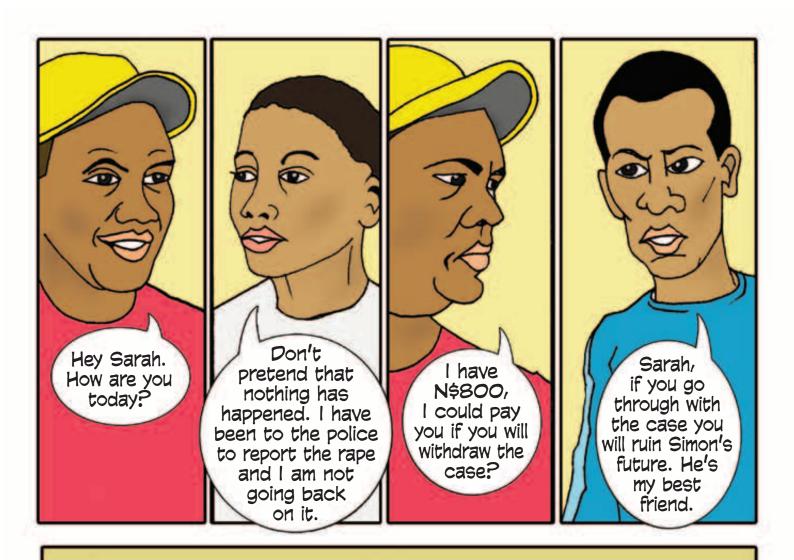
You should report the rape to the police so that the person who raped you can be caught. Your information will be kept private. Even the trial is private.

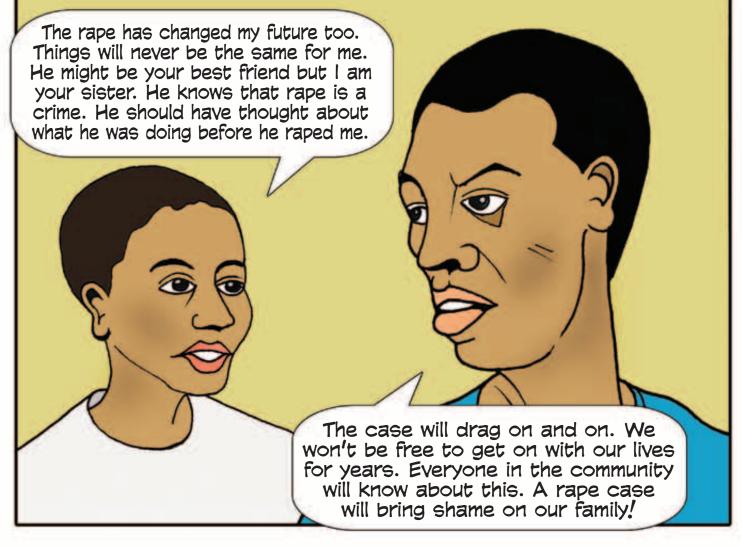
Go to a doctor, clinic or hospital

You should see a doctor or nurse as soon as possible. The doctor can give you medication to prevent HIV infection and sexually transmitted infections, and medication to prevent you from becoming pregnant from the rape.

