



Republic of Namibia
Annotated Statutes

REGULATIONS

REGULATIONS MADE IN TERMS OF

Allied Health Professions Act 7 of 2004
section 55 read with section 19(1)

**Regulations relating to the Minimum Requirements of Study
for Registration as a Homoeopath**

Government Notice 74 of 2011

(GG 4730)

came into force on date of publication: 8 June 2011

The Government Notice which publishes these regulations notes that they were made on the recommendation of the Allied Health Professions Council of Namibia.

ARRANGEMENT OF REGULATIONS

1. Definitions
2. Minimum qualifications required for registration as a homoeopath

Definitions

1. In these regulations, unless the context otherwise indicates, a word or expression defined in the Act has that meaning, and -

“the Act” means the Allied Health Professions Act, 2004 (Act No. 7 of 2004).

Minimum qualifications required for registration as a homoeopath

2. (1) Subject to compliance with the other requirements prescribed by or under the Act, a person who is the holder of any of the following qualifications may be registered by the Council as a homoeopath:

REGULATIONS
Allied Health Professions Act 7 of 2004

Regulations relating to the Minimum Requirements of Study for Registration as a Homoeopath

<i>Educational Institution or Examining Authority and Country</i>	<i>Qualification</i>
University of Johannesburg (Formerly Technikon Witwatersrand)	Masters Degree in Technology: Homoeopathy
Durban University of Technology (Formerly Technikon Natal or Durban Institute of Technology)	Masters Degree in Technology: Homoeopathy
Durban University of Technology (Formerly Technikon Natal)	Masters Diploma in Technology: Homoeopathy

(2) A person who is not the holder of a qualification prescribed by subregulation (1), but is the holder of -

- (a) a Masters Degree in Technology: Homoeopathy; or
- (b) a Masters Diploma in Technology: Homoeopathy,

obtained at an educational institution, after the full time study for a period of not less than five years, may be registered, subject to subregulation (3), by the Council as a homoeopath.

(3) A person referred to in subregulation (2) may be registered by the Council to practise as a homoeopath if -

- (a) the educational institution at which he or she obtained the qualification is approved by the Council;
- (b) the registration authority responsible for the registration of persons to practise as homoeopaths in the country in which that person obtained the qualification, recognises that qualification for the registration of a person to practise as a homoeopath in that country; and
- (c) that person complies with the other requirements for registration as a homoeopath prescribed by or under the Act.