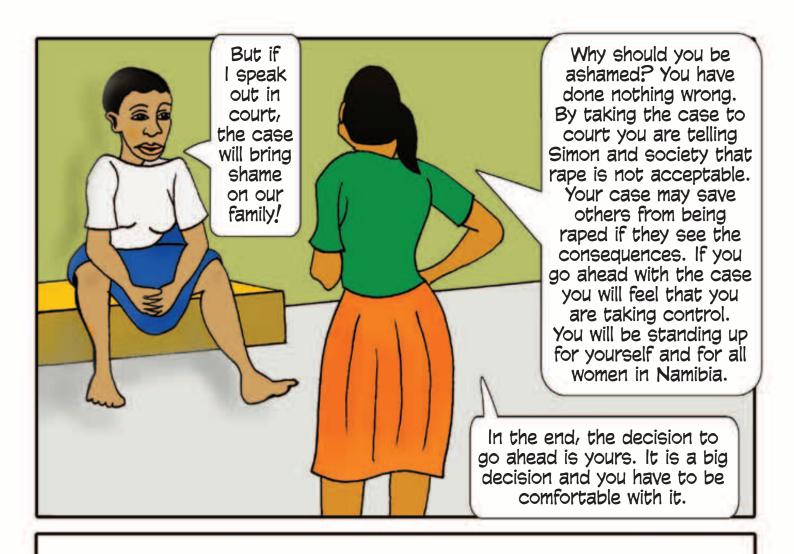












DO YOU

... HAVE A QUESTION? ... HAVE A COMMENT?

CONTACT US!

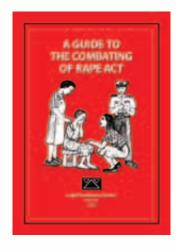
SMS: 081-6000098

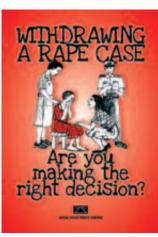
Email: comic@lac.org.na

Fax: 088-613693

Post: P.O. Box 604 Windhoek

We would like to hear your feedback about this comic. For more information about the Combating of Rape Act, withdrawing a rape case, or to obtain copies of our publications, please contact the Legal Assistance Centre.





Rape case withdrawals can have serious consequences for individual women, their communities and society at large. If you are thinking of withdrawing a rape case, please think about the decision carefully. Before you make your decision, discuss it with a social worker, a counsellor or someone that you trust. Once you have all the relevant information, you can make the decision that is right for you.

FOUR REASONS NOT TO WITHDRAW A RAPE CASE

1. THE PERSON WHO RAPED YOU SHOULD BE PUNISHED.

Rape is a serious crime with a serious sentence. The Combating of Rape Act says that the minimum punishment for a rape is 5, 10 or 15 years in prison — depending on the circumstances of the rape. If the person who raped you goes free, he or she may rape someone else.

2. THE PERSON WHO RAPED YOU NEEDS TO BE TOLD THAT RAPE IS NOT ACCEPTABLE IN NAMIBIA.

By taking the case to court, you are sending a message to the perpetrator and society that rape is not acceptable. The punishment is also an example to other people who might commit a similar crime.

3. YOU ARE TAKING CONTROL OF THE SITUATION.

Many rape survivors feel that the rape has taken away all of their power. By taking the case to court, you are taking back control of your life.

4. YOU ARE ABLE TO TELL YOUR STORY.

In the hearing, the court listens to the facts about what happened. You will have a chance to give your account of what the rapist did to you. You are able to show the rapist that you are not a victim of the crime but a survivor.

TELEPHONE NUMBERS FOR WOMAN AND CHILD PROTECTION UNITS, 2010		
	1	_
Region	City/town	Telephone number
Caprivi	Katima Mulilo	066-251215
Erongo	Walvis Bay	064-219068
Hardap	Mariental	063-345000
Hardap	Rehoboth	062-523223 (NamPol)
Karas	Keetmanshoop	063-221826
Karas	Lüderitz	063-203668
Kavango	Rundu	066-266300 (NamPol)
Khomas	Windhoek	061-20952375 or 2095374
Kunene	Opuwo	065-273148 ext. 138
Ohangwena	Eenhana	065-264204
Omaheke	Gobabis	062-566144
Omusati	Outapi	065-251863
Oshana	Oshakati	065-2236056 or 2230657
Oshikoto	Tsumeb	067 2235053
Otjozondjupa	Otjiwarongo	067-300625

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Text: ANNE JOYCE

Illustrations, design and layout:

DUDLEY VIALL and PERRI CAPLAN

Project supervision:
RACHEL COOMER and
DIANNE HUBBARD

Fundina:

DUTCH MINISTRY OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS, MDG3 FUND

Printing:

JOHN MEINERT PRINTING (PTY) LTD

Publisher:

GENDER RESEARCH & ADVOCACY PROJECT, LEGAL ASSISTANCE CENTRE, 2010